GTM_TIM_Capture_1 for KIT_AURIX_TC375_LK PWM input capturing via TIM

AURIX™ TC3xx Microcontroller Training V1.0.0





Scope of work

The Timer Input Module (TIM) of the GTM is used to capture an external PWM signal and calculate the PWM signal frequency and duty cycle.

The TIM is used in capture mode. The data from the captured PWM signal is used to calculate the PWM signal frequency and duty cycle in software. The frequency and the duty cycle are then stored in variables.





GTM TIM

GTM TOM

- The Generic Timer Module (GTM) is a modular timer unit designed to accommodate many timer applications
- The Timer Input Module (TIM) is responsible for filtering and capturing input signals of the GTM
- The Clock Management Unit (CMU) is responsible for clock generation of the GTM. The Configurable Clock Generation Subunit (CFGU) provides eight clock sources for the GTM submodules: TIM, TBU, MON and ATOM





GTM TIM

GTM TOM

- The GTM has an in-built Timer Output Module (TOM) that can offer 16 independent channels to generate output signals
- The Clock Management Unit (CMU) is responsible for clock generation of the GTM. The Fixed Clock Generation (FXU) is one of its subunits and it provides five predefined non-configurable clocks for GTM modules, including the TOM

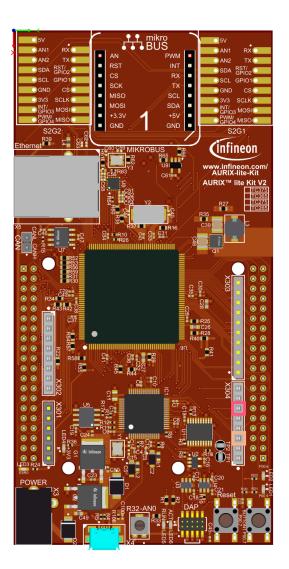


Hardware setup

This code example has been developed for the board KIT_A2G_TC375_LITE.

Connect the TIM input port pin P02.0 with the TOM output port pin P02.3.

X304		
	8	P02.4
	7	P02.5
	6	P02.3
	5	P10.4
	4	P02.1
	3	P02.0
	2	P15.2 - UART_TX
	1	P15.3 - UART_RX





Configuring the TIM

The configuration of the TIM is done by calling the initialization function *init_TIM()*, containing the following steps:

- Enable the GTM by calling the function IfxGtm_enable()
- Enable the CMU clock 0 by calling the function IfxGtm_Cmu_enableClocks()
- Initialize an instance of the IfxGtm_Tim_In_Config structure with the default parameters by calling the iLLD function IfxGtm_Tim_In_initConfig()
- The IfxGtm_Tim_In_Config structure allows the setting of multiple parameters in order to initialize the module, including the following:
 - filter.inputPin Selection of the input port pin of the TIM (port pin P02.0 in this example)
 - filter.inputPinMode Selection of the input mode for the input port pin of the TIM (IfxPort_InputMode_pulldown in this example)
- After setting the configuration parameters, the function IfxGtm_Tim_In_init() applies the user configuration to the module

All the functions used for the configuration of the TIM are provided by the iLLD header *IfxGtm_Tim_In.h*.

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Implementation

Configuring the TOM

The configuration of the TOM is done by calling the function **generate_PWM()** containing the following steps:

- Enable the FXU clocks by calling the function IfxGtm_Cmu_enableClocks()
- Initialize an instance of the structure IfxGtm_Tom_Pwm_Config with its default values by calling the function IfxGtm_Tom_Pwm_initConfig()
- The IfxGtm_Tom_Pwm_Config structure allows to set the following parameters to initialize the module:
 - tom Selection of the TOM which is counting
 - tomChannel Selection of the channel which is driving the output port pin
 - period Setting of the period for the PWM signal to the desired value
 - dutyCycle Setting of the duty cycle of the PWM signal to the desired value
 - pin.outputPin Selection of the output port pin
 - synchronousUpdateEnable Enabling of Synchronous Update of the timer
 - clock Selection of the clock used for the generation of the PWM



Configuring the TOM

- After setting the configuration parameters, the function IfxGtm_Tom_Pwm_init() applies the user configuration to the module
- Start the PWM with the function IfxGtm_Tom_Pwm_start()

All the functions used for the configuration of the TOM are provided by the iLLD header *IfxGtm_Tom_Pwm.h*.

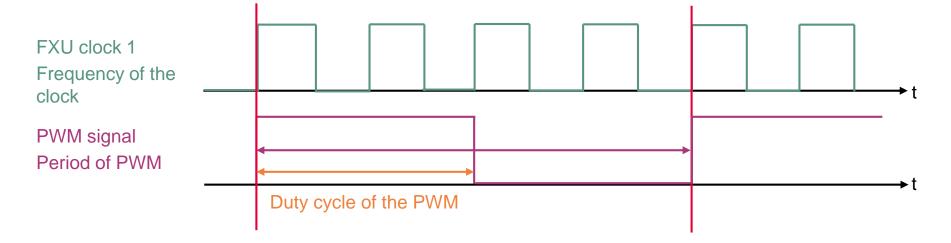


PWM generation example

The FXU clock 1 frequency (f_{fxclk1}) is 6.250 MHz in this example. The period value to have the desired PWM frequency (f_{PWM}) is calculated with the following formula:

$$Period = \frac{f_{fxclk1}}{f_{PWM}}$$

In this example: $Period = \frac{6.250 \text{ MHz}}{125 \text{ Hz}} = 50000 \text{ ticks} \Rightarrow 8 \text{ ms}$





Measuring PWM frequency and duty cycle

The measurement of the PWM frequency and duty cycle is done by calling the function *measure_PWM()* containing the following steps:

- Update the measured PWM data by calling the iLLD function IfxGtm_Tim_In_update()
- Get the PWM period in seconds with the iLLD function IfxGtm_Tim_In_getPeriodSecond()
- Calculate the PWM frequency with the formula: frequency(Hz) = 1 / period(s)
- Get the PWM duty cycle by calling the iLLD function IfxGtm_Tim_In_getDutyPercent()

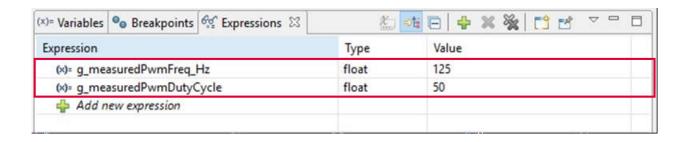
All the iLLD functions above are provided by the iLLD header *IfxGtm_Tim_In.h*.



Run and Test

After code compilation and flashing the device, perform the following steps:

- Add the variables g_measuredPwmFreq_Hz and g_measuredPwmDutyCycle to the Watch Expressions on the debugger
- Suspend the program to check the value of the variables



References





- > AURIX™ Development Studio is available online:
- https://www.infineon.com/aurixdevelopmentstudio
- Use the "Import…" function to get access to more code examples.



- More code examples can be found on the GIT repository:
- https://github.com/Infineon/AURIX code examples



- For additional trainings, visit our webpage:
- https://www.infineon.com/aurix-expert-training



- For questions and support, use the AURIX™ Forum:
- https://www.infineonforums.com/forums/13-Aurix-Forum

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