

CIPOS™ Mini IM535

IM535-U6D/IM535-U6DS

Description

The CIPOS™ IM535 product family offers the chance for integrating various power and control components to increase reliability and optimize PCB size and system cost. It is designed to control three-phase motors in variable speed drives. The package concept is specially adapted to power applications, which need good thermal conduction and electrical isolation, but also less EMI and overload protection. To deliver excellent electrical performance, Infineon's leading-edge TRENCHSTOP™ IGBTs and anti-parallel diodes are combined with an optimized SOI gate driver.

Features

Package

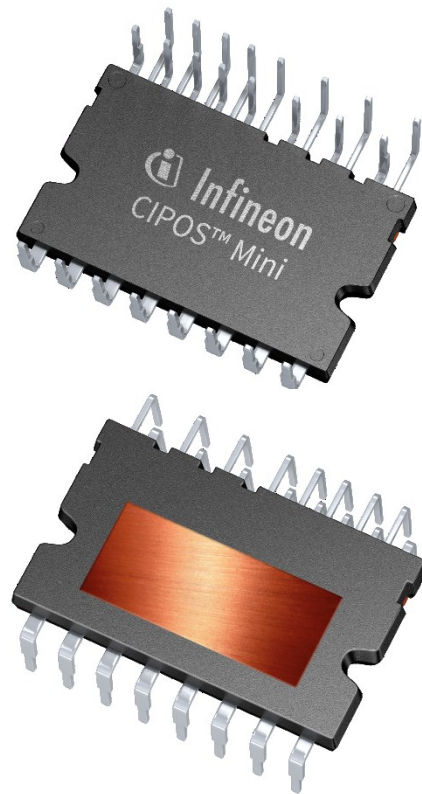
- Fully isolated dual in-line molded module
- Very low thermal resistance due to DCB substrate
- Lead-free terminal plating; RoHS compliant

Inverter

- TRENCHSTOP™ IGBTs for inverter
- Rugged SOI gate driver technology with stability against transient and negative voltage
- Allowable negative V_S potential up to -11 V for signal transmission at $V_{BS} = 15$ V
- Integrated bootstrap functionality
- Over-current shutdown
- Built-in NTC thermistor for temperature monitor
- Under-voltage lockout at all channels
- Low-side emitter pins accessible for phase current monitoring (open emitter)
- Sleep function
- Cross-conduction prevention
- All of 6 switches turn off during protection

Potential applications

- Home appliances, low power motor drives



Product validation

Product validation

Qualified for industrial applications according to the relevant tests of JEDEC47/20/22.

Table 1 Product Information

Base Part Number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Remarks
		Form	MOQ	
IM535-U6D	DIP 36x21D	14 pcs / Tube	280 pcs	
IM535-U6DS	DIP 36x21D	14 pcs / Tube	280 pcs	Extended stand-off

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1 Internal Electrical Schematic

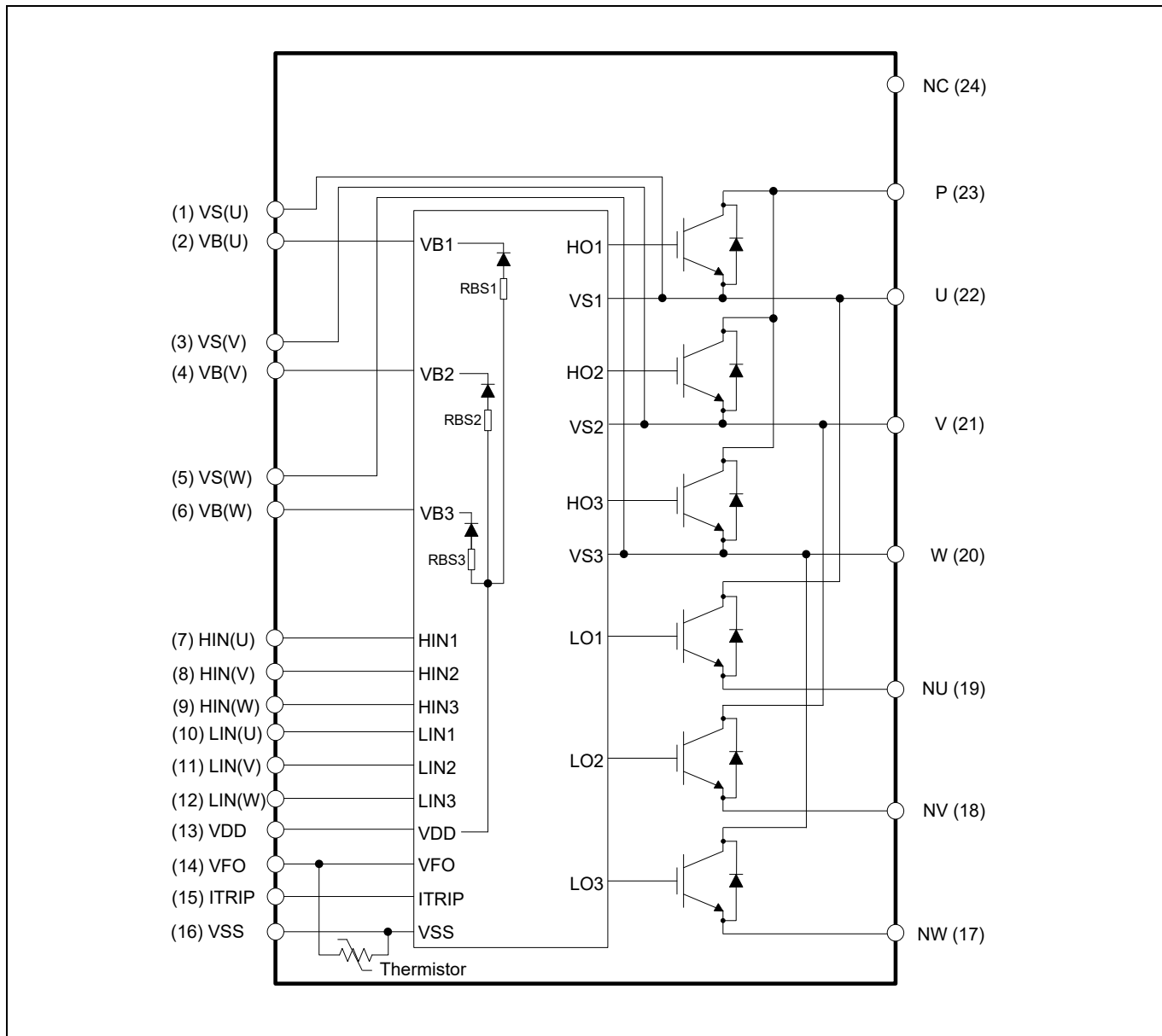


Figure 1 Internal electrical schematic

Pin Description

2 Pin Description

2.1 Pin Assignment

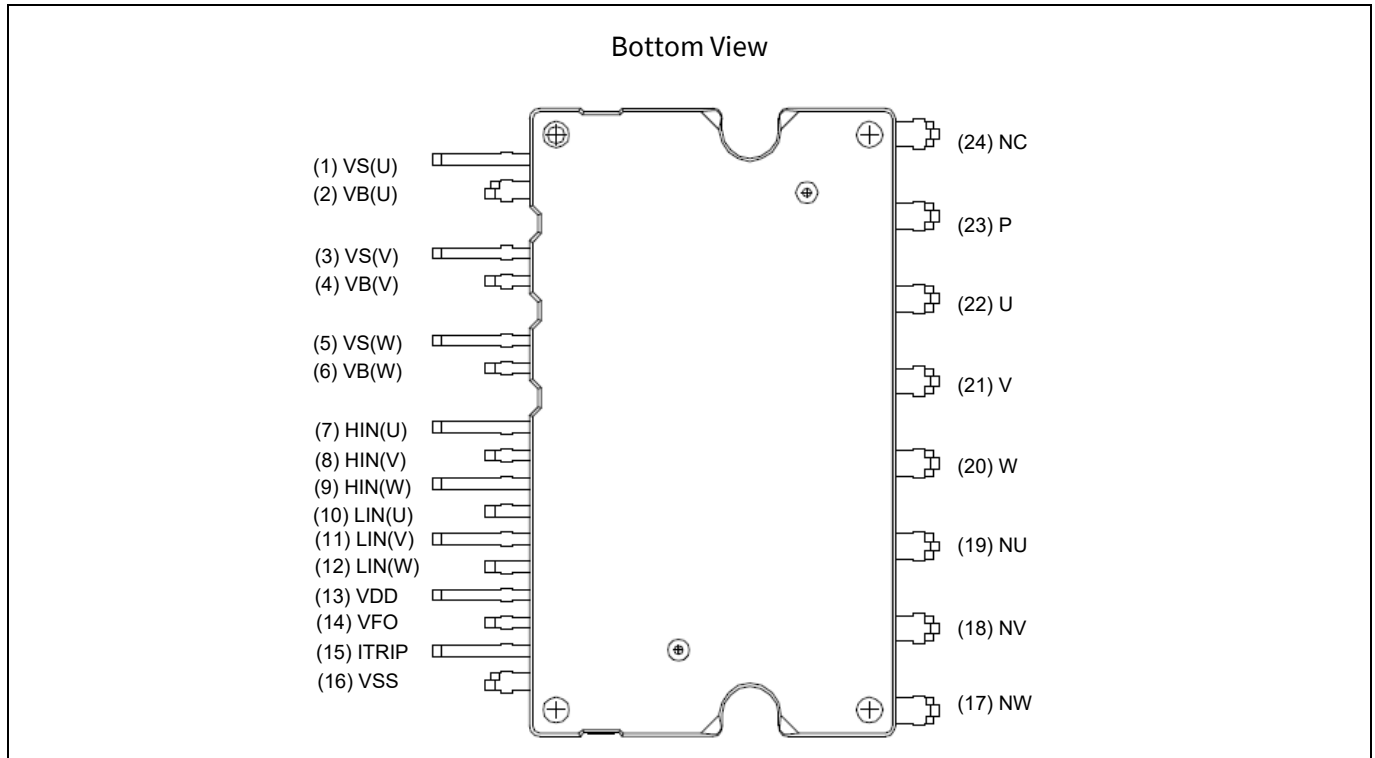


Figure 2 Pin configuration

Table 2 Pin assignment

Pin Number	Pin name	Pin Description
1	V _S (U)	U-phase high-side floating IC supply offset voltage
2	V _B (U)	U-phase high-side floating IC supply voltage
3	V _S (V)	V-phase high-side floating IC supply offset voltage
4	V _B (V)	V-phase high-side floating IC supply voltage
5	V _S (W)	W-phase high-side floating IC supply offset voltage
6	V _B (W)	W-phase high-side floating IC supply voltage
7	HIN(U)	U-phase high-side gate driver input
8	HIN(V)	V-phase high-side gate driver input
9	HIN(W)	W-phase high-side gate driver input
10	LIN(U)	U-phase low-side gate driver input
11	LIN(V)	V-phase low-side gate driver input
12	LIN(W)	W-phase low-side gate driver input
13	V _{DD}	Low-side control supply
14	V _{FO}	Fault output / temperature monitor
15	ITRIP	Over-current shutdown input
16	V _{SS}	Low-side control negative supply
17	NW	W-phase low-side emitter

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin name	Pin Description
18	NV	V-phase low-side emitter
19	NU	U-phase low-side emitter
20	W	Motor W-phase output
21	V	Motor V-phase output
22	U	Motor U-phase output
23	P	Positive bus input voltage
24	NC	No connection

2.2 Pin Description

HIN(U, V, W) and LIN(U, V, W) (Low-side and high-side control pins, Pin 7 - 12)

These pins are positive logic and they are responsible for the control of the integrated IGBTs. The Schmitt-trigger input thresholds of them are such to guarantee LSTTL and CMOS compatibility down to 3.3 V controller outputs. A pull-down resistor of about 5 kΩ is internally provided to pre-bias input during supply start-up, and a zener clamp is provided to protect the pin. Negative pulses down to an absolute minimum of -5.5 V are allowed that offers an outstanding robustness. Input Schmitt-trigger and noise filter provide noise rejection to short input pulses.

The noise filter suppresses control pulses shorter than the filter time $t_{FIL,IN}$. The Figure 4 describes how the filter works. An input pulse-width shorter than 1 μs is not recommended.

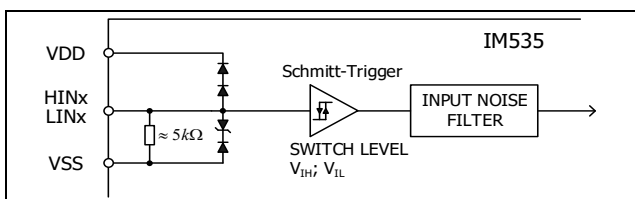


Figure 3 Input pin structure

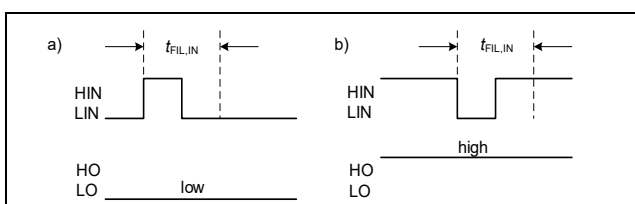


Figure 4 Input filter timing diagram

The integrated gate driver additionally provides a shoot-through prevention capability that avoids the simultaneous on-states of the same leg (i.e.

HO1 and LO1, HO2 and LO2, HO3 and LO3). When both inputs of the same leg are activated, only formerly activated one is remained activated so that the leg is kept steadily in a safe state.

A minimum deadtime insertion of typically 360 ns is also provided by driver, in order to reduce cross-conduction of the IGBTs.

V_{FO} (Fault-output and NTC, Pin 14)

The V_{FO} pin indicates a module failure in case of under voltage at pin V_{DD} or in case of triggered over-current detection at ITRIP. An external pull-up resistor is required.

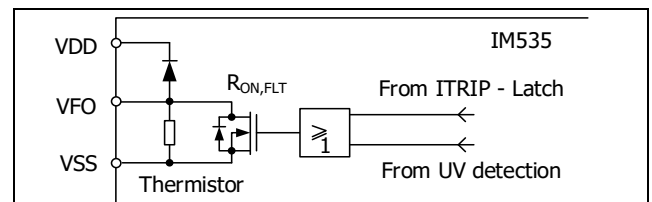


Figure 5 Internal circuit at pin V_{FO}

The sleep function is activated after each trigger of ITRIP or under-voltage lockout. A new edge input signal is mandatory to activate gate drives after fault-clear time as shown in Figure 10.

ITRIP (Over-current detection function, Pin 15)

The IM535 product family provides an over-current detection function by connecting the ITRIP input with the IGBT current feedback. The ITRIP comparator threshold (typ. 0.525 V) is referenced to V_{SS}. An input noise filter ($t_{ITRIPMIN}$ = typ. 300 ns) prevents the driver to detect false over-current events.

Over-current detection generates a shutdown of outputs of the gate driver. Fast track shutdown

Pin Description

function allows low-side outputs to be turned off faster than high side outputs about 200 ns.
The fault-clear time is set to minimum 100 μ s.

V_{DD} , V_{SS} (Low-side control supply and reference, Pin 13, 16)

V_{DD} is the control supply and it provides power both to input logic and to output stage. Input logic is referenced to V_{SS} ground.

The under-voltage circuit enables the device to operate at power on when a supply voltage of at least a typical voltage of $V_{DDUV+} = 12.4$ V is present.

The gate driver shuts down all the outputs, when the V_{DD} supply voltage is below $V_{DDUV-} = 11.5$ V. This prevents the IGBTs from critically low gate voltage levels during on-state and therefore from excessive power dissipation.

V_B (U, V, W) and V_S (U, V, W) (High-side supplies, Pin 1 - 6)

V_B to V_S is the high-side supply voltage. The high-side circuit can float with respect to V_{SS} following the high-side IGBT emitter voltage.

Due to the low power consumption, the floating driver stage is supplied by integrated bootstrap circuit.

The under-voltage detection operates with a rising supply threshold of typical $V_{BSUV+} = 11.5$ V and a falling threshold of $V_{BSUV-} = 10.7$ V.

V_S (U, V, W) provide a high robustness against negative voltage in respect of V_{SS} of -50 V transiently. This ensures very stable designs even under harsh conditions.

NW, NV, NU (Low-side emitter, Pin 17 - 19)

The low-side emitters are available for current measurement of each phase leg. It is recommended to keep the connection to pin V_{SS} as short as possible to avoid unnecessary inductive voltage drops.

W, V, U (High-side emitter and low-side collector, Pin 20 - 22)

These pins are connected to motor U, V, W input pins

P (Positive bus input voltage, Pin 23)

The high-side IGBTs are connected to the bus voltage. It is noted that the bus voltage does not exceed 450 V.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

($V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}$ and $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, if not stated otherwise)

3.1 Module Section

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Storage temperature range	T_{STG}		-40 ~ 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating case temperature	T_C	Refer to Figure 7	-40 ~ 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating junction temperature	T_J		-40 ~ 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Isolation test voltage	V_{ISO}	1 min, RMS, $f = 60\text{ Hz}$	2000	V

3.2 Inverter Section

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Max. blocking voltage	V_{CES}	$I_C = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	600	V
DC link supply voltage of P-N	V_{PN}	Applied between P-N	450	V
DC link supply voltage (surge) of P-N	$V_{PN(surge)}$	Applied between P-N	500	V
Continuous collector current	I_C	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_J < 150^\circ\text{C}$	± 30	A
		$T_C = 80^\circ\text{C}, T_J < 150^\circ\text{C}$	± 22	
Maximum peak collector current	$I_{C(peak)}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_J < 150^\circ\text{C}$ less than 1 ms	± 60	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P_{tot}		83.3	W
Short circuit withstand time ¹	t_{SC}	$V_{DC} \leq 400\text{V}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	5	μs

3.3 Control Section

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
High-side offset voltage	V_S		600	V
Repetitive peak reverse voltage of bootstrap diode	V_{RRM}		600	V
Module supply voltage	V_{DD}		-1 ~ 20	V
High-side floating supply voltage (V_B reference to V_S)	V_{BS}		-1 ~ 20	V
Input voltage(LIN, HIN, ITRIP)	V_{IN}		-1 ~ $V_{DD}+0.3$	V

¹ Allowed number of short circuits: < 1000; time between short circuits: > 1 s.

4 Thermal Characteristics

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Single IGBT thermal resistance, junction to case	R_{thJC}	Low-side U-phase (See Figure 7 for T_c measurement point)			1.49	K/W
Single diode thermal resistance, junction to case	$R_{thJC,D}$	Low-side U-phase			2.18	K/W

5 Recommended Operation Conditions

All voltages are absolute voltages referenced to V_{SS} -potential unless otherwise specified.

Description	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
DC link supply voltage of P-N	V_{PN}	0	300	450	V
Low-side supply voltage	V_{DD}	13	15	17.5	V
High-side floating supply voltage (V_B vs. V_S)	V_{BS}	13	-	17.5	V
Logic input voltages LIN, HIN, ITRIP	V_{IN} V_{ITRIP}	0	-	5	V
Inverter PWM carrier frequency	f_{PWM}	-	-	20	kHz
External deadtime between HIN and LIN	DT	2	-	-	μs
Voltage between V_{SS} – N (including surge)	V_{COMP}	-5	-	5	V
Minimum input pulse width	$PW_{IN(ON)}$ $PW_{IN(OFF)}$	1	-	-	μs
Control supply variation	ΔV_{BS} , ΔV_{DD}	-1 -1	- -	1 1	V/ μs

Static Parameters

6 Static Parameters

($V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}$ and $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, if not stated otherwise)

6.1 Inverter Section

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CE(Sat)}$	$I_C = 30\text{ A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 30\text{ A}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	1.8 2.05	2.1 -	V
Collector-emitter leakage current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$	-	-	1	mA
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$I_F = 30\text{ A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 30\text{ A}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	1.95 1.9	2.35 -	V

6.2 Control Section

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Logic "1" input voltage (LIN, HIN)	V_{IH}		1.7	2.0	2.3	V
Logic "0" input voltage (LIN, HIN)	V_{IL}		0.7	0.9	1.1	V
ITRIP positive going threshold	$V_{IT,TH+}$		475	525	570	mV
ITRIP input hysteresis	$V_{IT,HYS}$		45	70	-	mV
V_{DD} and V_{BS} supply under-voltage positive going threshold	V_{DDUV+}		11.5	12.4	13.1	V
	V_{BSUV+}		10.6	11.5	12.2	
V_{DD} and V_{BS} supply under-voltage negative going threshold	V_{DDUV-}		10.6	11.5	12.3	V
	V_{BSUV-}		9.7	10.7	11.7	
V_{DD} and V_{BS} supply under-voltage lockout hysteresis	V_{DDUVH} V_{BSUVH}		0.5	0.9	-	V
Quiescent V_{Bx} supply current (V_{Bx} only)	I_{QBS}	$H_{IN} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	300	μA
Quiescent V_{DD} supply current (V_{DD} only)	I_{QDD}	$L_{IN} = 0\text{ V}$, $H_{INX} = 5\text{ V}$	-	-	1.1	mA
Input bias current for LIN, HIN	I_{IN+}	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$	-	1.1	1.7	mA
Input bias current for ITRIP	I_{ITRIP+}	$V_{ITRIP} = 5\text{ V}$	-	68	185	μA
Input bias current for V_{FO}	I_{FO}	$V_{FO} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{ITRIP} = 0\text{ V}$	-	60	-	μA
V_{FO} output voltage	V_{FO}	$I_{FO} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{ITRIP} = 1\text{ V}$	-	0.35	-	V
Bootstrap diode forward voltage	V_{F_BSD}	$I_F = 0.3\text{ mA}$	-	1.0	-	V
Bootstrap diode resistance	R_{BSD}	Between $V_{F1} = 4\text{ V}$ and $V_{F2} = 5\text{ V}$	-	37	-	Ω

Dynamic Parameters

7 Dynamic Parameters

($V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}$ and $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, if not stated otherwise)

7.1 Inverter Section

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Turn-on propagation delay time	t_{on}	$V_{LIN, HIN} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_C = 30\text{ A}$, $V_{DC} = 300\text{ V}$	-	725	-	ns
Turn-on rise time	t_r		-	85	-	ns
Turn-on switching time	$t_{c(on)}$		-	295	-	ns
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}		-	320	-	ns
Turn-off propagation delay time	t_{off}	$V_{LIN, HIN} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_C = 30\text{ A}$, $V_{DC} = 300\text{ V}$	-	900	-	ns
Turn-off fall time	t_f		-	25	-	ns
Turn-off switching time	$t_{c(off)}$		-	90	-	ns
Short circuit propagation delay time	t_{SCP}	From $V_{IT, TH+}$ to 10% I_{SC}	-	1550	-	ns
IGBT turn-on energy (includes reverse recovery of diode)	E_{on}	$V_{DC} = 300\text{ V}$, $I_C = 30\text{ A}$	-	1430	-	μJ
		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1820	-	
IGBT turn-off energy	E_{off}	$V_{DC} = 300\text{ V}$, $I_C = 30\text{ A}$	-	495	-	μJ
		$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	730	-	
Diode recovery energy	E_{rec}	$V_{DC} = 300\text{ V}$, $I_C = 30\text{ A}$	-	105	-	μJ
		$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	245	-	

7.2 Control Section

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Input filter time ITRIP	t_{ITRIP}	$V_{ITRIP} = 1\text{ V}$	-	530	-	ns
Input filter time at LIN, HIN for turn on and off	$t_{FIL, IN}$	$V_{LIN, HIN} = 0\text{ V}$ or 5 V	-	290	-	ns
Fault clear time after ITRIP-fault	t_{FLTCLR}		100	280	-	μs
ITRIP to fault propagation delay	t_{FLT}	$V_{LIN, HIN} = 0$ or $V_{LIN, HIN} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{ITRIP} = 1\text{ V}$	-	680	1000	ns
Internal deadtime	DT_{IC}		-	360	-	ns
Matching propagation delay time (on and off) all channels	M_T	External dead time > 500 ns	-	20	-	ns

8 Thermistor

Description	Condition	Symbol	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Resistance	$T_{NTC} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	R_{NTC}	-	85	-	$\text{k}\Omega$
B-constant of NTC (negative temperature coefficient) thermistor		$B(25/100)$	-	4092	-	K

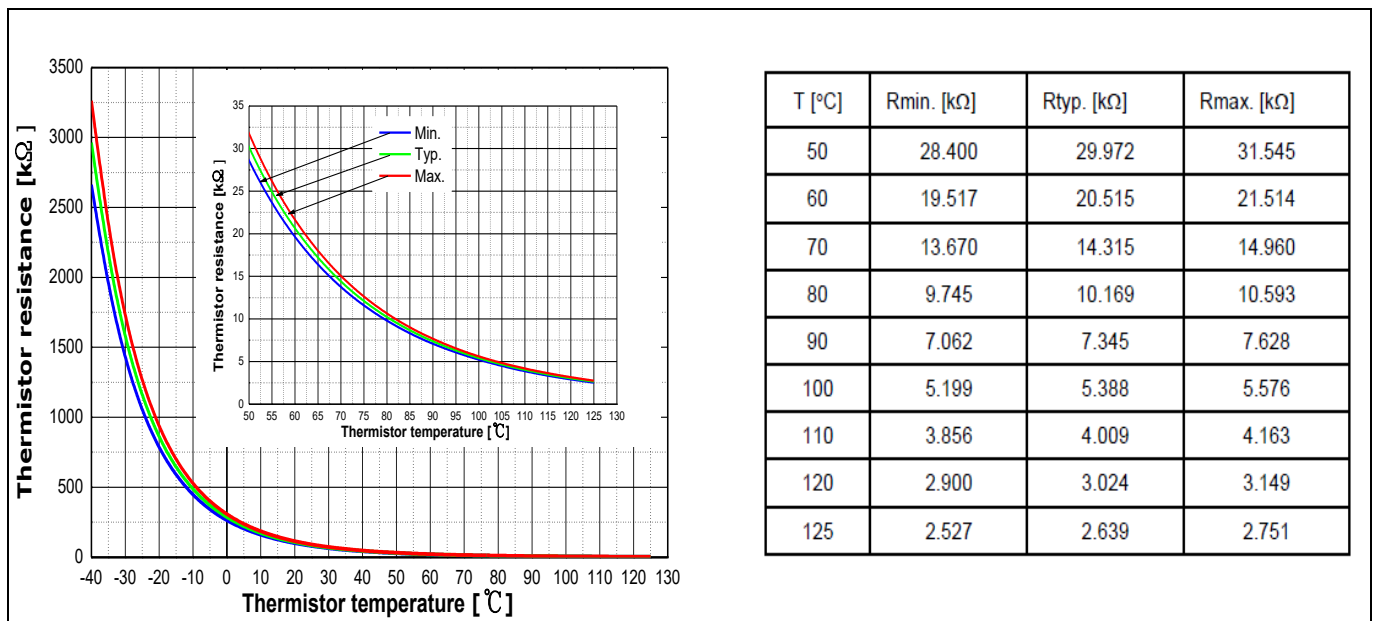


Figure 6 Thermistor resistance – temperature curve and table
(For more information, please refer to the application note)

9 Mechanical Characteristics and Ratings

Description	Condition	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Comparative tracking index (CTI)		600	-	-	V
Mounting torque	M3 screw and washer	0.49		0.78	Nm
Backside curvature	Refer to Figure 8	-50	-	100	μm
Weight		-	6.58	-	g

10 Qualification Information

UL certification	File number: E314539	
Moisture sensitivity level (SOP23 only)	-	
RoHS compliant	Yes (Lead-free terminal plating)	
ESD	HBM(human body model) class	2
	CDM(charged device model) class	C3

11 Diagrams and Tables

11.1 T_c Measurement Point

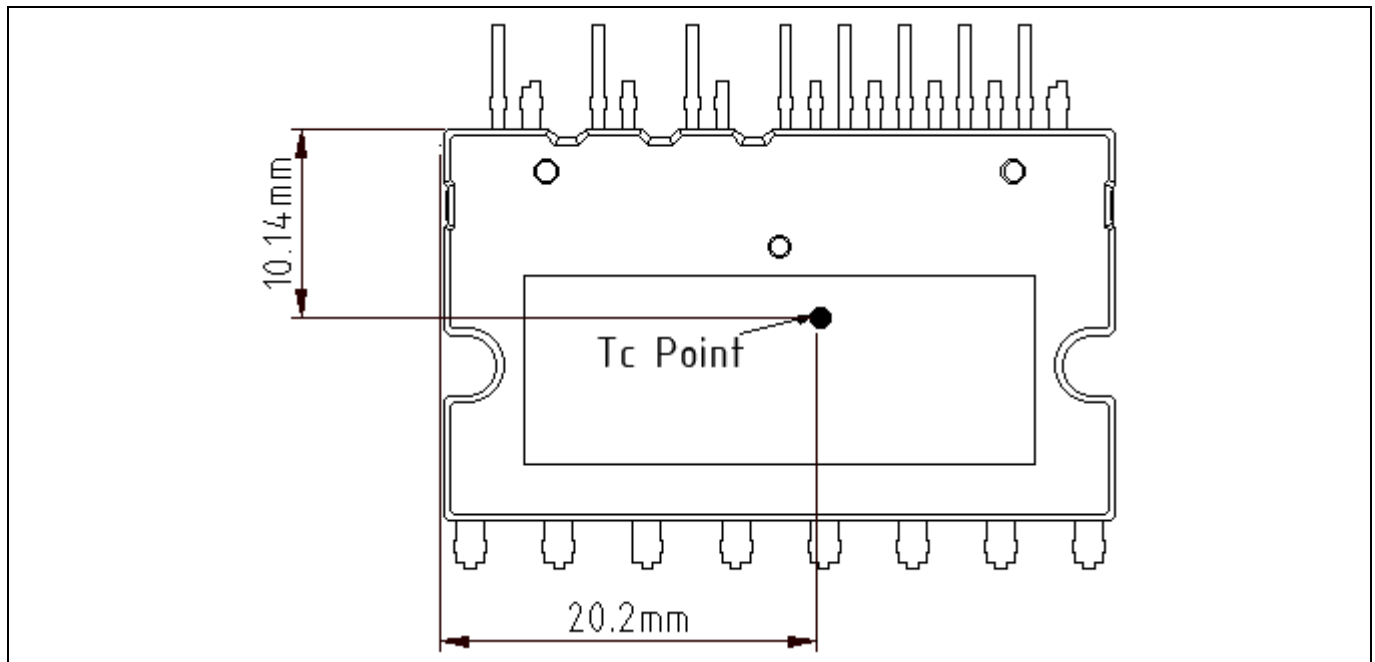


Figure 7 T_c measurement point¹

11.2 Backside Curvature Measurement Point

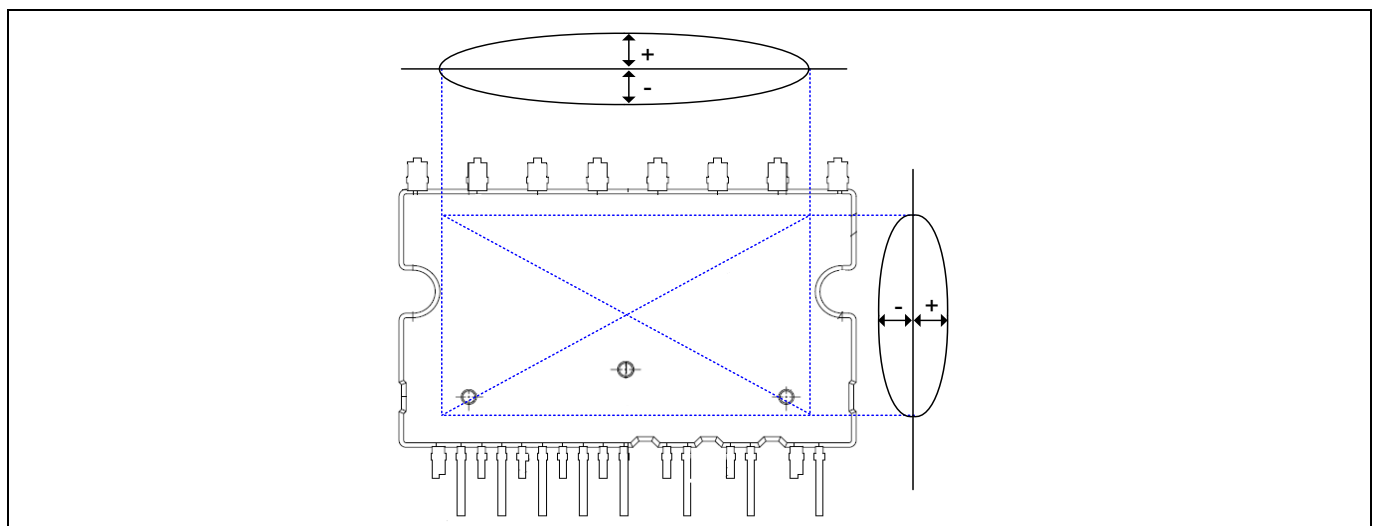


Figure 8 Backside curvature measurement position

¹Any measurement except for the specified point in Figure 7 is not relevant for the temperature verification and brings wrong or different information.

11.3 Switching Time Definition

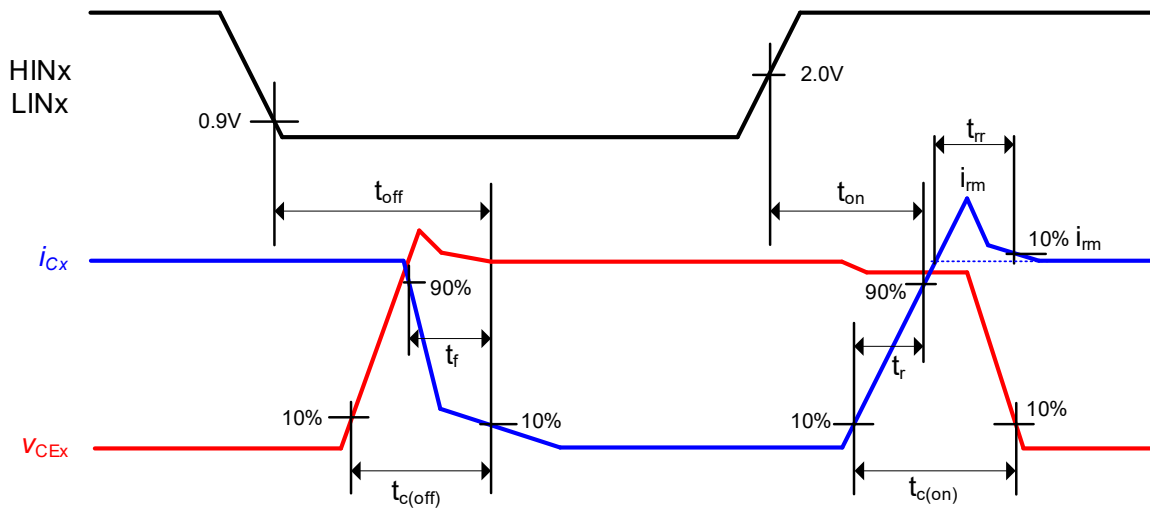


Figure 9 Switching time definition

11.4 Sleep function timing diagram

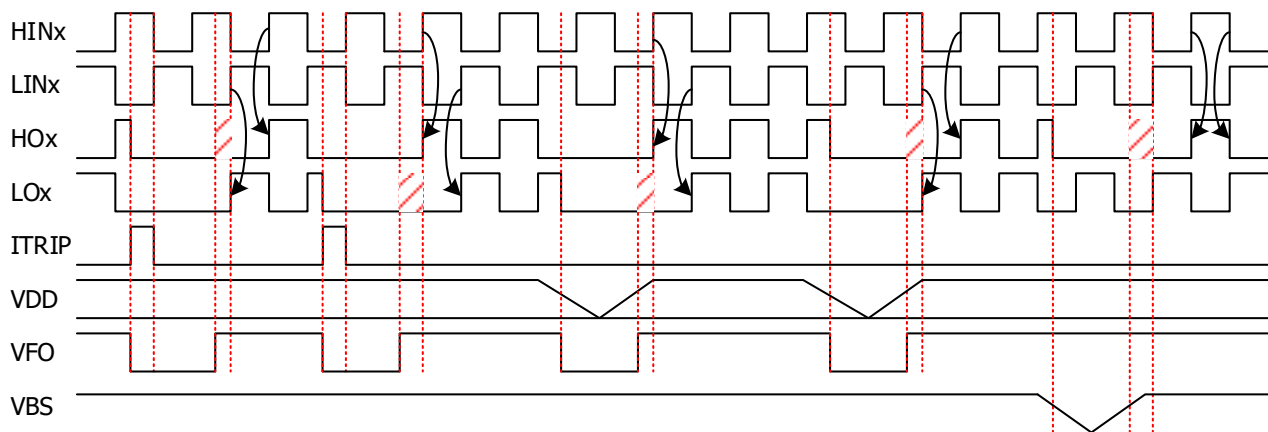


Figure 10 Sleep function timing diagram

12 Application Guide

12.1 Typical Application Schematic

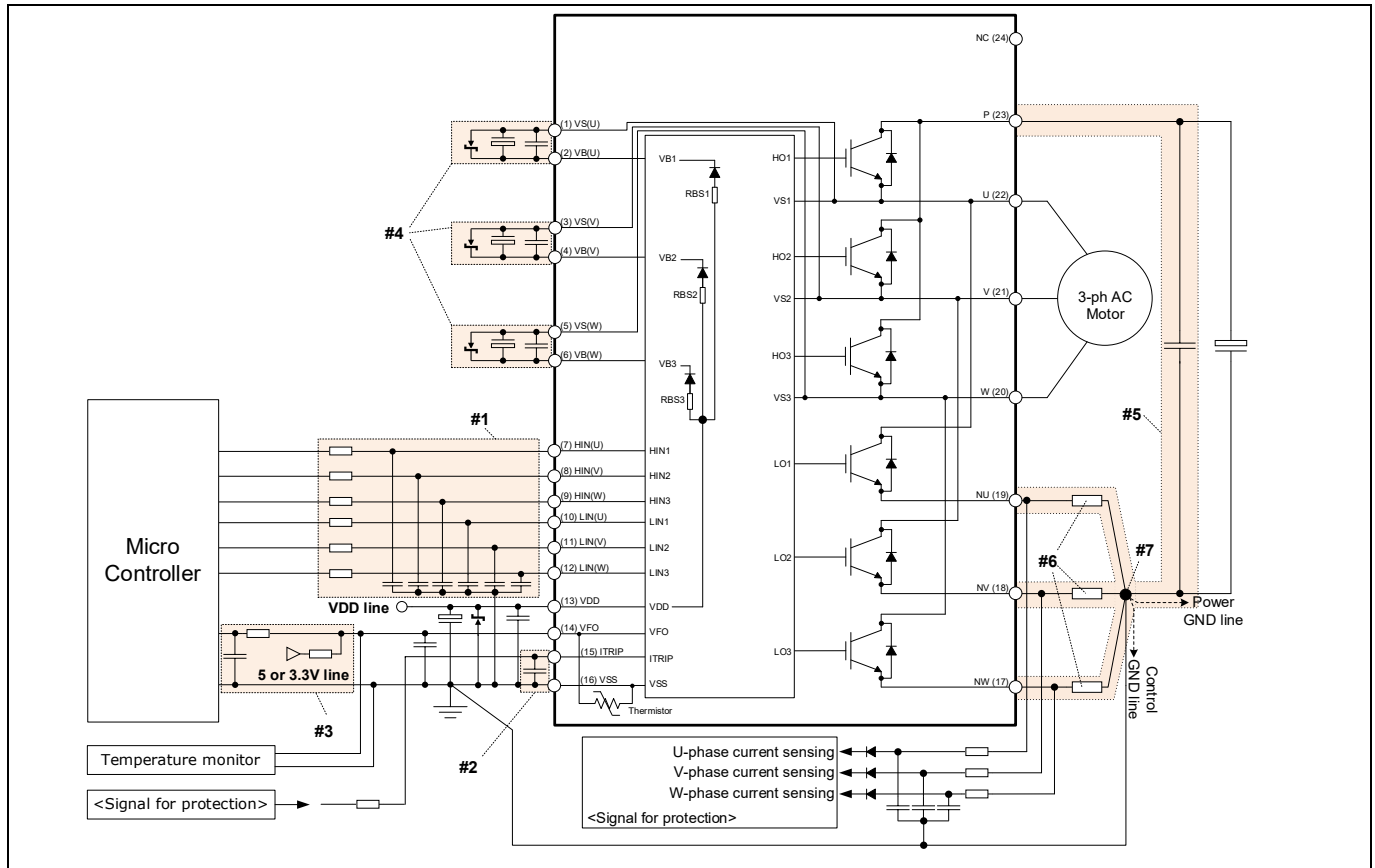


Figure 11 Typical application circuit

- #1 Input circuit
 - RC filter can be used to reduce input signal noise. (100 Ω , 1 nF)
 - The capacitors should be located close to the IPM (to V_{SS} terminal especially).
- #2 ITRIP circuit
 - To prevent a mis operation of protection function, RC filter is recommended.
 - The capacitor should be located close to ITRIP and V_{SS} terminals.
- #3 V_{FO} circuit
 - V_{FO} pin is open drain configuration. This terminal should be pulled up to the bias voltage of the 5 V/3.3 V through a proper resistor.
 - It is recommended that RC filter is placed close to the controller.
- #4 V_B - V_S circuit
 - Capacitors for high-side floating supply voltage should be placed close to V_B and V_S terminals.
- #5 Snubber capacitor
 - The wiring among the IPM, snubber capacitor and shunt resistors should be short as possible.
- #6 Shunt resistor
 - SMD type shunt resistors are strongly recommended to minimize its internal stray inductance.
- #7 Ground pattern
 - Pattern overlap of power ground and signal ground should be minimized. The patterns should be connected at one end of shunt resistor only for the same potential.

12.2 Performance Chart

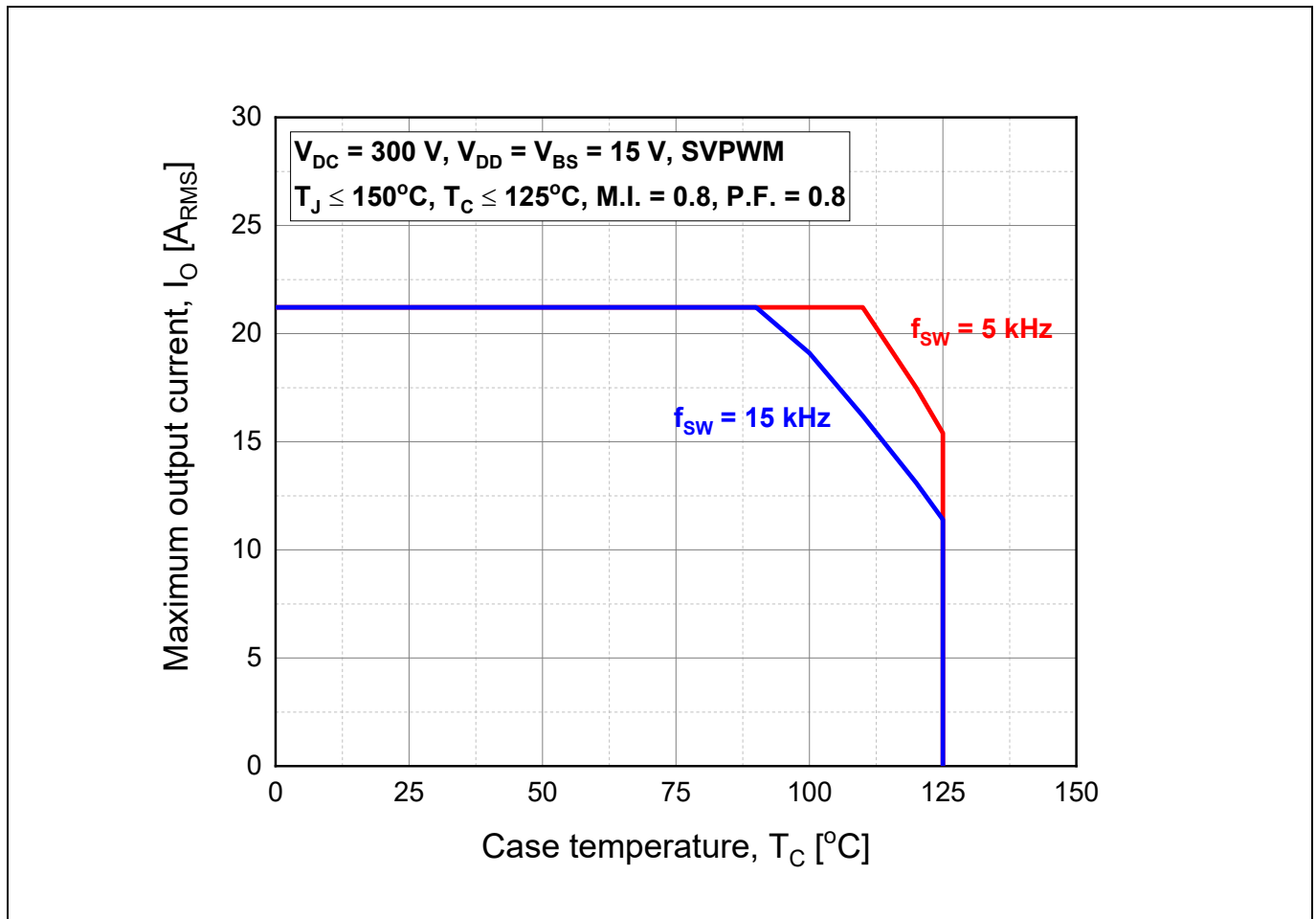


Figure 12 Maximum operating current SOA¹

¹This maximum operating current SOA is just one of example based on typical characteristics for this product. It can be changed by each user's actual operating conditions.

13 Package Outline

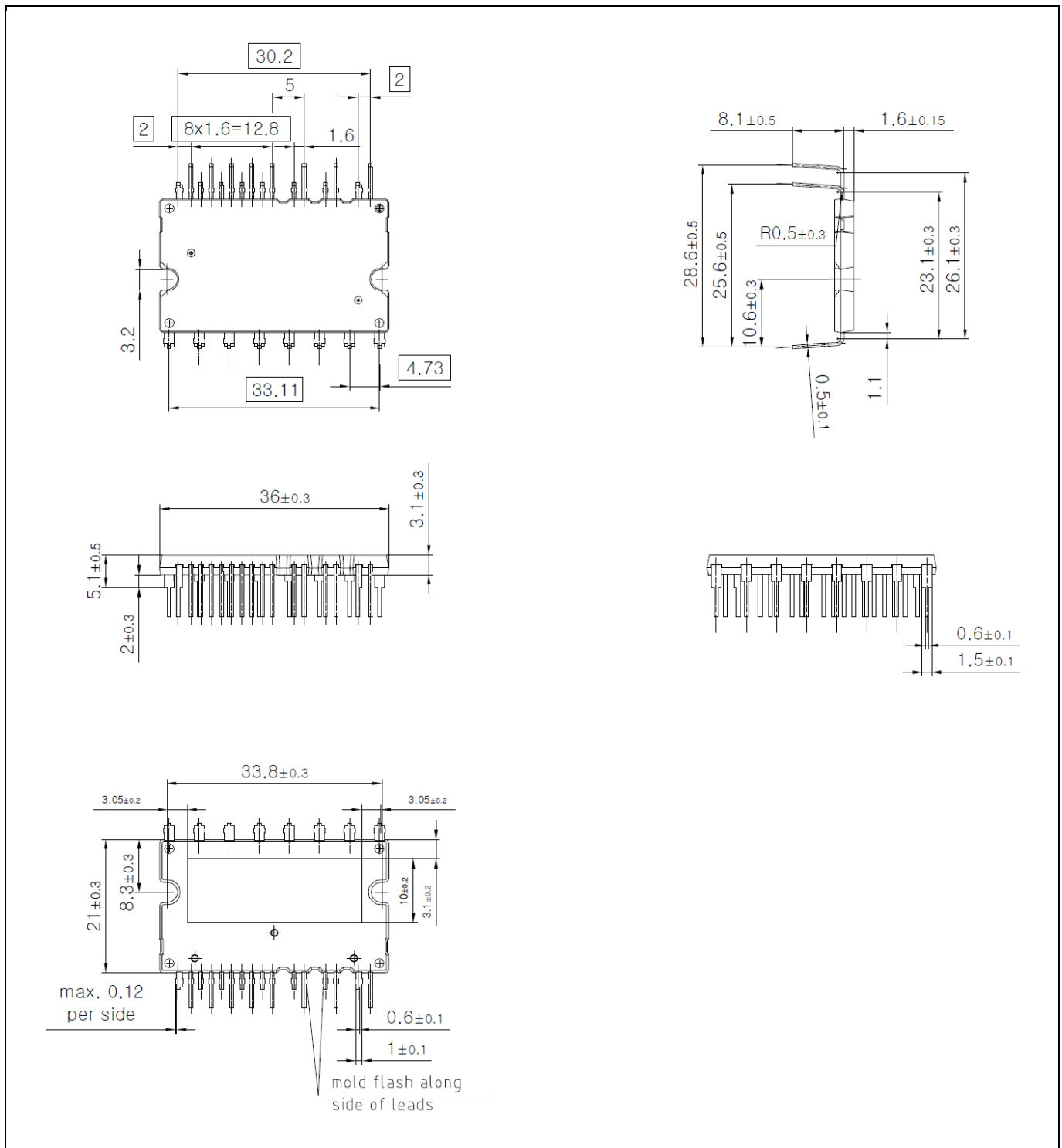


Figure 13 IM535-U6D

Revision history

Revision history

Document version	Date of release	Description of changes
Version 2.0	2020-05-07	Initial release
Version 2.1	2021-04-09	Corrected typo in page 8 Corrected error in Figure 9 Updated Figure 11

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