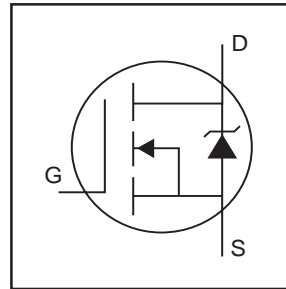


International  
**IR** Rectifier  
 HEXFET® Power MOSFET

PD - 91354A

# IRFZ24N

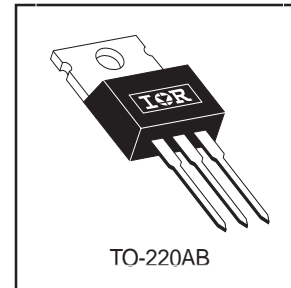
- Advanced Process Technology
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Fully Avalanche Rated



$V_{DSS} = 55V$
$R_{DS(on)} = 0.07\Omega$
$I_D = 17A$

### Description

Fifth Generation HEXFET® power MOSFETs from International Rectifier utilize advanced processing techniques to achieve the lowest possible on-resistance per silicon area. This benefit, combined with the fast switching speed and ruggedized device design that HEXFET power MOSFETs are well known for, provides the designer with an extremely efficient device for use in a wide variety of applications.



The TO-220 package is universally preferred for all commercial-industrial applications at power dissipation levels to approximately 50 watts. The low thermal resistance and low package cost of the TO-220 contribute to its wide acceptance throughout the industry.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

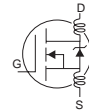
	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	17	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	12	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	68	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	45	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.30	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	71	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ①	10	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	4.5	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	5.0	V/ns
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw.	10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)	

### Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	—	3.3	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	—	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	62	

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	55	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.052	—	V/°C	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	0.07	$\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 10A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	4.5	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 10A$
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	25	$\mu A$	$V_{DS} = 55V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 44V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	—	20	nC	$I_D = 10A$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	5.3		$V_{DS} = 44V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	7.6		$V_{GS} = 10V$ , See Fig. 6 and 13 ④
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	4.9	—		$V_{DD} = 28V$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	34	—	ns	$I_D = 10A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	19	—		$R_G = 24\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	27	—		$R_D = 2.6\Omega$ , See Fig. 10 ④
$L_D$	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—		nH
$L_S$	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	370	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	140	—		$V_{DS} = 25V$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	65	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ , See Fig. 5



## Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	17	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	68		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 10A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ②
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	56	83	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 10A$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	120	180	nC	$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ④

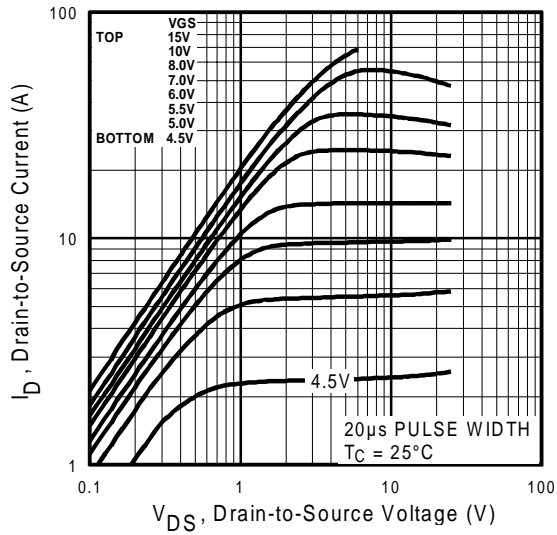
### Notes:

① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. ( See fig. 11 )

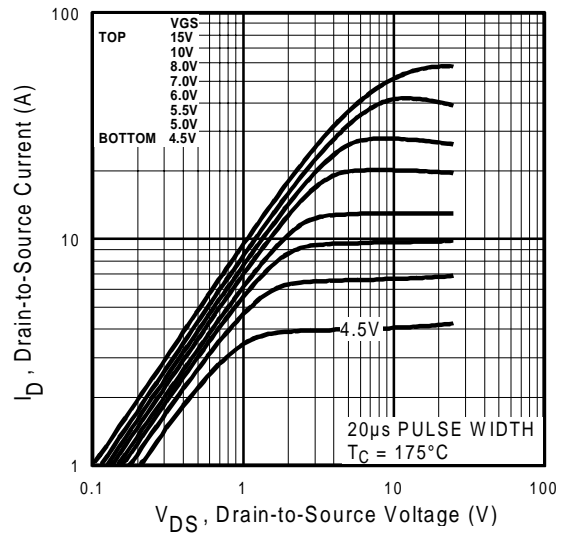
②  $V_{DD} = 25V$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 1.0\text{mH}$   
 $R_G = 25\Omega, I_{AS} = 10A$ . (See Figure 12)

③  $I_{SD} \leq 10A, di/dt \leq 280A/\mu s, V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}, T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$

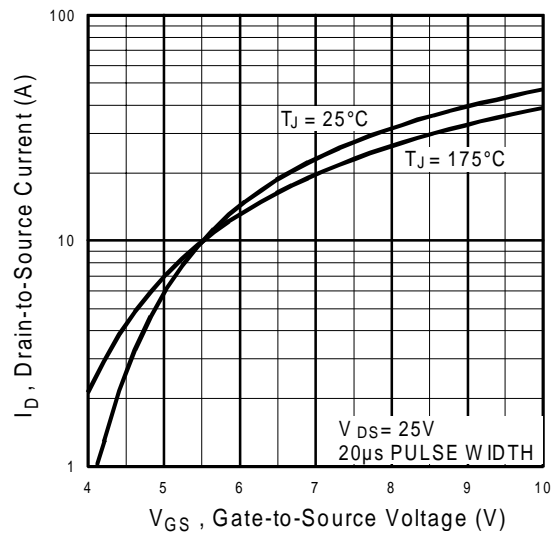
④ Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .



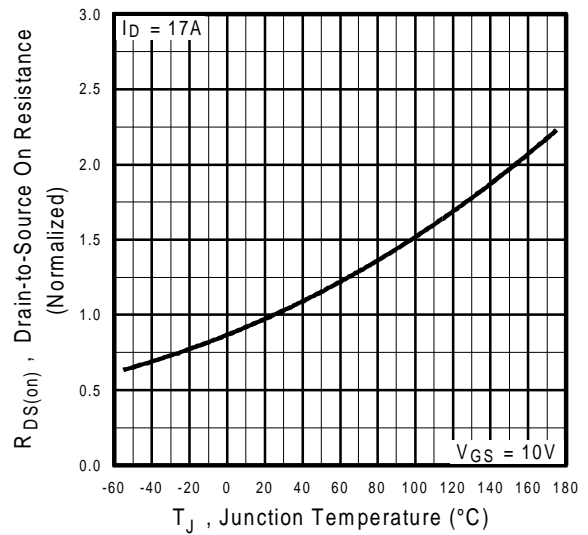
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics,  
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$



**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics,  
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$

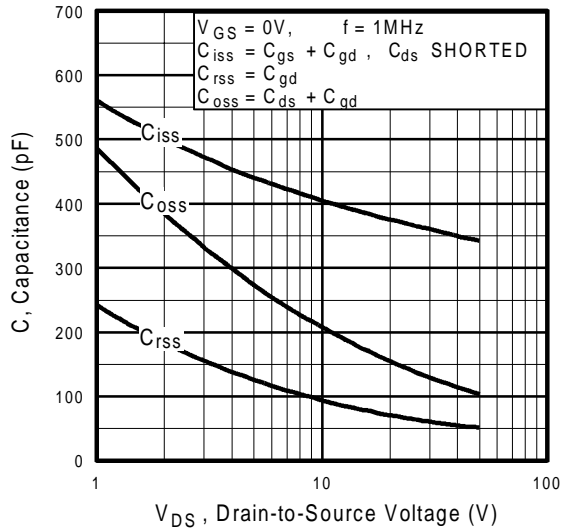


**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics

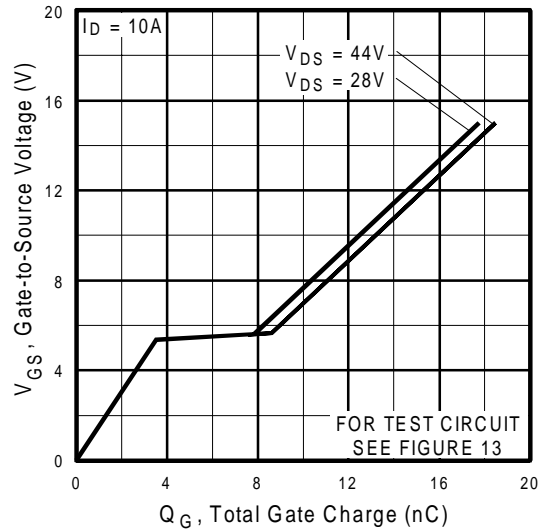


**Fig 4.** Normalized On-Resistance  
Vs. Temperature

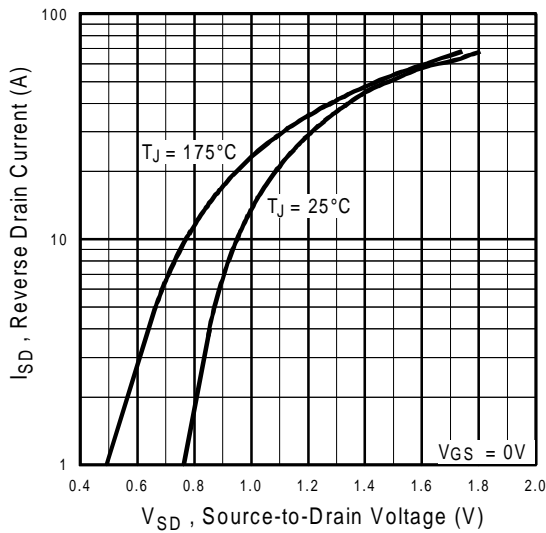
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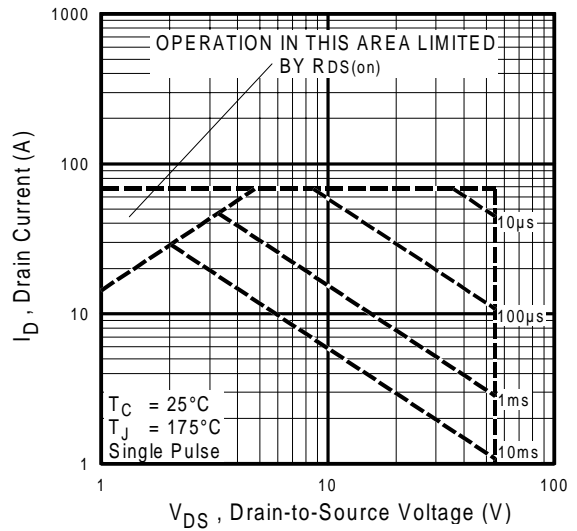
**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 6.** Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area

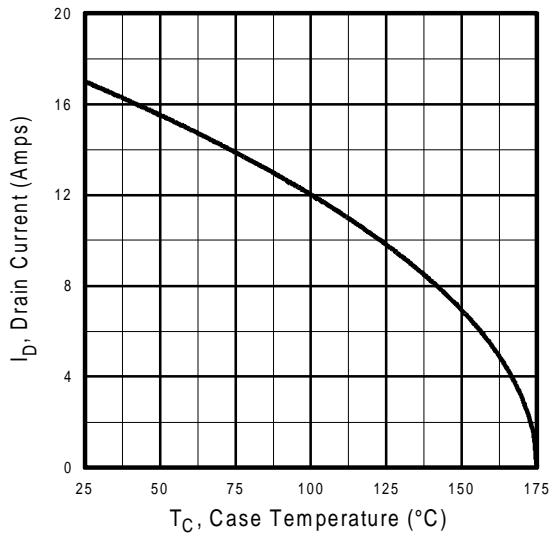


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

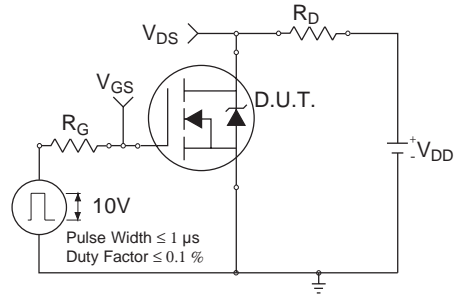


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

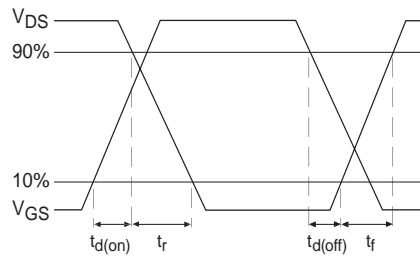


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

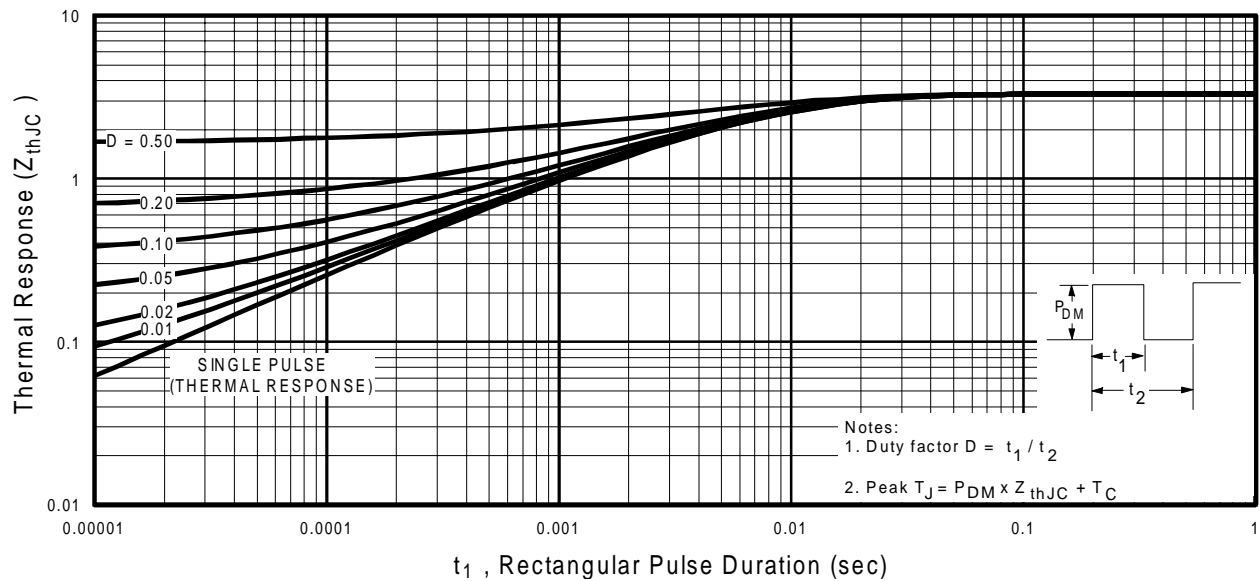
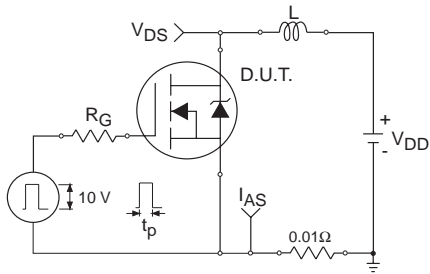
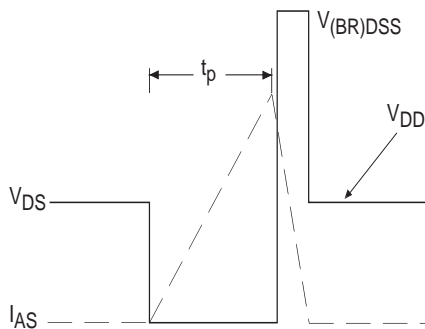


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

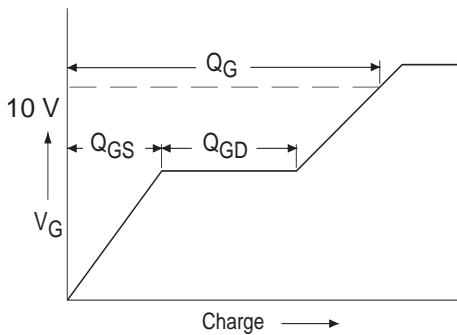
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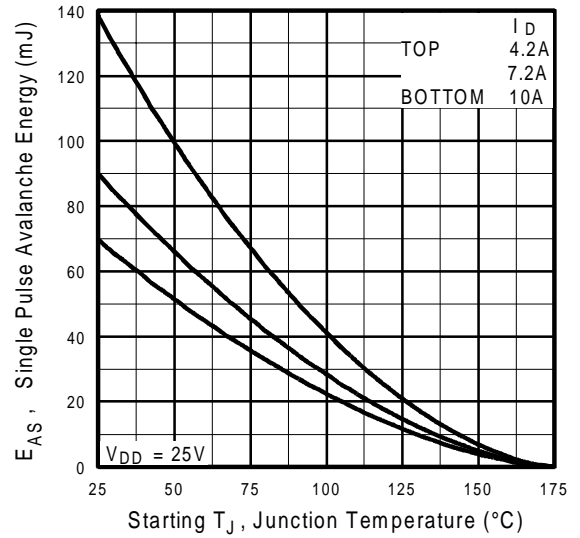
**Fig 12a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



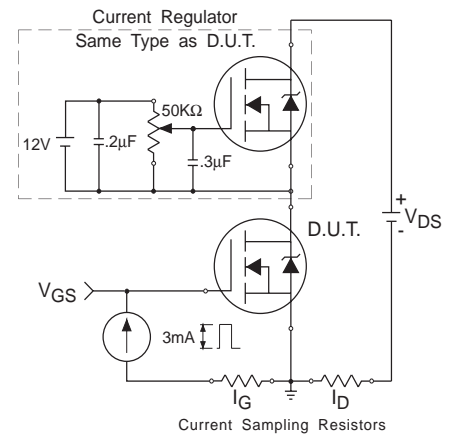
**Fig 12b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



**Fig 13a.** Basic Gate Charge Waveform

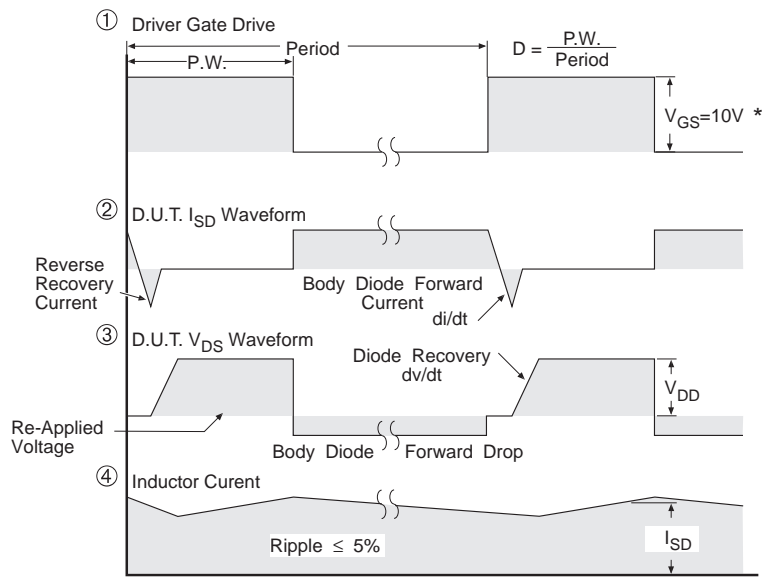


**Fig 12c.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current



**Fig 13b.** Gate Charge Test Circuit

**Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit**



\*  $V_{GS} = 5V$  for Logic Level Devices

**Fig 14.** For N-Channel HEXFET<sup>®</sup> power MOSFETs





Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:  
<http://www.irf.com/package/>