

Final datasheet

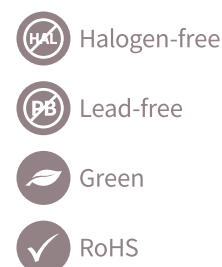
High speed DuoPack: IGBT in Trench and Fieldstop technology with soft, fast recovery antiparallel diode

Features

- $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$
- $I_C = 25\text{ A}$
- Very low V_{CEsat}
- Low EMI
- Very soft, fast recovery antiparallel diode
- Maximum junction temperature $T_{vjmax} = 175^\circ\text{C}$
- Qualified according to JEDEC for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models: <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>

Potential applications

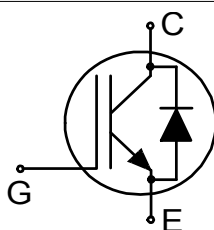
- Uninterruptible power supplies
- Welding converters
- Converters with high switching frequency



Description

Package pin definition:

- Pin G – Gate
- Pin C & backside – Collector
- Pin E – Emitter



Type	Package	Marking
IKW25N120H3	PG-TO247-3	K25H1203



Table of contents

	Description	1
	Features	1
	Potential applications	1
	Table of contents	2
1	Package	3
2	IGBT	3
3	Diode	5
4	Characteristics diagrams	7
5	Package outlines	14
6	Testing conditions	15
	Revision history	16
	Disclaimer	17

1 Package

Table 1 Characteristic values

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Internal emitter inductance measured 5 mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E			13		nH
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-55		150	°C
Soldering temperature	T_{sold}	wave soldering 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s			260	°C
Mounting torque	M	M3 screw, Maximum of mounting processes: 3			0.6	Nm
Thermal resistance, junction-ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$				40	K/W
IGBT thermal resistance, junction-case	$R_{th(j-c)}$				0.46	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction-case	$R_{th(j-c)}$				1.49	K/W

2 IGBT

Table 2 Maximum rated values

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	$T_{vj} \geq 25\text{ °C}$		1200	V
DC collector current, limited by T_{vjmax}	I_C		$T_c = 25\text{ °C}$	50	A
			$T_c = 100\text{ °C}$	25	
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax}	I_{Cpulse}			100	A
Turn-off safe operating area		$V_{CE} \leq 1200\text{ V}, T_{vj} \leq 175\text{ °C}$		100	A
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}			± 20	V
Transient gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	$t_p \leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}, D < 0.01$		± 30	V
Short-circuit withstand time	t_{SC}	$V_{CC} \leq 600\text{ V}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, Allowed number of short circuits < 1000, Time between short circuits $\geq 1.0\text{ s}, T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$		10	μs
Power dissipation	P_{tot}		$T_c = 25\text{ °C}$	326	W
			$T_c = 100\text{ °C}$	156	

Table 3 Characteristic values

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	V_{BRCES}	$I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$	1200			V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}	$I_C = 25 \text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C}$	2.05	2.4	V
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C}$	2.5		
			$T_{vj} = 175 \text{ °C}$	2.7		
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	V_{GEth}	$I_C = 0.85 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	5	5.8	6.5	V
Zero gate-voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 1200 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C}$		250	μA
			$T_{vj} = 175 \text{ °C}$		2500	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 20 \text{ V}$			600	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$I_C = 25 \text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$		13		S
Short-circuit collector current	I_{SC}	$V_{CC} \leq 600 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $t_{SC} \leq 10 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$, Allowed number of short circuits < 1000, Time between short circuits $\geq 1.0 \text{ s}$, $T_{vj} = 175 \text{ °C}$		87		A
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1000 \text{ kHz}$		1430		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1000 \text{ kHz}$		115		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1000 \text{ kHz}$		75		pF
Gate charge	Q_G	$V_{CC} = 960 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$		115		nC
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$, $R_{G(on)} = 23 \text{ }\Omega$, $R_{G(off)} = 23 \text{ }\Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	27		ns
			$T_{vj} = 175 \text{ °C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	26		
Rise time (inductive load)	t_r	$V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$, $R_{G(on)} = 23 \text{ }\Omega$, $R_{G(off)} = 23 \text{ }\Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	41		ns
			$T_{vj} = 175 \text{ °C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	35		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$, $R_{G(on)} = 23 \text{ }\Omega$, $R_{G(off)} = 23 \text{ }\Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	277		ns
			$T_{vj} = 175 \text{ °C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	347		
Fall time (inductive load)	t_f	$V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$, $R_{G(on)} = 23 \text{ }\Omega$, $R_{G(off)} = 23 \text{ }\Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	17		ns
			$T_{vj} = 175 \text{ °C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	50		

(table continues...)

Table 3 (continued) Characteristic values

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{ V}$, $R_{G(on)} = 23\ \Omega$, $R_{G(off)} = 23\ \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 25\text{ A}$	1.8		mJ
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 25\text{ A}$	2.6		
Turn-off energy	E_{off}	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{ V}$, $R_{G(on)} = 23\ \Omega$, $R_{G(off)} = 23\ \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 25\text{ A}$	0.85		mJ
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 25\text{ A}$	1.7		
Total switching energy	E_{ts}	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{ V}$, $R_{G(on)} = 23\ \Omega$, $R_{G(off)} = 23\ \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 25\text{ A}$	2.65		mJ
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 25\text{ A}$	4.3		
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}		-40		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

3 Diode

Table 4 Maximum rated values

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values	Unit
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_{vj} \geq 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	1200	V
Diode forward current, limited by T_{vjmax}	I_F	$T_C = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	25	A
		$T_C = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	12.5	
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax}	I_{Fpulse}		100	A

Table 5 Characteristic values

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$I_F = 12.5\text{ A}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.8	2.35	V
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.85		
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$I_F = 25\text{ A}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.4	3.05	V
			$T_{vj} = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.6		
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.6		
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_R = 1200\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		250	μA
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		2500	

(table continues...)

Table 5 (continued) Characteristic values

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R = 600 \text{ V}, R_{G(on)} = 23 \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C},$ $I_F = 25 \text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	290		ns
			$T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C},$ $I_F = 25 \text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	505		
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	$V_R = 600 \text{ V}, R_{G(on)} = 23 \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C},$ $I_F = 25 \text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	1.2		μC
			$T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C},$ $I_F = 25 \text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	2.75		
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	$V_R = 600 \text{ V}, R_{G(on)} = 23 \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C},$ $I_F = 25 \text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	10.4		A
			$T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C},$ $I_F = 25 \text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	12.8		
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	di_{rr}/dt	$V_R = 600 \text{ V}, R_{G(on)} = 23 \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C},$ $I_F = 25 \text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-150		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
			$T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C},$ $I_F = 25 \text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-85		
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}		-40		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note: For optimum lifetime and reliability, Infineon recommends operating conditions that do not exceed 80% of the maximum ratings stated in this datasheet.

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

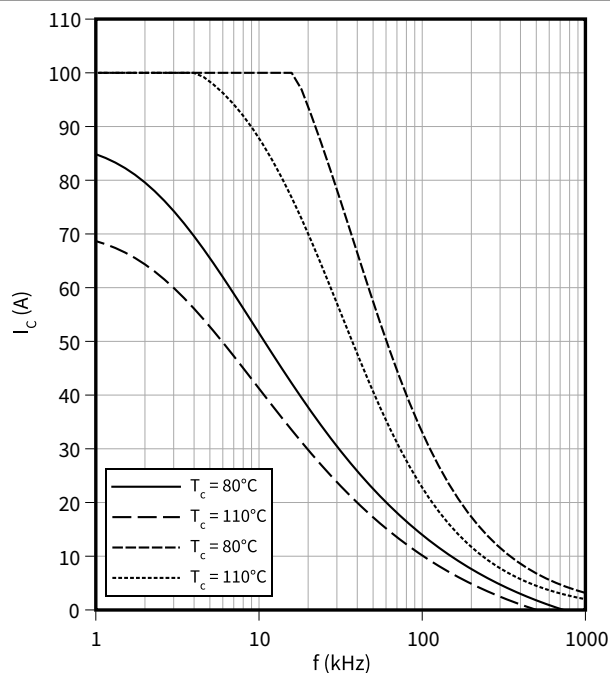
Dynamic test circuit: $L_\sigma = 80 \text{ nH}$, $C_\sigma = 67 \text{ pF}$ from Figure E. Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery.

4 Characteristics diagrams

Collector current as a function of switching frequency

$$I_C = f(f)$$

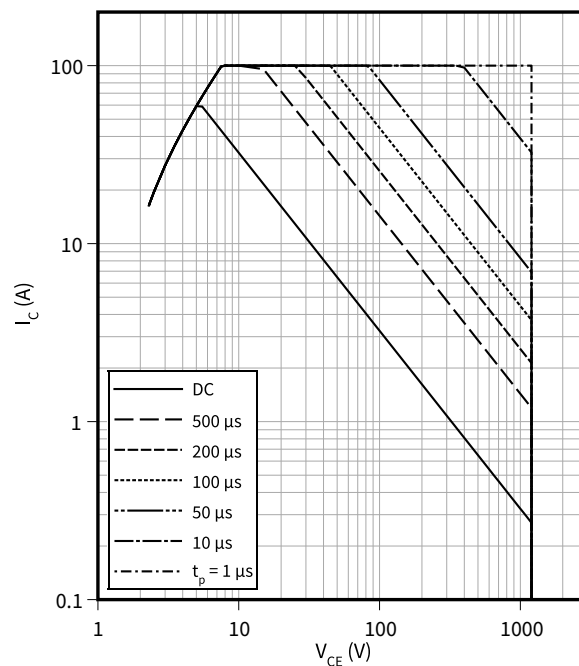
$D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175 \text{ °C}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$, $R_G = 23 \text{ } \Omega$



Forward bias safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

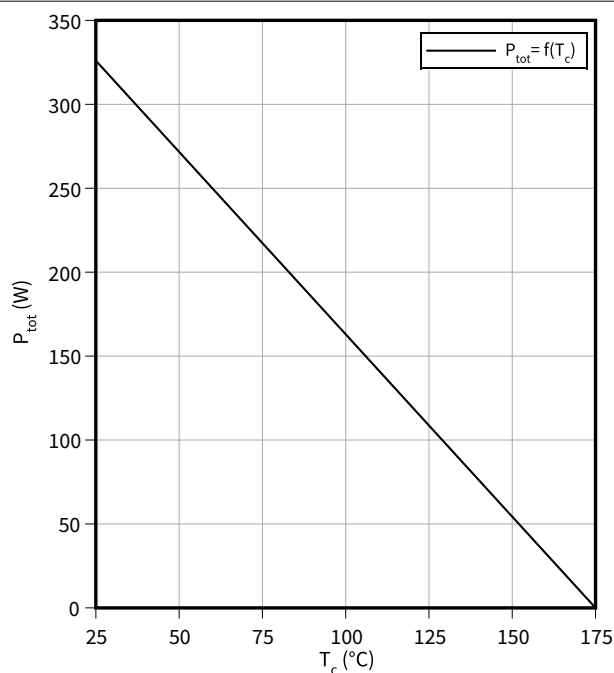
$D = 0$, $T_{vj} \leq 175 \text{ °C}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $T_c = 25 \text{ °C}$



Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_c)$$

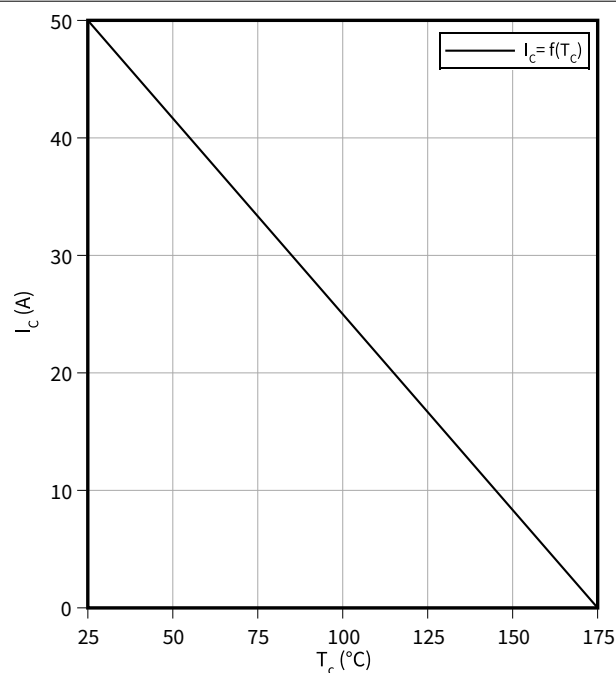
$T_{vj} \leq 175 \text{ °C}$



Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_c)$$

$V_{GE} \geq 15 \text{ V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175 \text{ °C}$

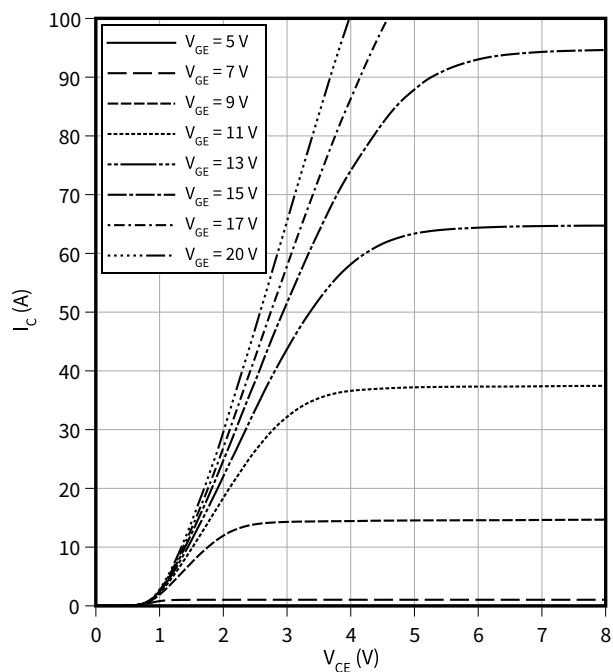


4 Characteristics diagrams

Typical output characteristic

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

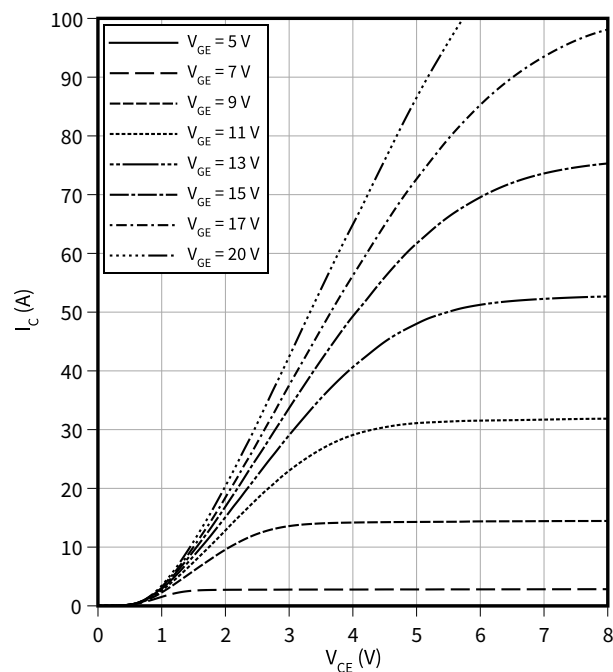
$$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$



Typical output characteristic

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

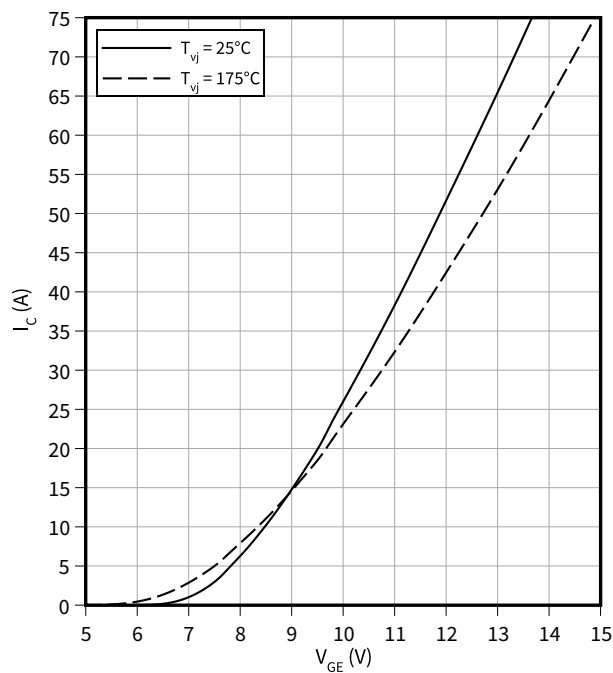
$$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$



Typical transfer characteristic

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

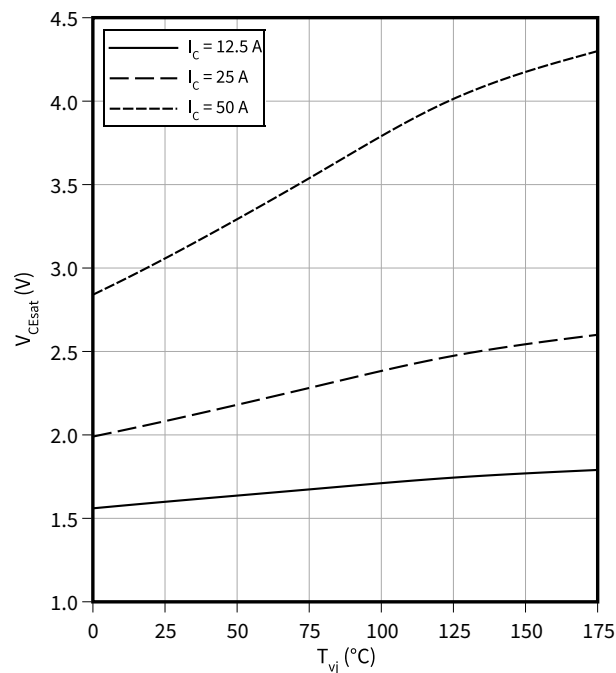
$$V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$$



Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature

$$V_{CEsat} = f(T_{vj})$$

$$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$$

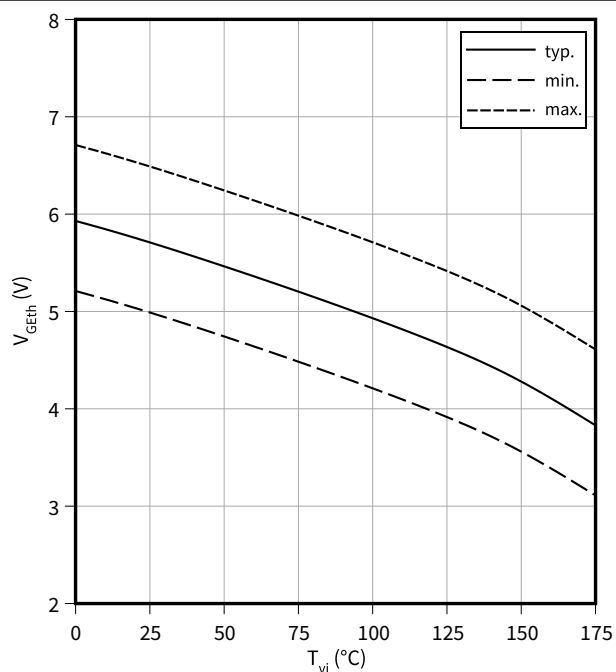


4 Characteristics diagrams

Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

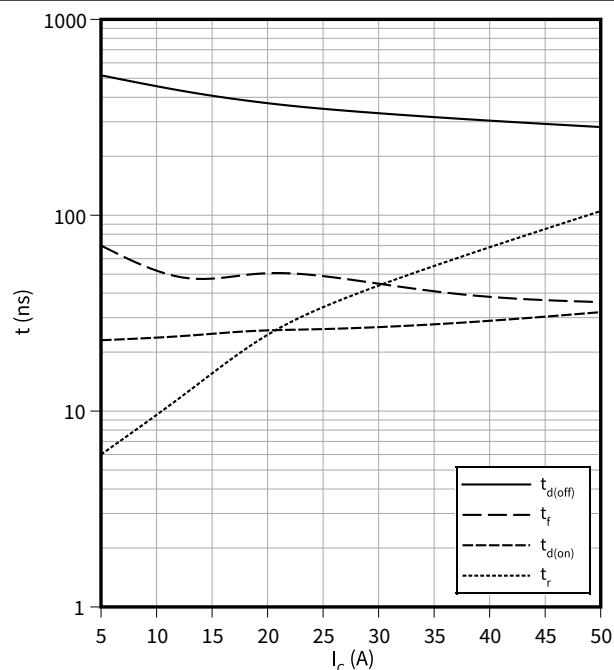
$$V_{GEth} = f(T_{vj})$$

$$I_C = 0.85 \text{ mA}$$

**Typical switching times as a function of collector current**

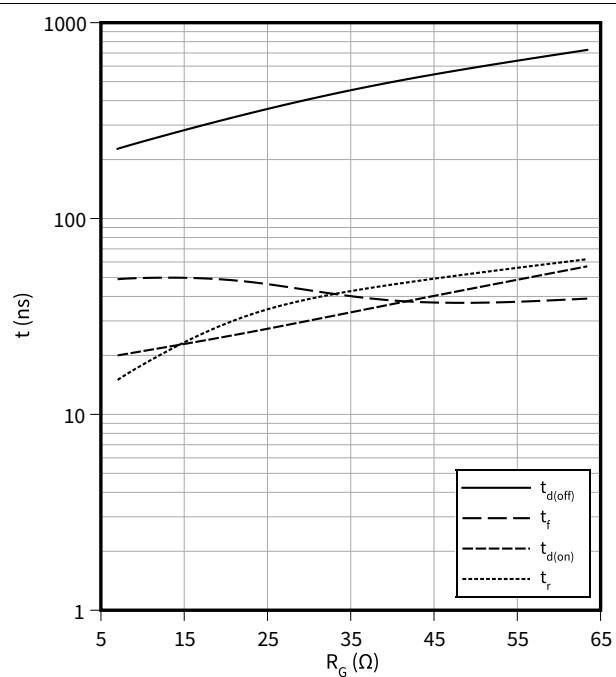
$$t = f(I_C)$$

$$V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}, T_{vj} = 175 \text{ °C}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}, R_G = 23 \text{ } \Omega$$

**Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**

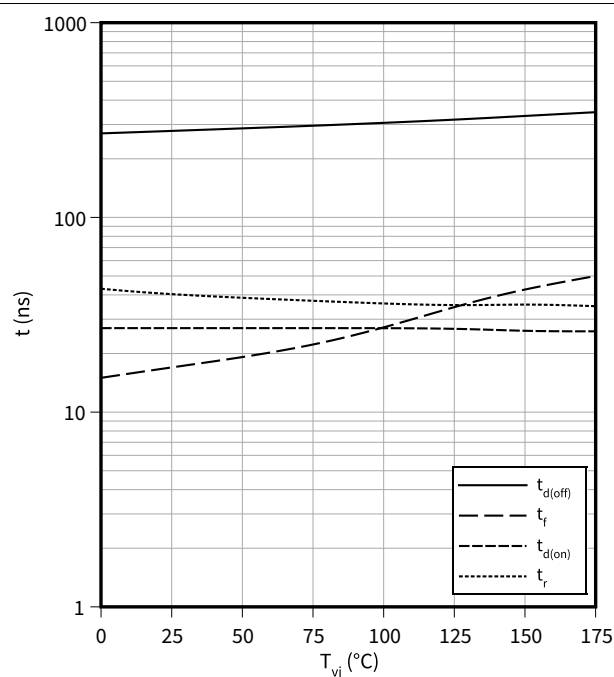
$$t = f(R_G)$$

$$I_C = 25 \text{ A}, V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}, T_{vj} = 175 \text{ °C}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$$

**Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**

$$t = f(T_{vj})$$

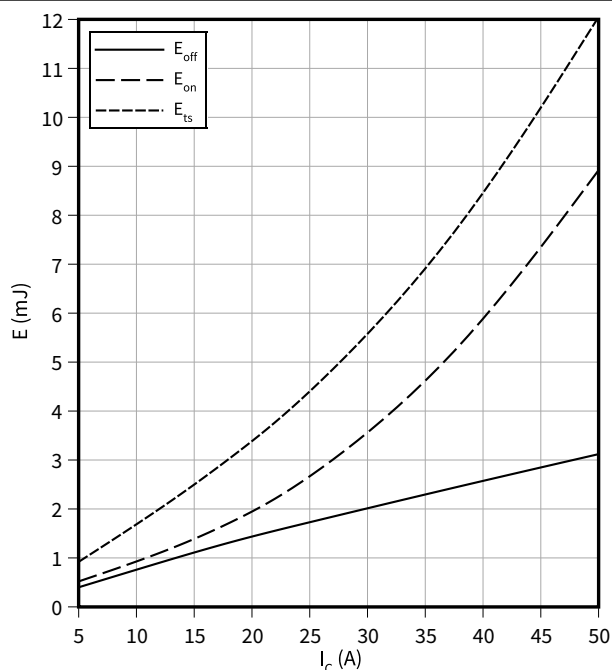
$$I_C = 25 \text{ A}, V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}, R_G = 23 \text{ } \Omega$$



4 Characteristics diagrams

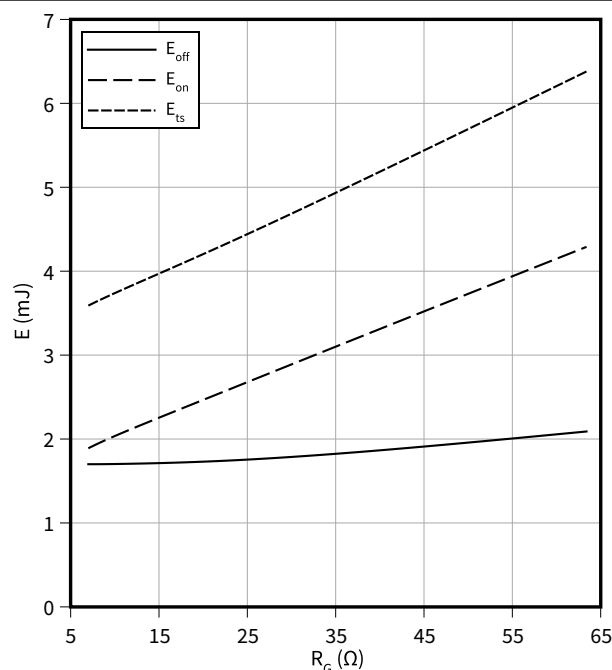
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_C)$$

 $V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}, T_{vj} = 175 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}, R_G = 23 \text{ } \Omega$


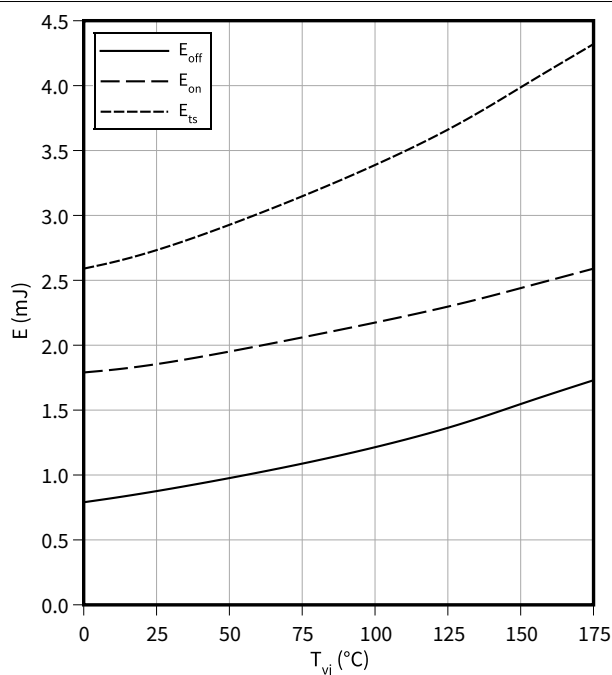
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_G)$$

 $I_C = 25 \text{ A}, V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}, T_{vj} = 175 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$


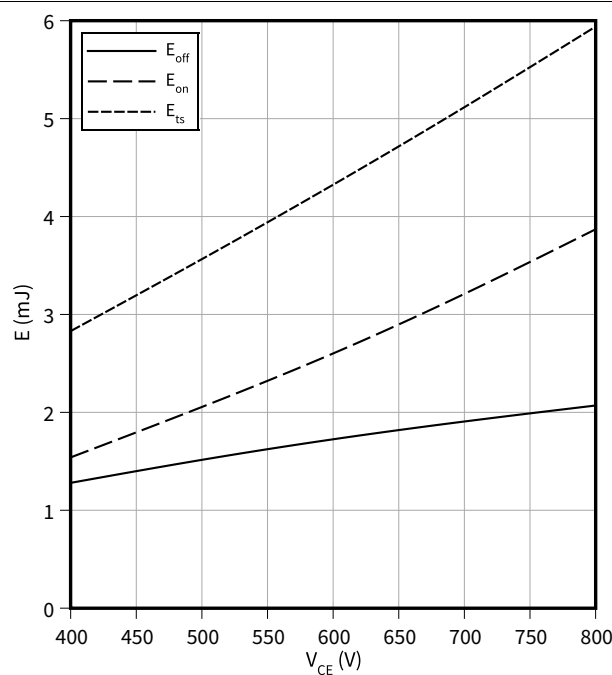
Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature

$$E = f(T_{vj})$$

 $I_C = 25 \text{ A}, V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}, R_G = 23 \text{ } \Omega$


Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage

$$E = f(V_{CE})$$

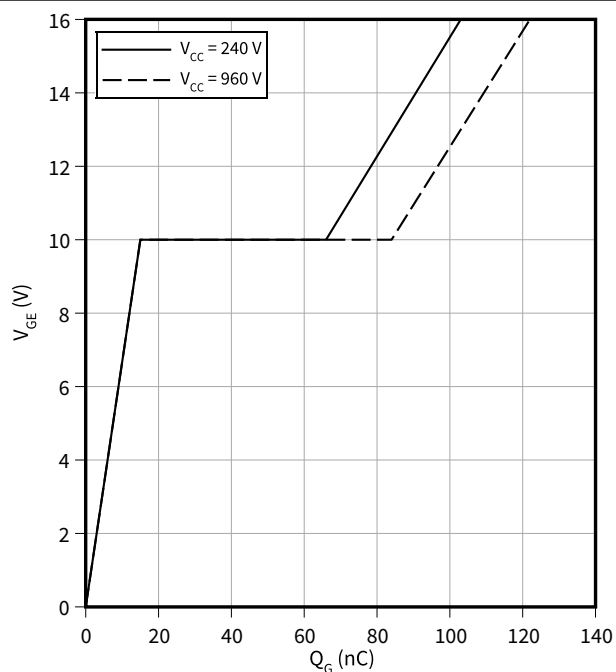
 $I_C = 25 \text{ A}, T_{vj} = 175 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}, R_G = 23 \text{ } \Omega$


4 Characteristics diagrams

Typical gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_G)$$

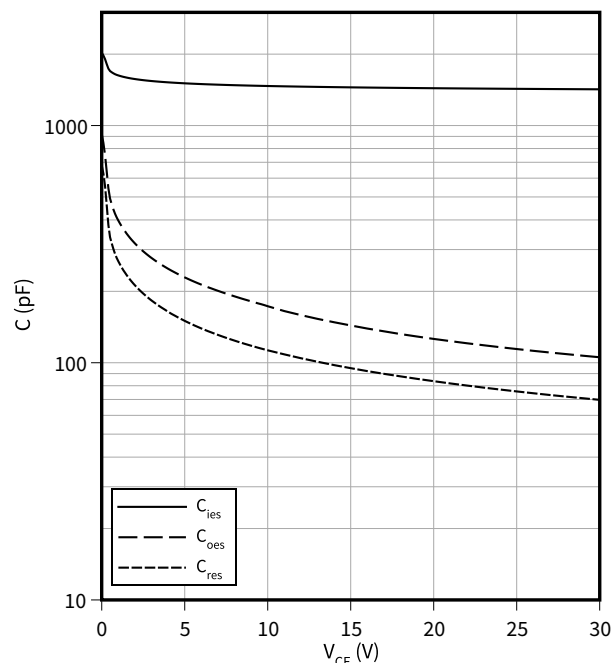
$$I_C = 25 \text{ A}$$



Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$$C = f(V_{CE})$$

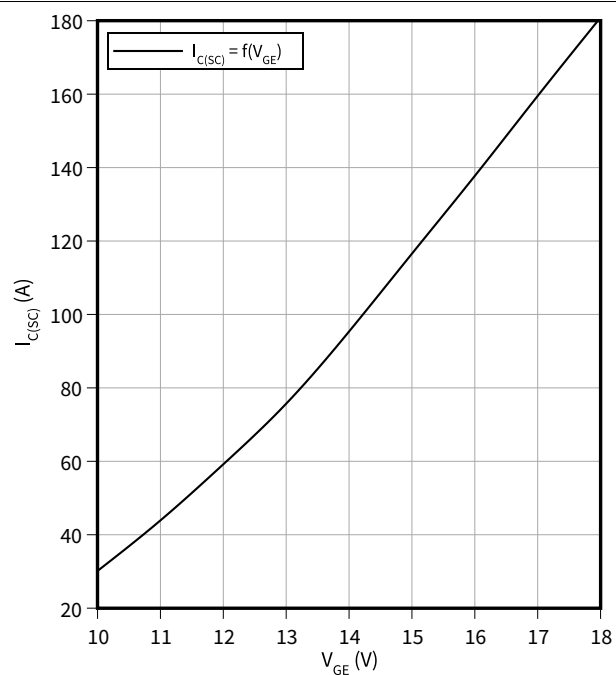
$$f = 1000 \text{ kHz}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$$



Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage

$$I_{C(SC)} = f(V_{GE})$$

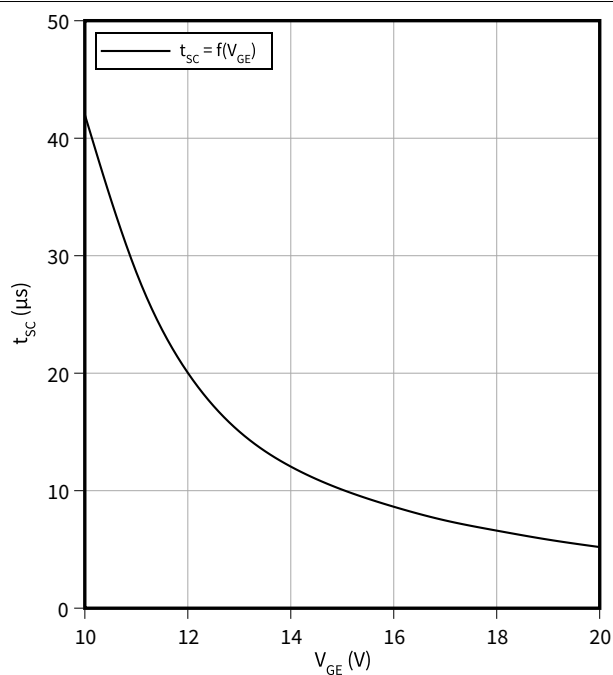
$$T_{vj, \text{start}} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC} \leq 600 \text{ V}$$



Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage

$$t_{SC} = f(V_{GE})$$

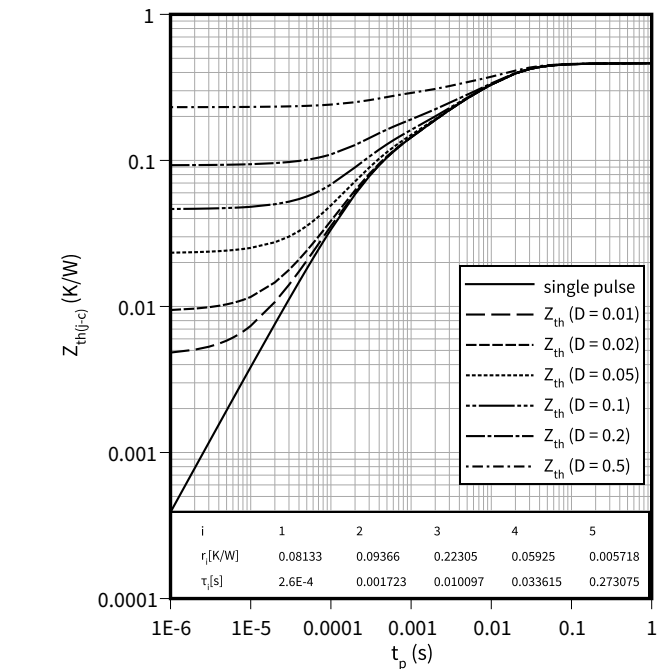
$$V_{CC} \leq 600 \text{ V}, T_{vj, \text{start}} \leq 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$



IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-c)} = f(t_p)$$

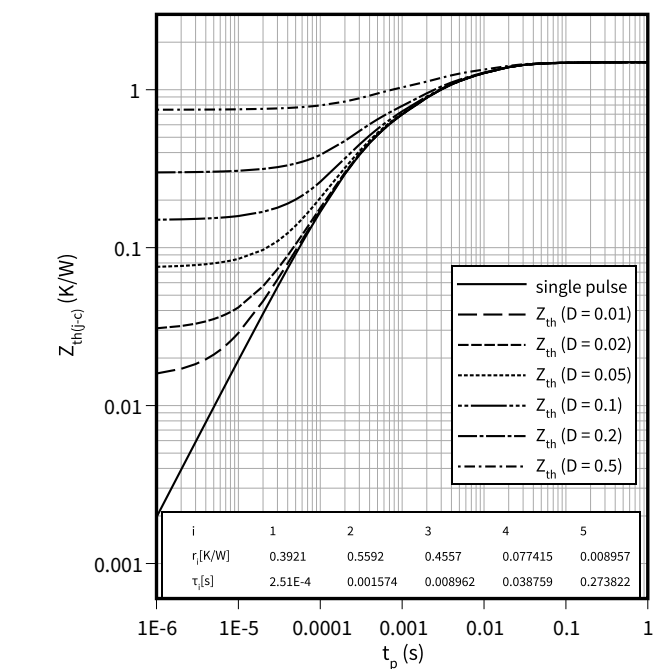
$$D = t_p/T$$



Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

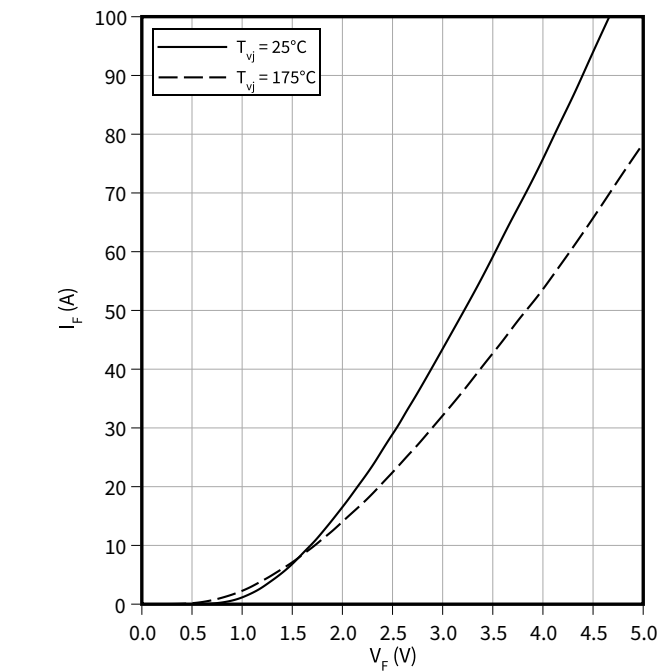
$$Z_{th(j-c)} = f(t_p)$$

$$D = t_p/T$$



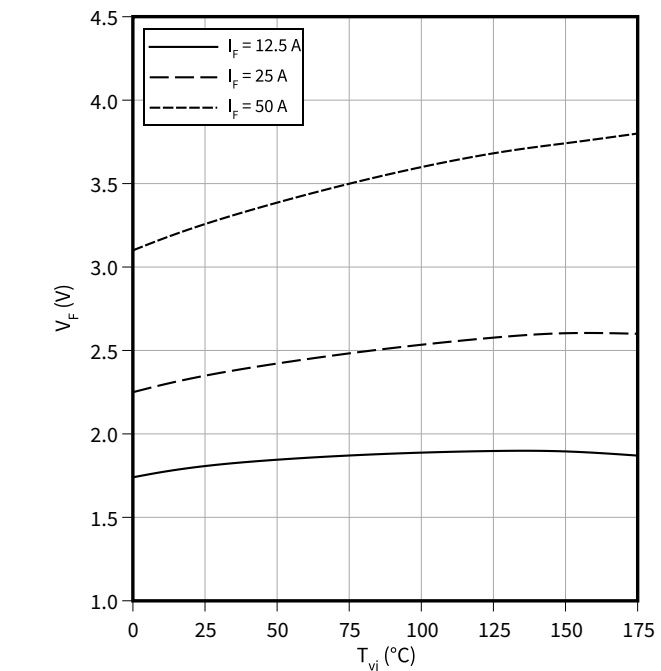
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

$$V_F = f(T_{vj})$$

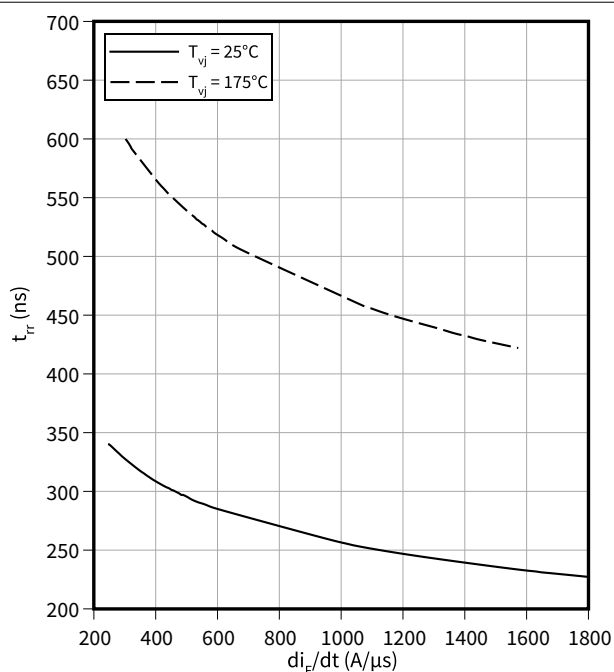


4 Characteristics diagrams

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope

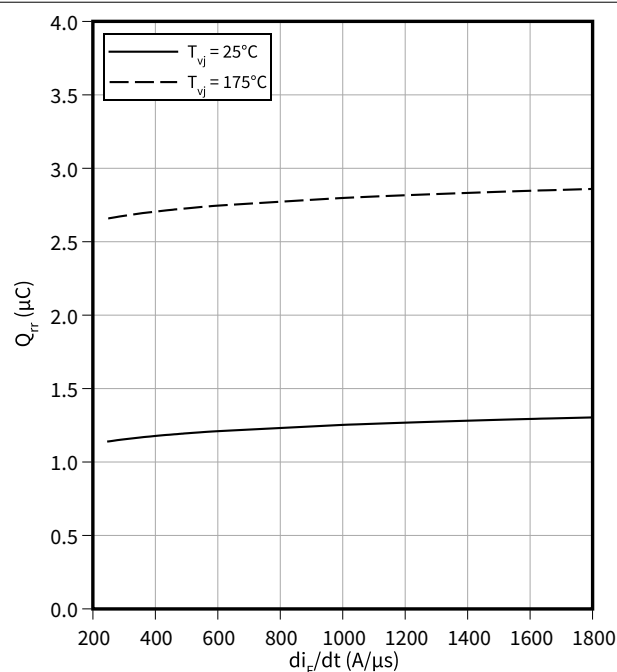
$$t_{rr} = f(di_F/dt)$$

$$V_R = 600 \text{ V}, I_F = 25 \text{ A}$$

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope**

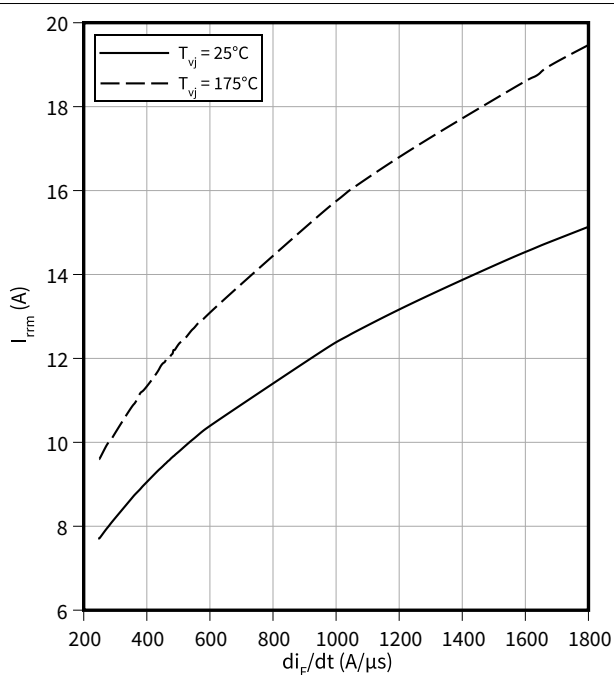
$$Q_{rr} = f(di_F/dt)$$

$$V_R = 600 \text{ V}, I_F = 25 \text{ A}$$

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope**

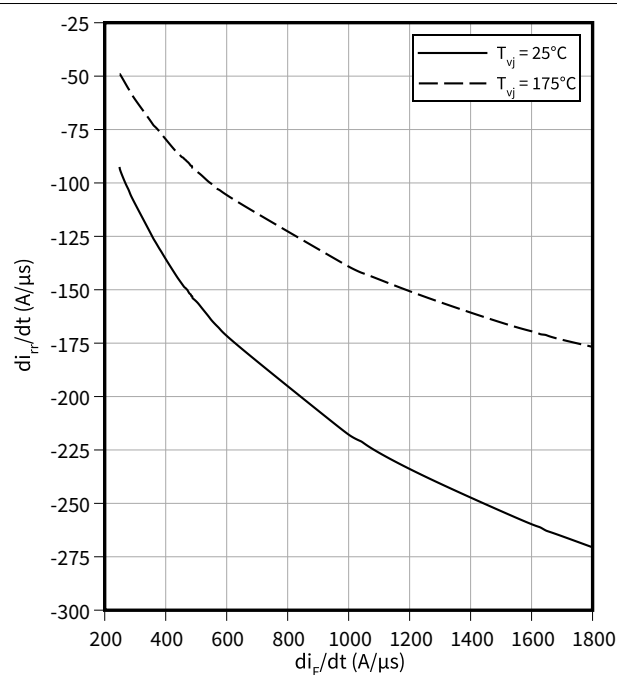
$$I_{rrm} = f(di_F/dt)$$

$$V_R = 600 \text{ V}, I_F = 25 \text{ A}$$

**Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope**

$$di_{rr}/dt = f(di_F/dt)$$

$$V_R = 600 \text{ V}, I_F = 25 \text{ A}$$



5 Package outlines

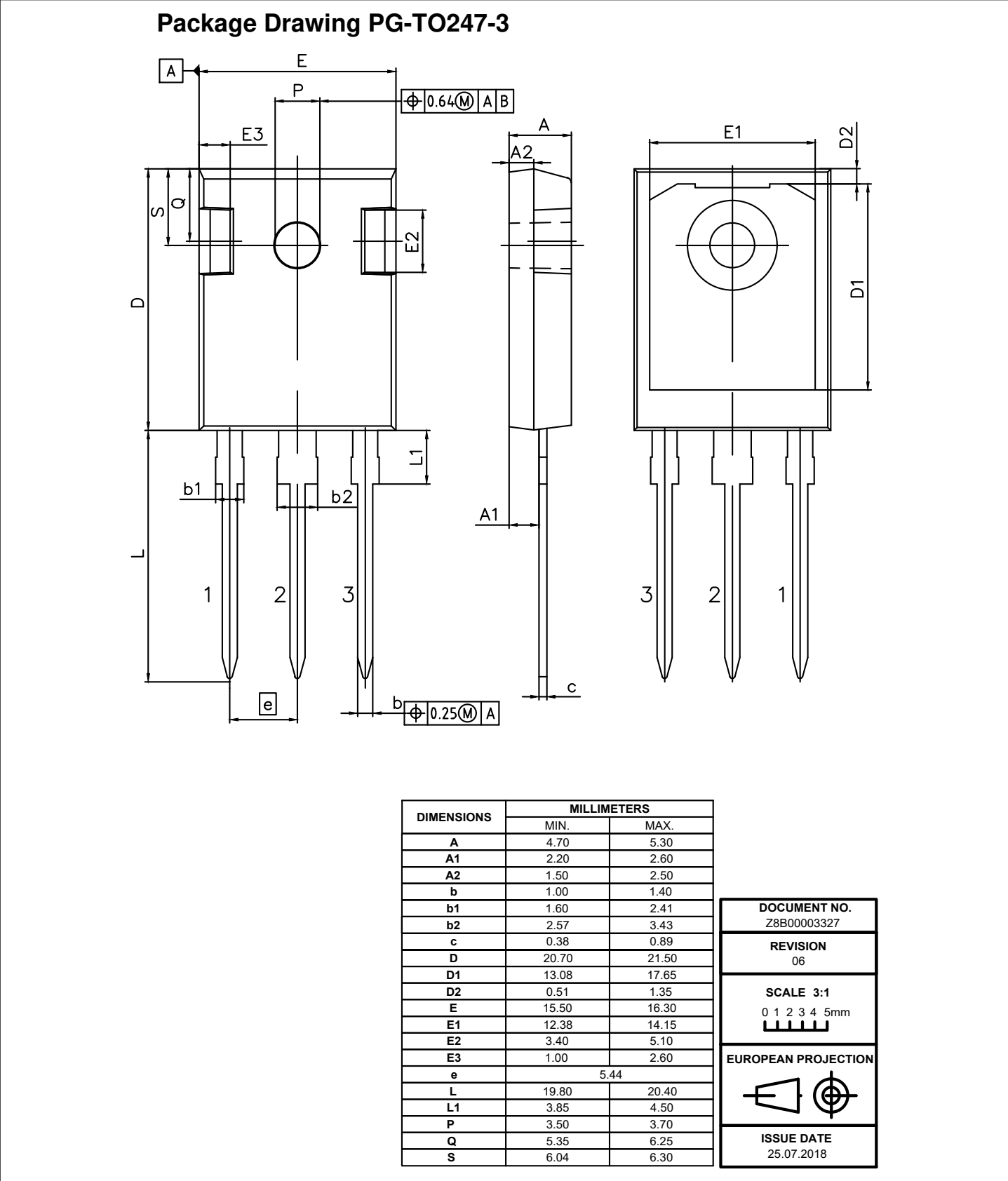


Figure 1

6 Testing conditions

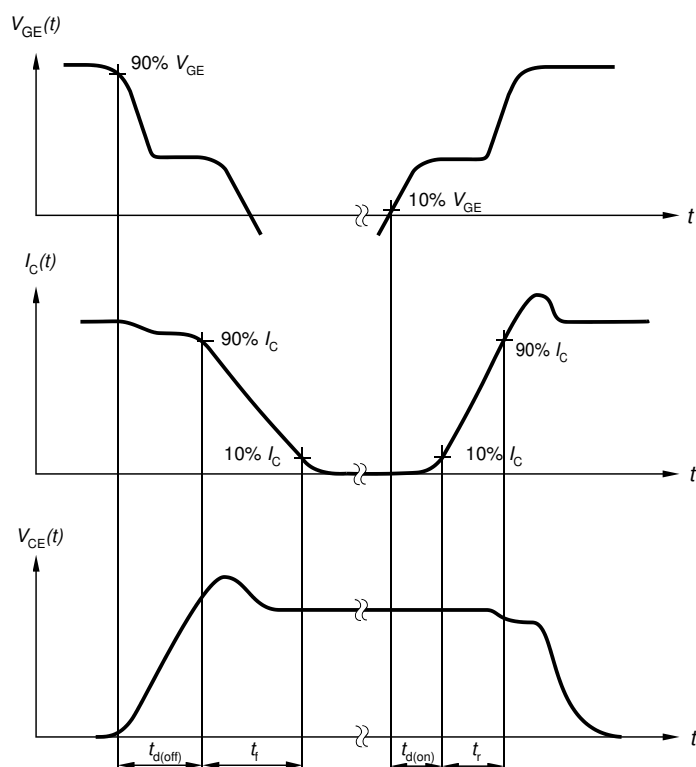


Figure A. Definition of switching times

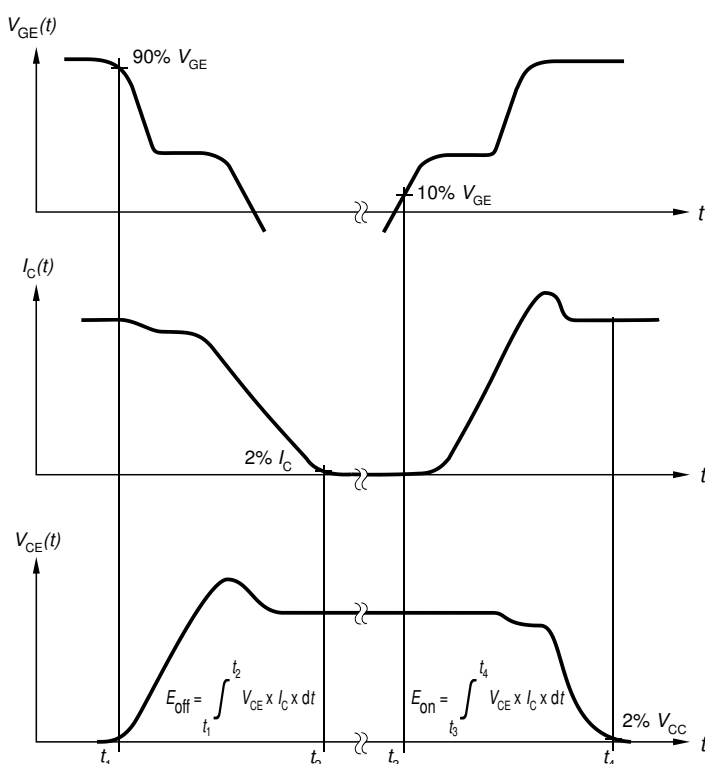


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

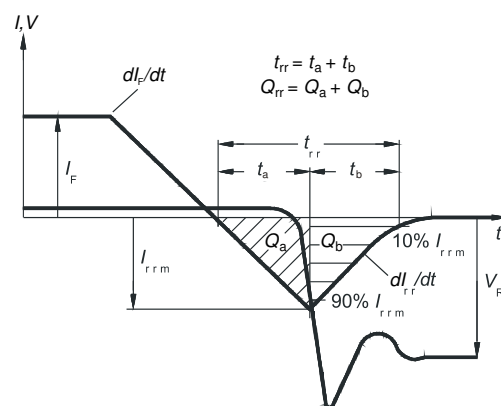


Figure C. Definition of diode switching characteristics

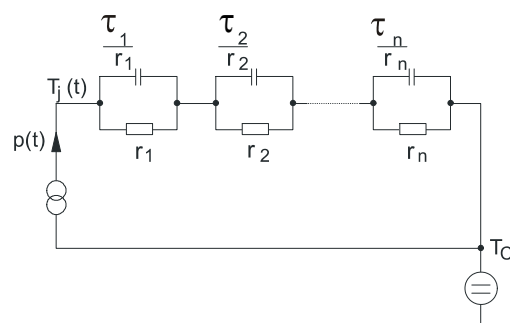


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

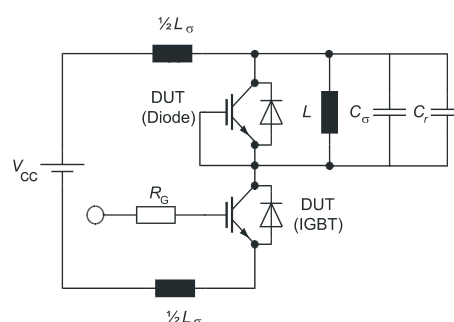


Figure E. **Dynamic test circuit**
 Parasitic inductance L_σ ,
 parasitic capacitor C_σ ,
 relief capacitor C_r ,
 (only for ZVT switching)

Figure 2

Revision history

Document revision	Date of release	Description of changes
V1.1	2009-11-27	Target datasheet
V1.2	2010-02-10	Preliminary datasheet
V2.1	2014-12-01	Final data sheet
V2.2	2015-09-23	Minor change figure 28
n/a	2020-11-30	Datasheet migrated to a new system with a new layout and new revision number schema: target or preliminary datasheet = 0.xy; final datasheet = 1.xy
1.10	2021-09-08	Update of legend at the diagram $V_F = f(T_{vj})$
1.20	2025-06-12	Added transient Gate-emitter voltage Editorial changes

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Edition 2025-06-12

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG
81726 Munich, Germany

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Document reference
IFX-AAK486-006

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