

IGBT

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ 5 technology copacked with RAPID 2 fast and soft antiparallel diode

IKW30N65NL5

650V DuoPack IGBT and diode
Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

Data sheet

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ 5 technology copacked with RAPID 2 fast and soft antiparallel diode

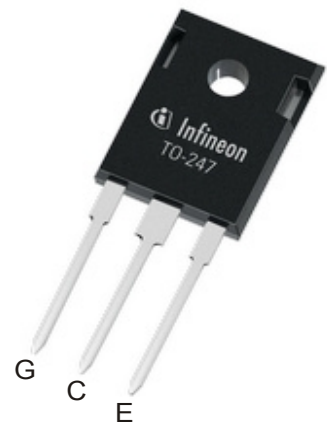
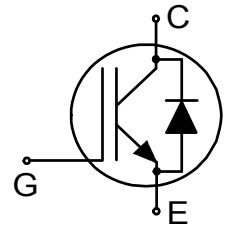
Features and Benefits:

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ L5 technology offering

- Very low collector-emitter saturation voltage V_{CEsat}
- Best-in-Class tradeoff between conduction and switching losses
- 650V breakdown voltage
- Low gate charge Q_G
- Maximum junction temperature 175°C
- Qualified according to JEDEC for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating
- RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice models:
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>

Applications:

- Uninterruptible power supplies
- Solar photovoltaic inverters
- Welding machines



Key Performance and Package Parameters

Type	V_{CE}	I_C	V_{CEsat} , $T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$	T_{vjmax}	Marking	Package
IKW30N65NL5	650V	30A	1.05V	175°C	K30ENL5	PG-TO247-3

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Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

Maximum Ratings

For optimum lifetime and reliability, Infineon recommends operating conditions that do not exceed 80% of the maximum ratings stated in this datasheet.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage, $T_{vj} \geq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_{CE}	650	V
DC collector current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_c = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ value limited by bondwire $T_c = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_C	85.0 62.0	A
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by $T_{vjmax}^{1)}$	I_{Cpuls}	120.0	A
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq 650\text{V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $t_p = 1\mu\text{s}^{1)}$	-	120.0	A
Diode forward current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_c = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ value limited by bondwire $T_c = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_F	50.0 34.0	A
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by $T_{vjmax}^{1)}$	I_{Fpuls}	120.0	A
Gate-emitter voltage Transient Gate-emitter voltage ($t_p \leq 10\mu\text{s}$, $D < 0.010$)	V_{GE}	± 20 ± 30	V
Power dissipation $T_c = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ Power dissipation $T_c = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	227.0 114.0	W
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}	$-40 \dots +175$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	$-55 \dots +150$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, ²⁾ wave soldering 1.6mm (0.063in.) from case for 10s		260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Mounting torque, M3 screw Maximum of mounting processes: 3	M	0.6	Nm

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
R _{th} Characteristics						
IGBT thermal resistance, junction - case	R _{th(j-c)}		-	-	0.66	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction - case	R _{th(j-c)}		-	-	0.95	K/W
Thermal resistance junction - ambient	R _{th(j-a)}		-	-	40	K/W

¹⁾ Defined by design. Not subject to production test.

²⁾ Package not recommended for surface mount applications.

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generationElectrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 0.20mA$	650	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}	$V_{GE} = 15.0V, I_C = 30.0A$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 100^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}C$	- - -	1.05 1.05 1.04	1.35 - -	V
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_F = 30.0A$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 100^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}C$	- - -	1.65 1.70 1.68	2.20 - -	V
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 0.40mA, V_{CE} = 20V$	4.2	5.0	5.8	V
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 650V, V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}C$	- - -	- 400 2000	40 - -	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V, V_{GE} = 20V$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE} = 20V, I_C = 30.0A$	-	65.0	-	S

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	C _{ies}	V _{CE} = 25V, V _{GE} = 0V f = 1000kHz	-	4600	-	pF
Output capacitance	C _{oes}		-	64	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C _{res}		-	18	-	
Gate charge	Q _G	V _{CC} = 520V, I _C = 30.0A, V _{GE} = 15V	-	168.0	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L _E		-	13.0	-	nH

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(\text{on})}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 30.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V},$ $R_{G(\text{on})} = 23.0\Omega, R_{G(\text{off})} = 10.0\Omega,$ $L\sigma = 60\text{nH}, C\sigma = 30\text{pF}$ $L\sigma, C\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery.	-	59	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	20	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(\text{off})}$		-	283	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	67	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.56	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	1.35	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	1.91	-	mJ

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generationDiode Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_R = 400\text{V},$ $I_F = 30.0\text{A},$ $di_F/dt = 1500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	59	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.48	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	18.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	-2800	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 30.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V},$ $R_{G(on)} = 23.0\Omega, R_{G(off)} = 10.0\Omega,$ $L\sigma = 60\text{nH}, C\sigma = 30\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	54	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	22	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	345	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	169	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.69	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	2.18	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	2.87	-	mJ

Diode Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_R = 400\text{V},$ $I_F = 30.0\text{A},$ $di_F/dt = 1500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	58	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.65	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	24.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	-4970	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

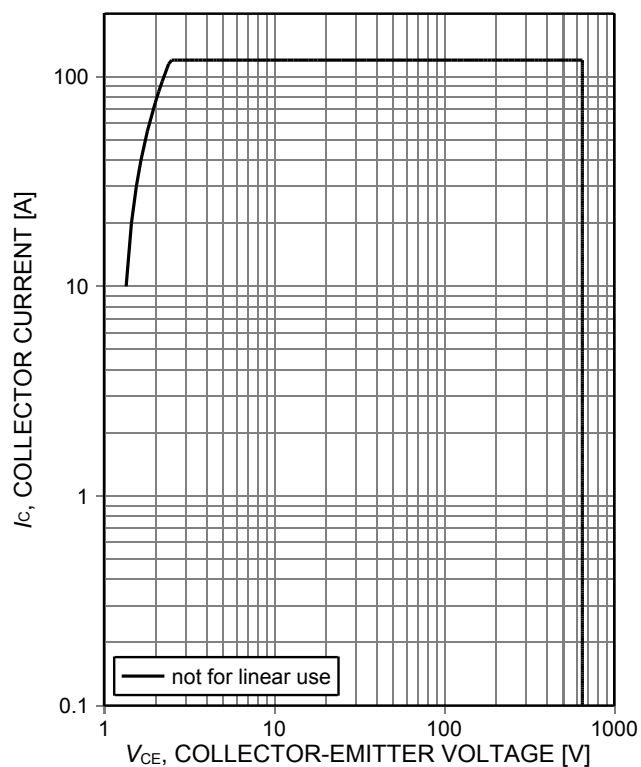
Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

Figure 1. **Forward bias safe operating area**
($D=0$, $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{vj}\leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$, $t_p=1\mu\text{s}$,
 I_{Cmax} defined by design - not subject to
production test)

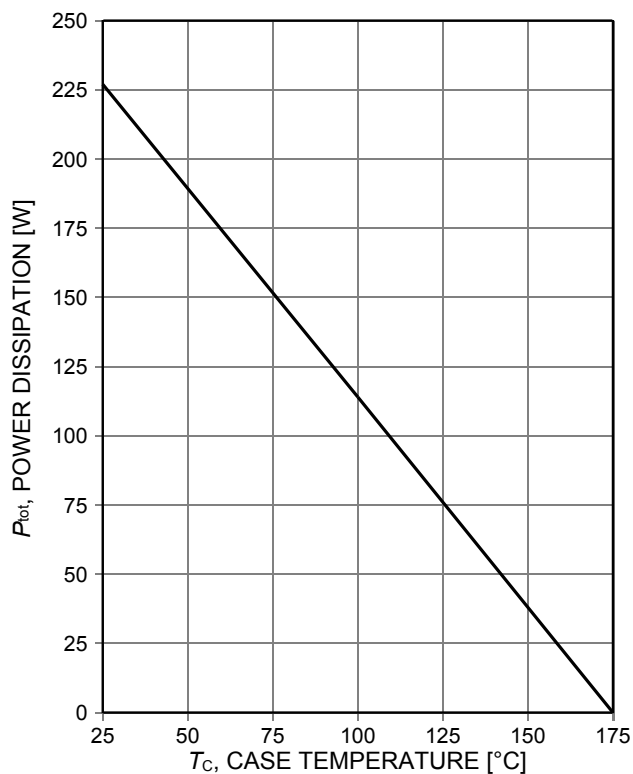


Figure 2. **Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**
($T_{vj}\leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)

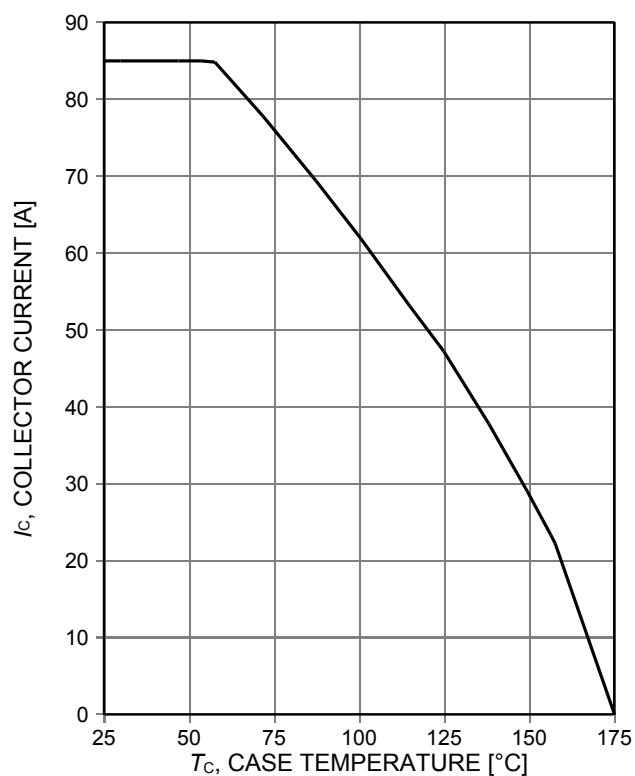


Figure 3. **Collector current as a function of case temperature**
($V_{GE}\geq 15\text{V}$, $T_{vj}\leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)

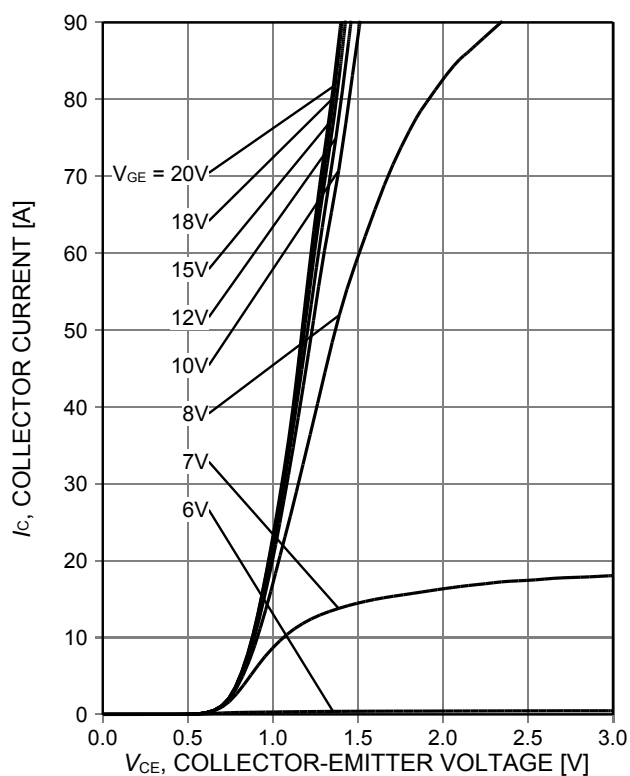
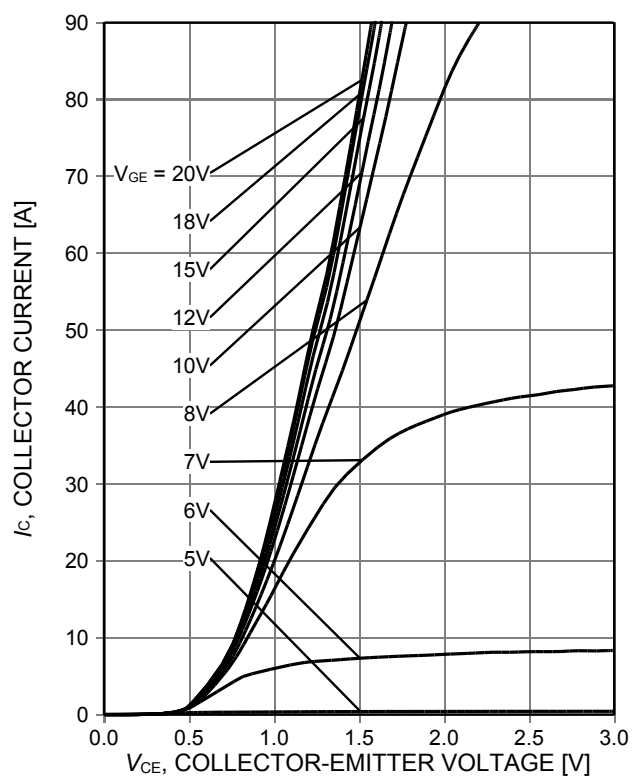
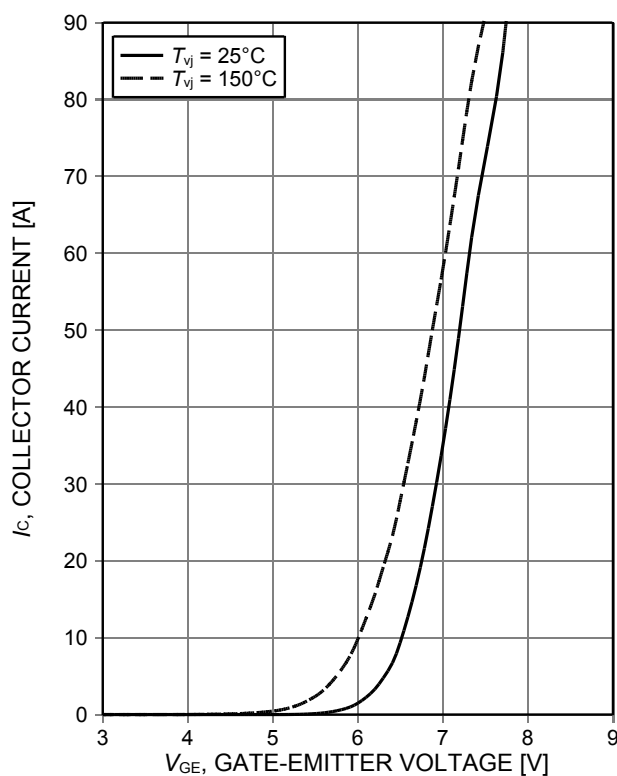
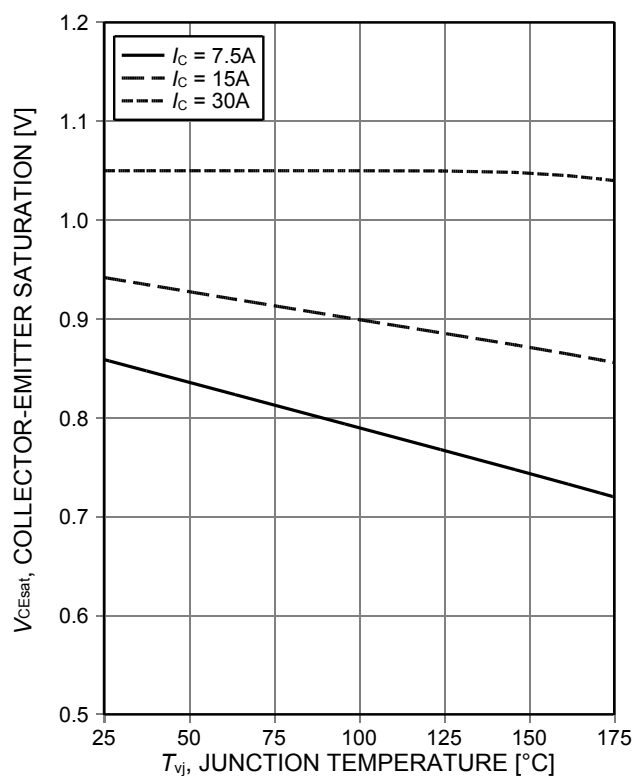
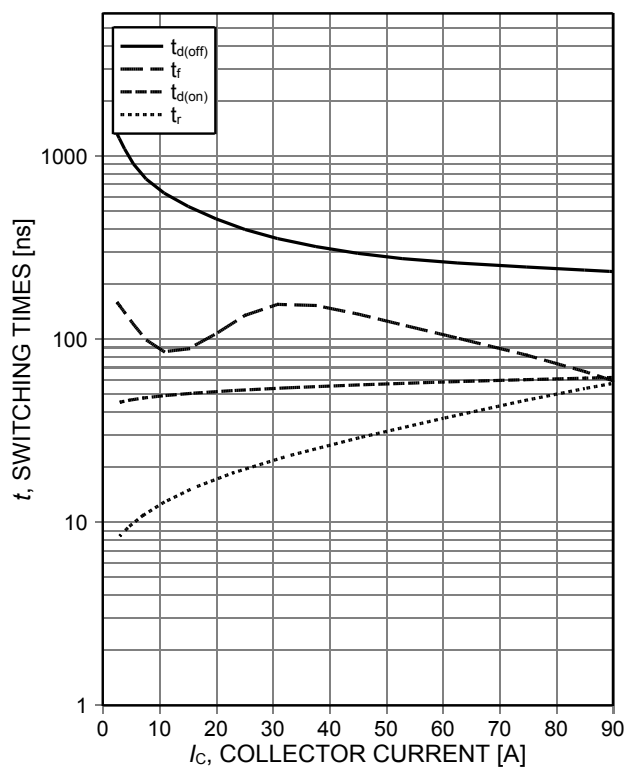


Figure 4. **Typical output characteristic**
($T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generationFigure 5. **Typical output characteristic**
($T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$)Figure 6. **Typical transfer characteristic**
($V_{CE}=20\text{V}$)Figure 7. **Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**
($V_{GE}=15\text{V}$)Figure 8. **Typical switching times as a function of collector current**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=10\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

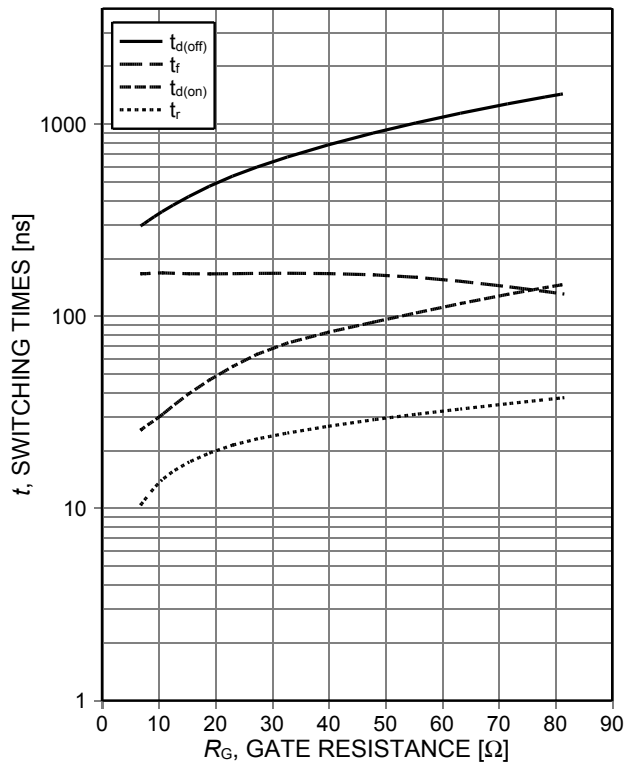
Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

Figure 9. **Typical switching times as a function of gate resistance**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

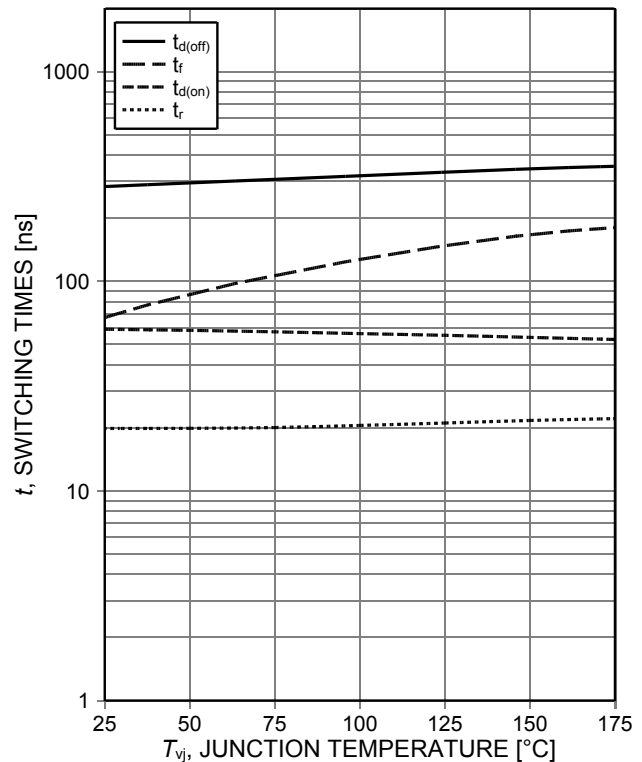


Figure 10. **Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**
(inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=10\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

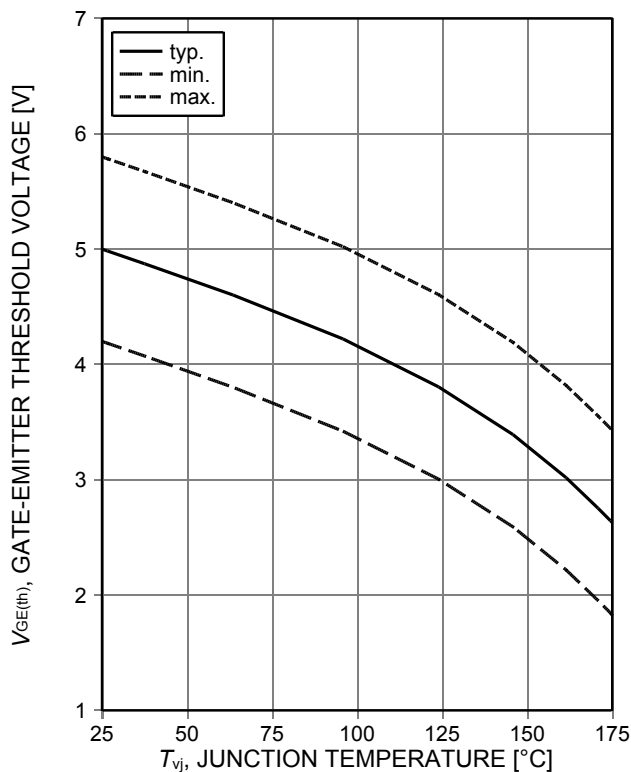


Figure 11. **Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**
($I_C=0.4\text{mA}$)

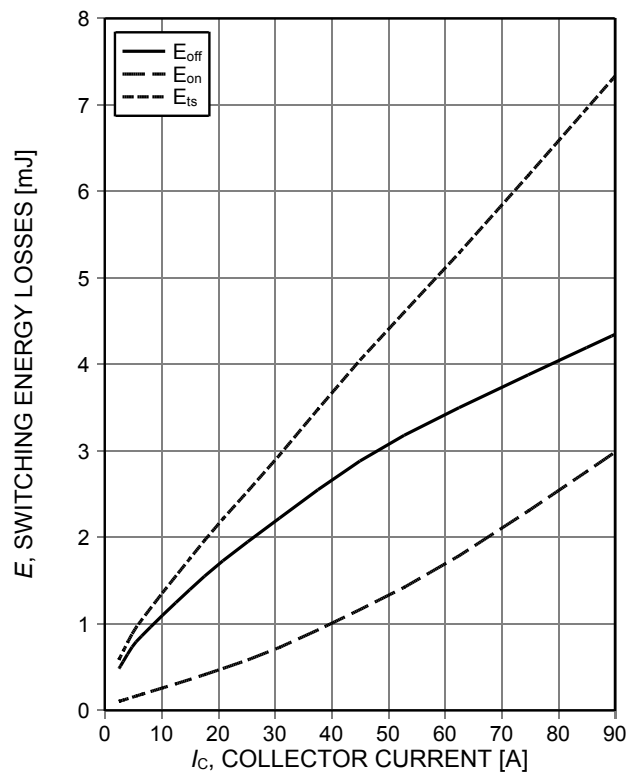


Figure 12. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=10\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

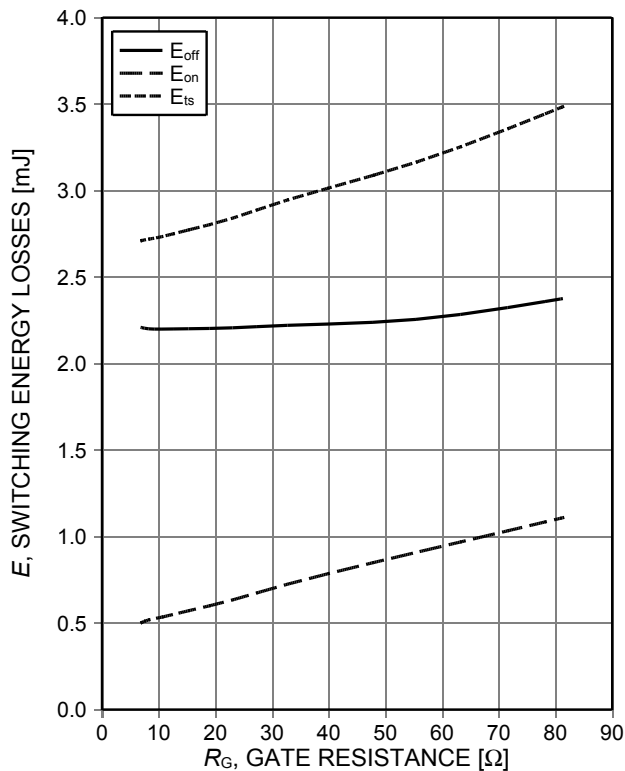
Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

Figure 13. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistance**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

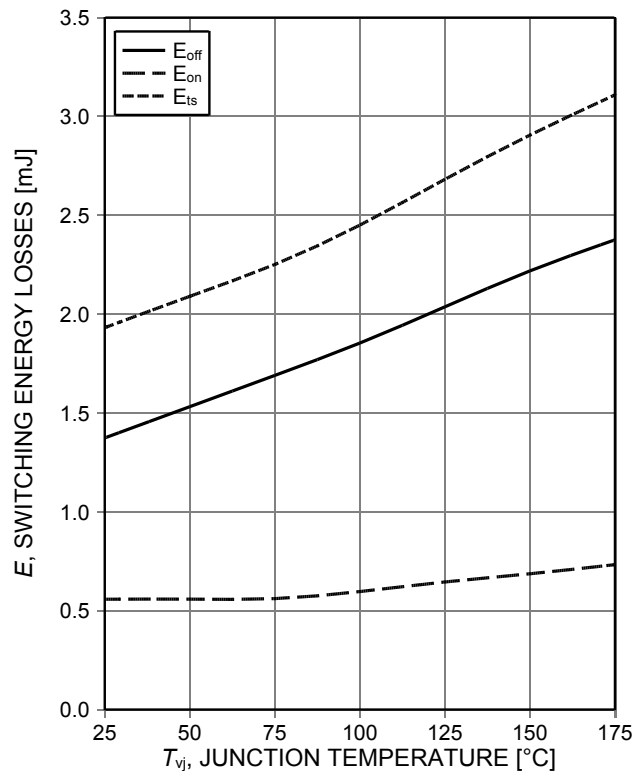


Figure 14. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**
(inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=10\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

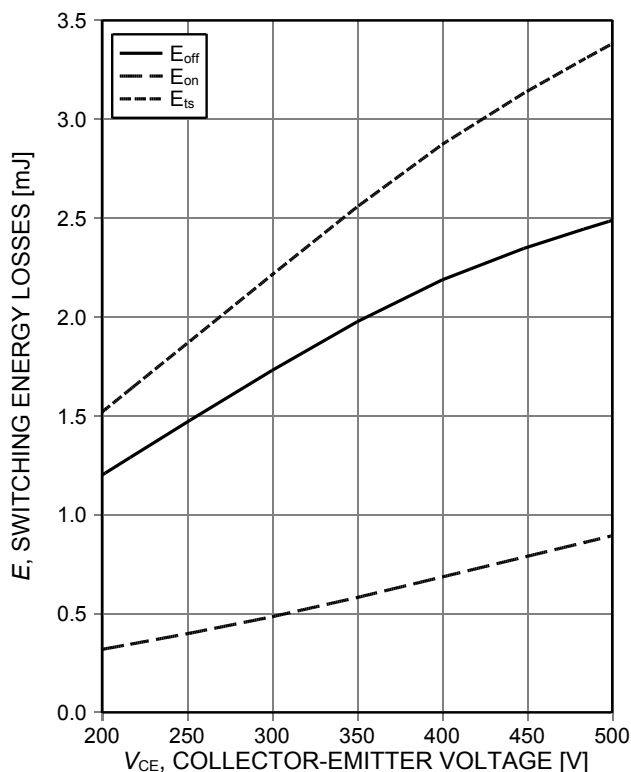


Figure 15. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector-emitter voltage**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=10\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

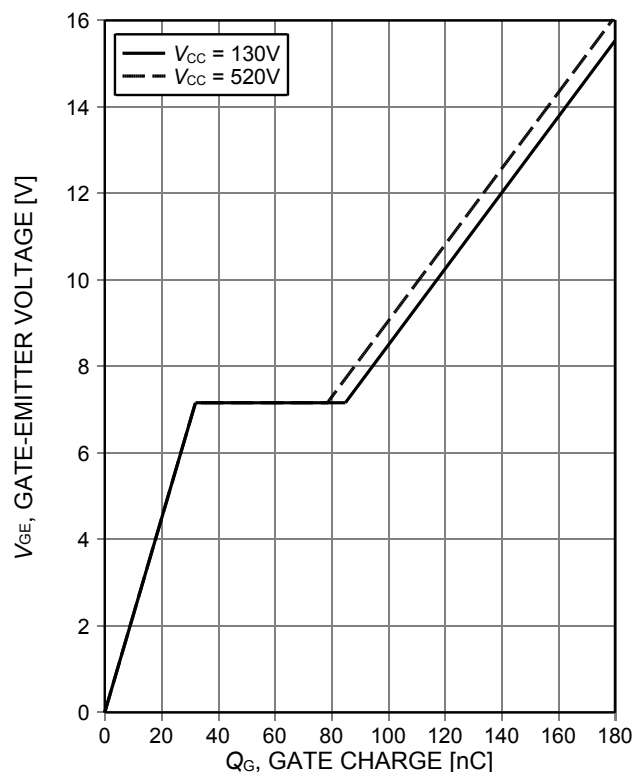


Figure 16. **Typical gate charge**
($I_C=30\text{A}$)

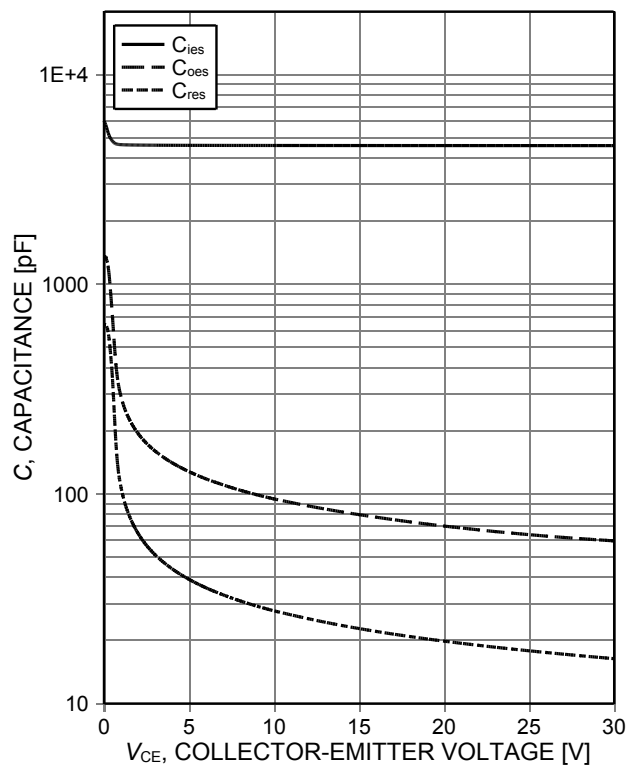
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Figure 17. **Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**
($V_{GE}=0V$, $f=1MHz$)

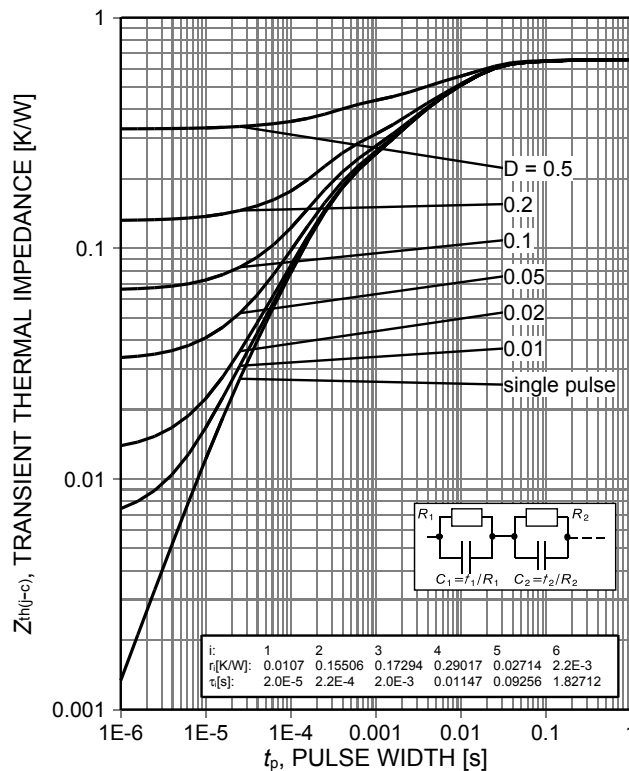


Figure 18. **IGBT transient thermal impedance**
($D=t_p/T$)

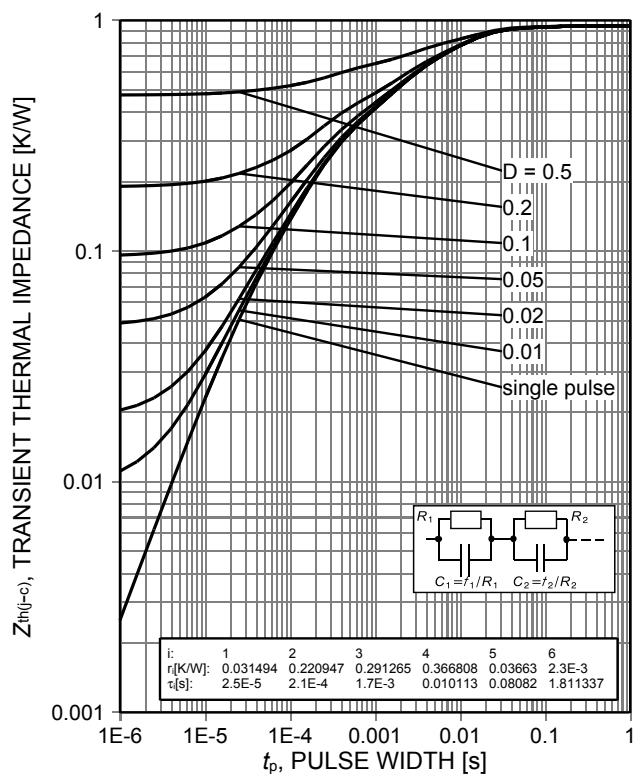


Figure 19. **Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**
($D=t_p/T$)

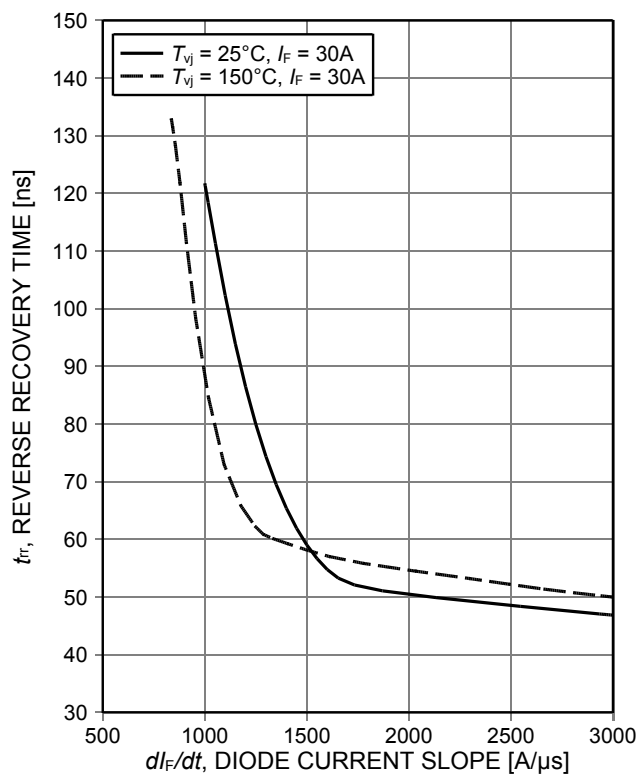


Figure 20. **Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope**
($V_R=400V$)

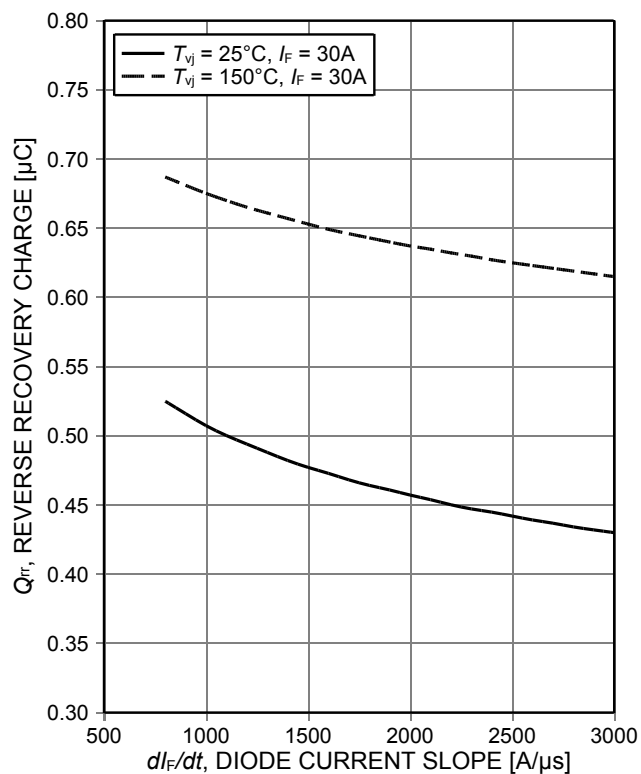
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Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400\text{V}$)

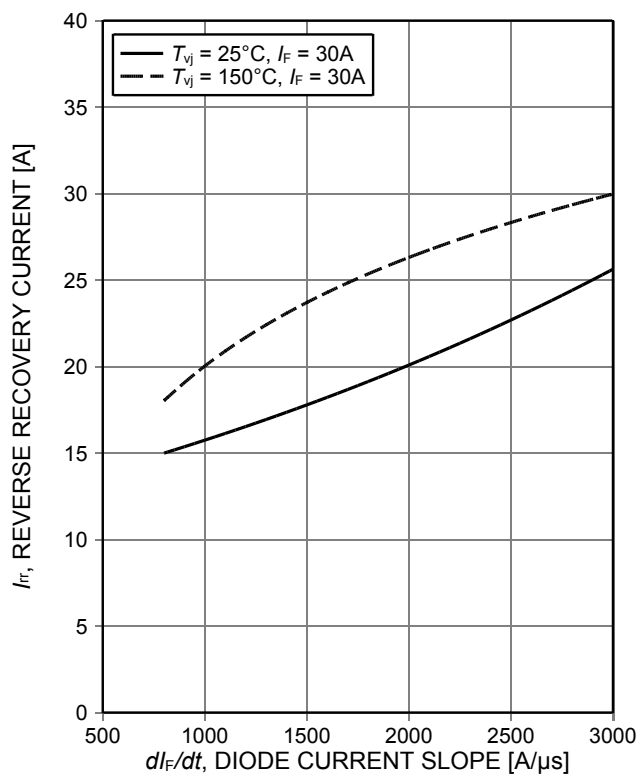


Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400\text{V}$)

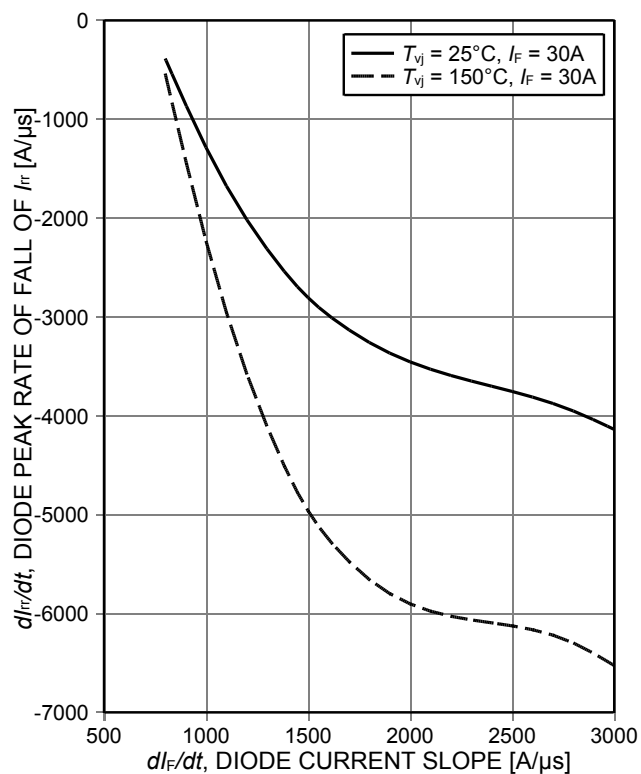


Figure 23. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400\text{V}$)

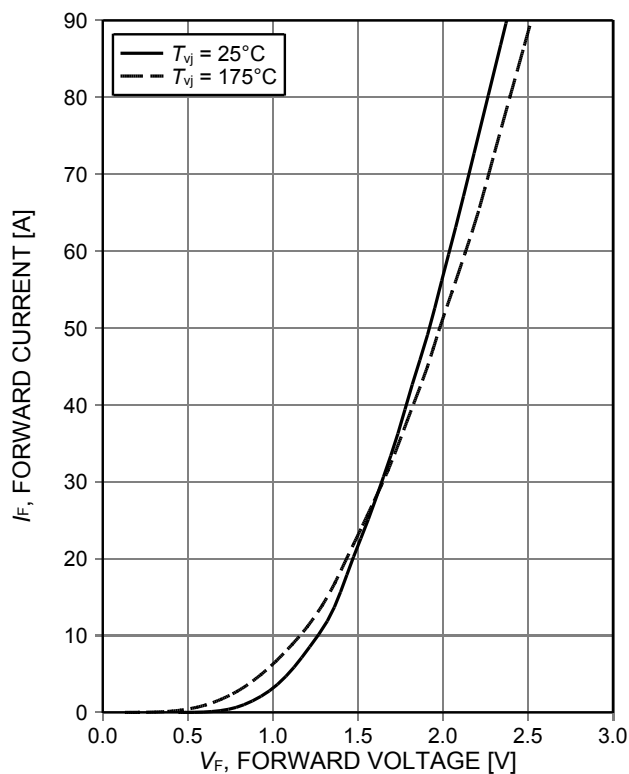


Figure 24. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

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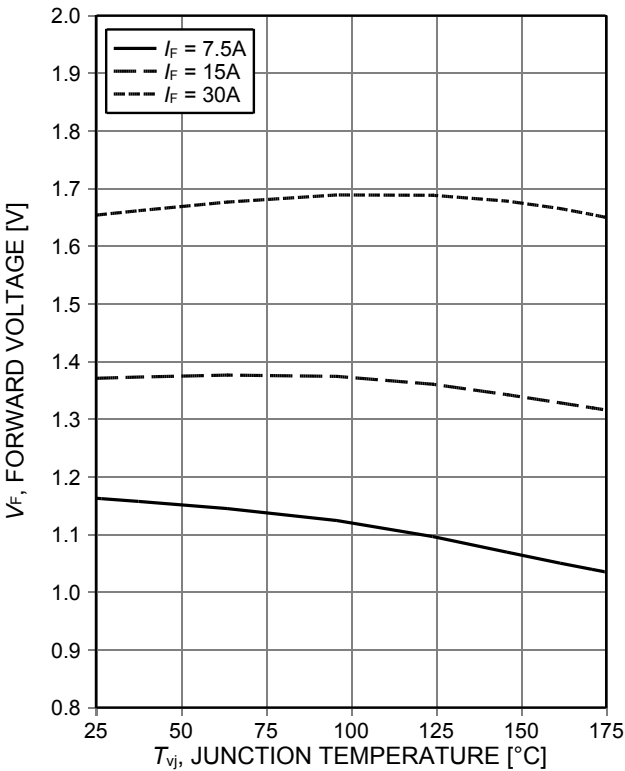
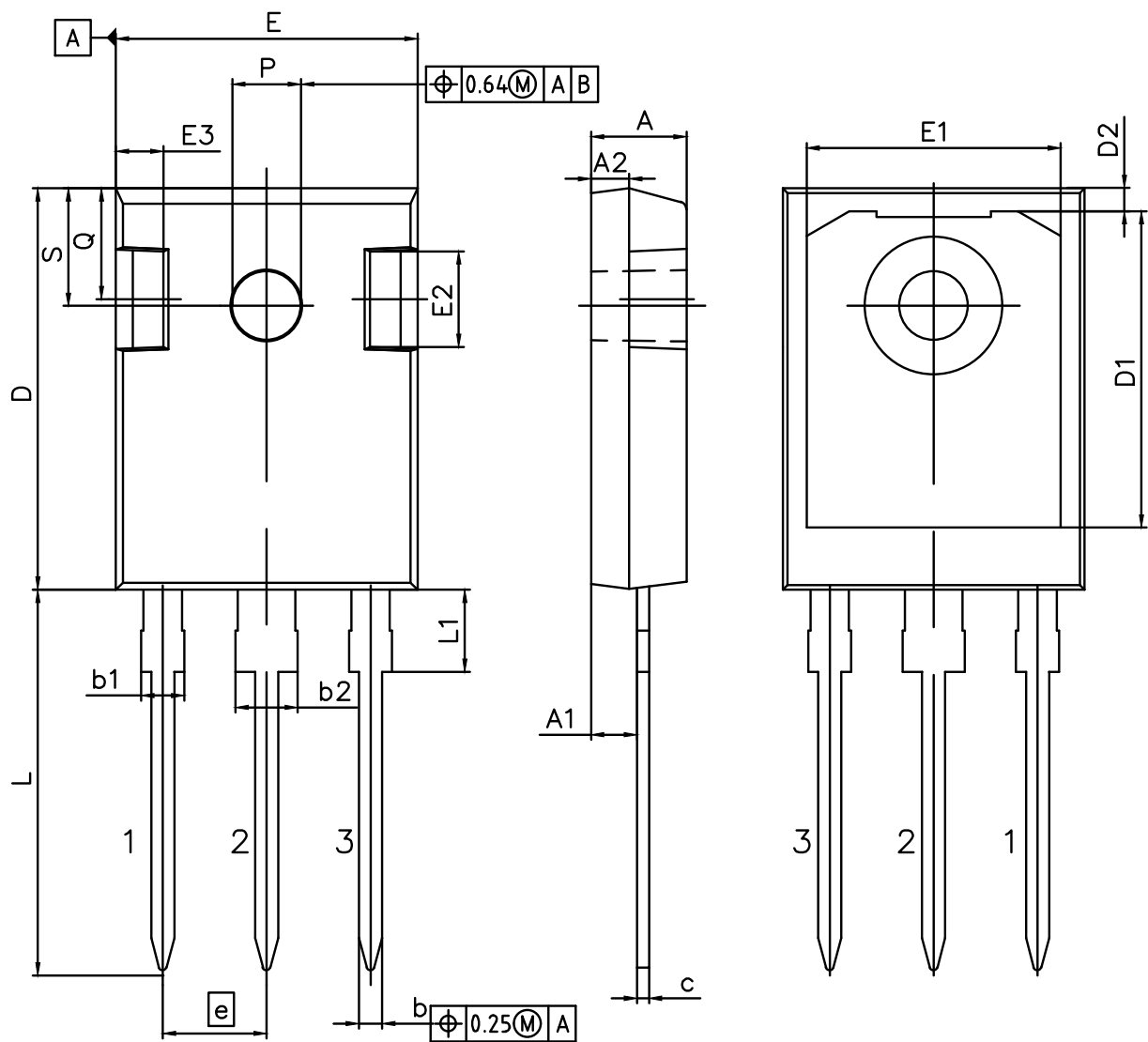


Figure 25. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

Package Drawing PG-TO247-3



DIMENSIONS	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
A	4.70	5.30
A1	2.20	2.60
A2	1.50	2.50
b	1.00	1.40
b1	1.60	2.41
b2	2.57	3.43
c	0.38	0.89
D	20.70	21.50
D1	13.08	17.65
D2	0.51	1.35
E	15.50	16.30
E1	12.38	14.15
E2	3.40	5.10
E3	1.00	2.60
e	5.44	
L	19.80	20.40
L1	3.85	4.50
P	3.50	3.70
Q	5.35	6.25
S	6.04	6.30

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REVISION
06

SCALE 3:1
0 1 2 3 4 5mm

EUROPEAN PROJECTION

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Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

Testing Conditions

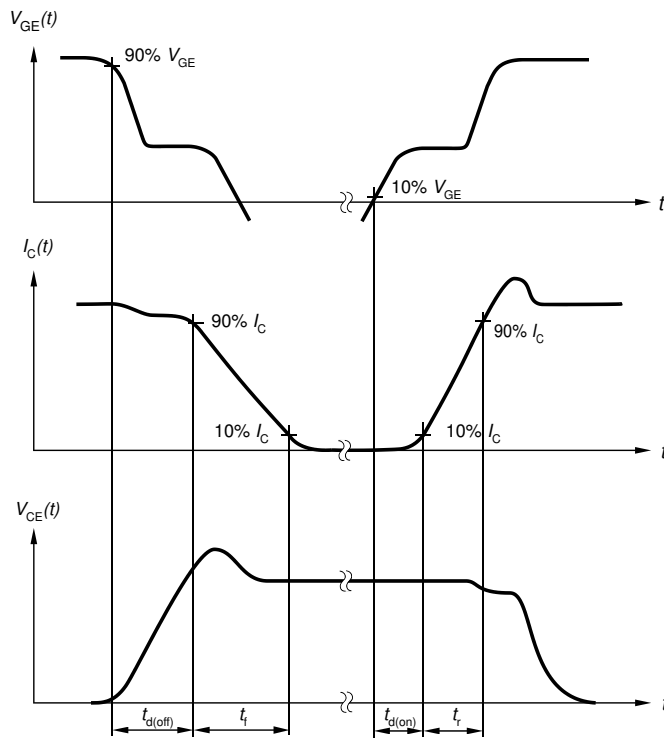


Figure A. Definition of switching times

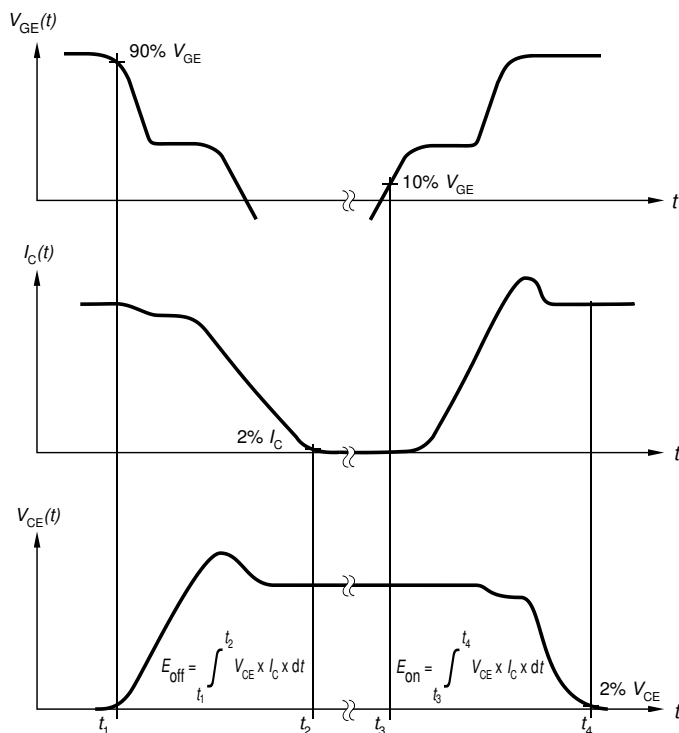


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

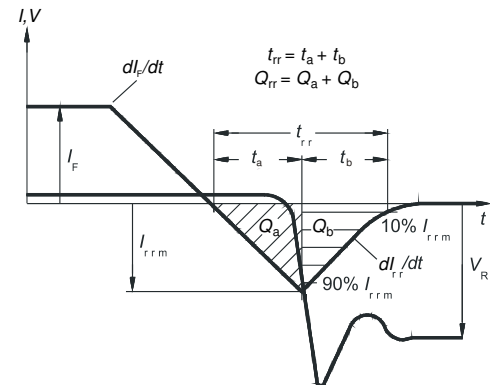


Figure C. Definition of diode switching characteristics

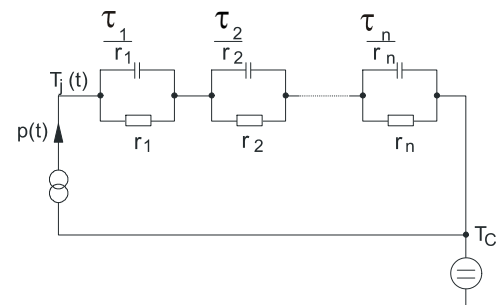


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

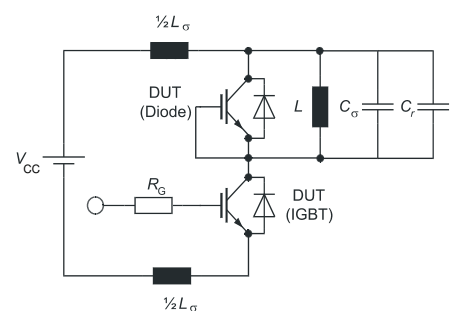


Figure E. **Dynamic test circuit**
 Parasitic inductance L_σ ,
 parasitic capacitor C_σ ,
 relief capacitor C_r ,
 (only for ZVT switching)

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

Revision History

IKW30N65NL5

Revision: 2020-10-07, Rev. 2.2

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.1	2014-12-10	Final data sheet
2.2	2020-10-07	VGE(th): test condition update

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