

Infineon ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolators design guide

About this document

Scope and purpose

This document introduces Infineon's ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolators and gives design guidance for system engineers designing galvanical isolation in high-voltage (HV) applications.

Intended audience

This document is intended for design engineers who want to design with Infineon's digital isolators for isolation purposes in HV applications.

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1 Introduction to Infineon ISOFACE™ digital isolators

Galvanic isolation provides level-shift functions, improves electrical noise immunity and ensures safety in HV applications. To meet the continually growing requirements for isolation in industrial applications, Infineon Technologies is introducing the first generation of ISOFACE™ digital isolators, providing high robustness while ensuring accurate timing performance and low power consumption.

1.1 Isolation technology

This first digital isolator family uses Infineon's patented coreless transformer (CT) technology to isolate the signals crossing different voltage domains. It is a magnetically coupled isolated technology, which uses semiconductor manufacturing processes to integrate an on-chip transformer consisting of metal spirals separated by a silicon dioxide (SiO_2) insulation barrier, as shown in Figure 1. The on-chip CTs are used to transmit signals between the input and output chips. In addition, functions such as glitch filter, communication modulation, watchdog and undervoltage lockout (UVLO) are integrated to ensure robust and fail-safe data transmission even in critical industrial environments where high voltages and noises are present.

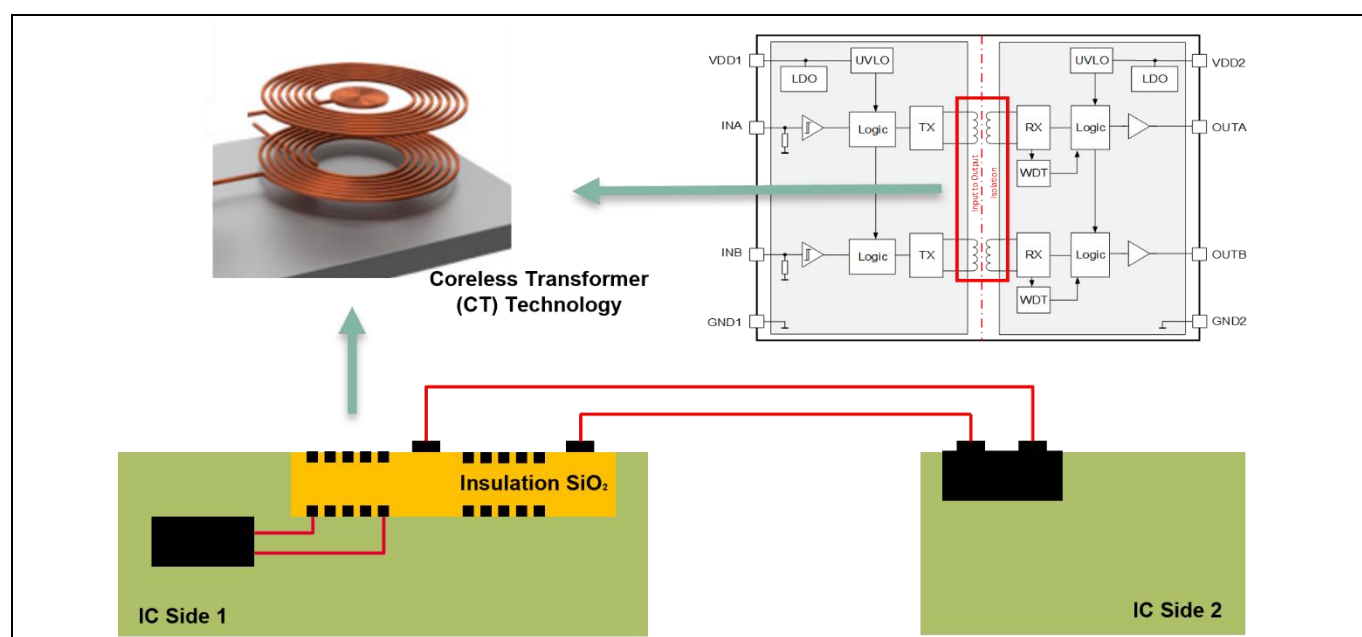


Figure 1 Cross-section of Infineon's CT, used in the ISOFACE™ digital isolator products

1.2 Product features

Infineon's ISOFACE™ digital isolators are designed to meet challenging requirements in industrial applications and have the following features:

- High common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) of more than 100 kV/ μs
- High or low fail-safe default output options available
- Wide operating supply voltage from 2.7 to 6.5 V (absolute maximum 7.5 V)
- Accurate timing performance with 26 ns typical propagation delay and -5/+6 ns spread
- Low power consumption with maximum 6.4 mA at 3.3 V and 1 Mbps
- Comparative tracking index (CTI) greater than 600 V and material group I

1.3 Product variants overview

Product variants with different channel configurations, fail-safe default output states and output enable polarities are available, as listed in [Table 1](#).

Table 1 Product variants of Infineon ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolator family

Part number	Channel configuration	Default output state	Output enable	Isolation rating	Package
4DIR0400H	4 forward 0 reverse (4+0)	Low	Active-high	$V_{ISO} = 5700 V_{RMS}$ (UL1577 Ed. 5)	PG-DSO-16 wide-body 10.3 x 10.3 mm
4DIR0401H		High			
4DIR1400H	3 forward 1 reverse (3+1)	Low			
4DIR1401H		High			
4DIR2400H	2 forward 2 reverse (2+2)	Low			
4DIR2401H		High			
4DIR1420H	3 forward 1 reverse (3+1)	Low	Active-low		
4DIR1421H		High			

The suitable target applications are:

- AC-DC power supply unit (PSU) for telecom and server applications
- High-side floating driver gate control for GaN with integrated power stage (GaN-IPS)
- Isolated UART/CAN/SPI communication

2 Selection guide for ISOFACE™ digital isolators

Finding the right device from the ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolator family is not difficult, as they have certain common features but in different channel configurations and default output states to meet requirements across various industrial applications. However, there are some important considerations when selecting the right digital isolator, depending on the application requirements.

• Data rate

The ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolator family provides a single data rate of maximum 40 Mbps, which is suitable for isolating gate drive signals in switched-mode power supply (SMPS) applications and for isolating low/medium-speed communication interfaces. [Table 2](#) summarizes the applications that are suitable for the given data rate.

Table 2 Suitable applications for ISOFACE™ digital isolators with maximum 40 Mbps data rate

ISOFACE™ digital isolator	Part number	Maximum data rate	SMPS applications	Isolated communication interfaces
Quad-channel digital isolator	4DIRx4xxH	40 Mbps	Up to 20 MHz switching frequency	Isolated UART, CAN and SPI communication ¹

• Isolation specification requirements

Isolation withstand voltage, together with package requirements such as creepage, clearance, CTI and pollution degree, are the parameters mainly used to select the right digital isolator for the application.

For instance, Infineon's ISOFACE™ 4DIRx4xxH digital isolators have minimum 8 mm creepage and clearance, and a CTI of more than 600 V can withstand 5700 V_{RMS} isolation voltage (V_{ISO}) according to UL 1577. They are suitable for applications that require reinforced isolation. [Table 3](#) gives an overview of the isolation specifications of ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolators.

Table 3 Isolation specifications of ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolators

ISOFACE™ digital isolator	Part number	Minimum creepage and clearance	Suitable isolation type	Maximum isolation voltage V _{ISO} (UL 1577)	Maximum working voltage (V _{IOWM})	Maximum surge isolation voltage (V _{IOSM})
Quad-channel digital isolator	4DIRx4xxH	8 mm	Reinforced isolation	5700 V _{RMS}	800 V _{RMS} ²	11 kV _{pk}

¹ The maximum communication speed is dependent on the PWD and complete loop delay caused by digital isolator, transceiver and cable.

² Reinforced isolation, pollution degree 2, material group I.

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• Channel configuration

Determining channel configuration means choosing the number of channels and their direction. For instance, a 4+0 (four forward channels) quad-channel digital isolator is suitable for isolated gate drive signal transfer (e.g., low- and high-side switches) in power converter topologies such as half-bridge or full-bridge. A 3+1 (three forward and one reverse) quad-channel digital isolator is often needed for serial peripheral interface (SPI) communication. On the other hand, 2+2 (two forward and two reverse) can be used for isolated gate drive signal transfer with fault feedback. [Table 4](#) summarizes the different possible channel configurations of the ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolators and their corresponding applications.

Table 4 Channel configurations and applications of ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolators

ISOFACE™ digital isolator	Isolation requirement	Part number	Channel configuration	Suitable applications
Quad-channel digital isolator	Reinforced isolation with isolation voltage (V_{iso}) up to 5700 V _{RMS}	4DIR04xxH	4 forward 0 reverse (4+0)	SPMS applications with full-bridge topologies
		4DIR14xxH	3 forward 1 reverse (3+1)	SMPS applications, isolated SPI and RS-485 communication interfaces
		4DIR24xxH	2 forward 2 reverse (2+2)	SMPS applications, isolated UART and CAN communication interface

• Fail-safe default output state

Fail-safe default output state indicates the output condition when the input channel of a digital isolator is unpowered or the input pins are open. This is an important criterion for selecting the right digital isolator depending on the application. Typically, default low output state is preferred when the digital isolators are used to isolate the gate driving signals, for example in SMPS applications. The output of digital isolators stays safely off whenever any error happens on the input side. On the other hand, for isolating communication interfaces, it is preferred to have a default high output, because most communication buses are defined as high logic level when the bus is in idle state. [Table 5](#) shows the preferred default output states for different applications.

Table 5 Preferred default output state of ISOFACE™ digital isolators for different applications

Application	Default output state	Part number
Isolating gate drive signals in SMPS applications	Low	4DIRx4x0H
Isolating communication interfaces such as CAN, UART, SPI, RS-485	High	4DIRx4x1H

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• Common mode transient immunity

CMTI is defined as the ability of a digital isolator to withstand fast changes in the potential difference between its grounds. A high CMTI value, typically specified in kV/μs, indicates a robust isolation technology and fail-free data transmission even under the critical condition of fast transients at high switching frequencies.

ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolators provide the benchmark highest CMTI of 100 kV/μs minimum currently on the market, and are the best choices for high power density designs using SiC/GaN that can have high dv/dt (more than 100 kV/μs) and motor control applications that have high common-mode noise.

Figure 2 gives an overview of how to select the right device from the ISOFACE™ digital isolator family according to key parameters and application requirements.

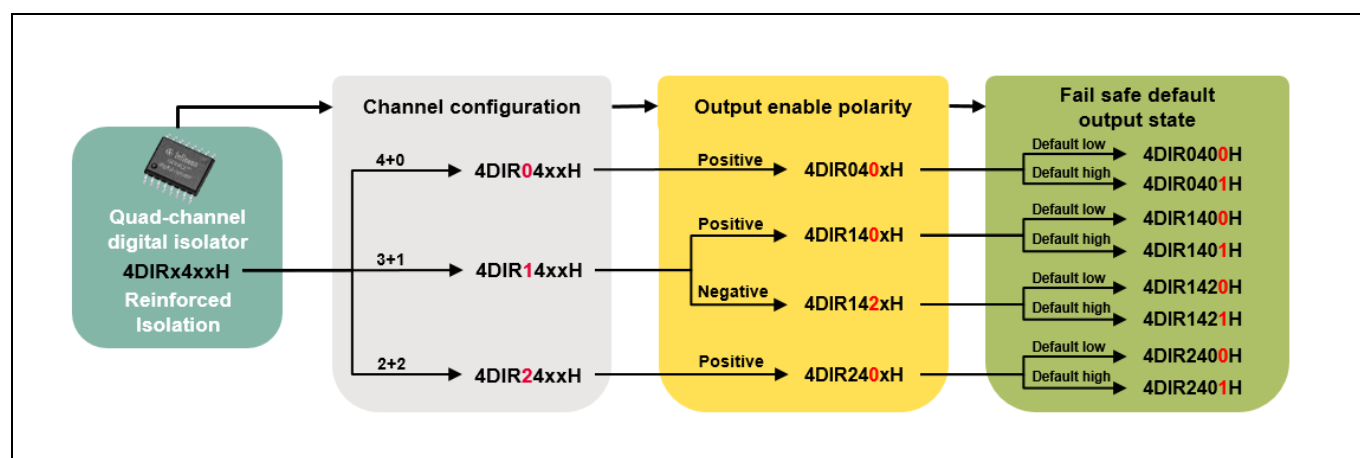


Figure 2 Selection guide for ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolator

3 PCB design guidelines

3.1 PCB material

As Infineon's quad-channel digital isolators have a maximum data rate of 40 Mbps, commonly used FR-4 material is suitable for the PCB. Its characteristics of slight moisture absorption, reliable insulation and considerable mechanical strength make it preferred over alternatives.

3.2 Board layer stack

To achieve a low EMI performance on a system using digital isolators with high data rate of up to 40 Mbps, it is highly recommended to design the system application board with a four-layer PCB design, described as follows:

- Layer 1: high-speed layer
This layer is intended for high-speed signal traces, for example signal inputs and signal outputs.
- Layer 2: ground layer
One ground layer is placed in between to provide the shielding effect.
- Layer 3: power layer
This layer is intended for all power supply traces for the digital isolator.
- Layer 4: low-speed or ground layer
If there are no low-speed signal traces available, this layer can be designed as a ground layer for better shielding.

The layer stacking is shown in [Figure 3](#).

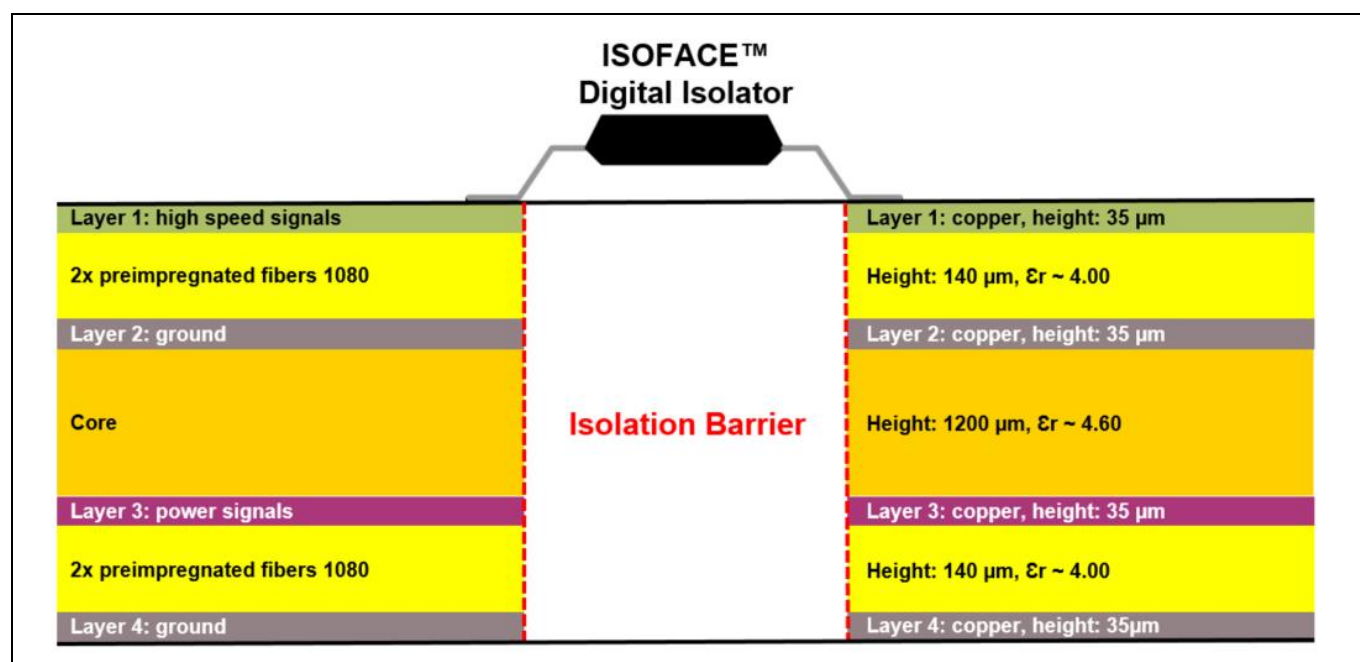


Figure 3 Layer stacking of the system design using digital isolators

3.3 Layout considerations

To design ISOFACE™ digital isolators in HV applications with a high data rate, there are some important layout considerations to ensure safe, fail-free data transmission. As [Figure 4](#) shows, using the example of ISOFACE™ 4DIR1400H, a digital isolator needs to be connected to high traces, power supplies and silent grounds.

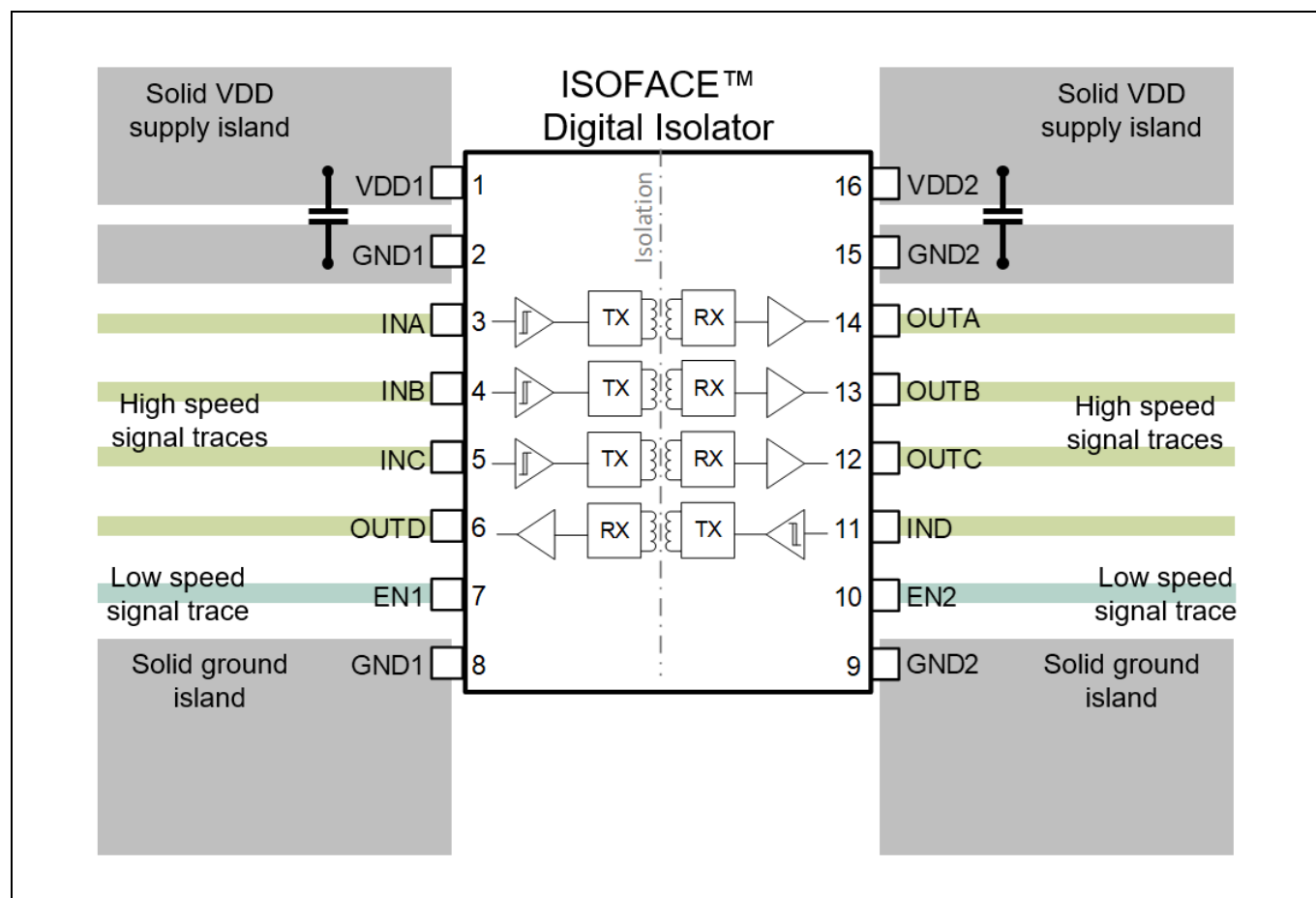


Figure 4 Layout considerations for designs with ISOFACE™ digital isolator

There are some rules to observe, as summarized below:

- Place solid power supply islands directly at the power supply VDD pins to reduce inductance caused by traces, as currents with high peak flow into the VDD pins especially at high data rates.
- Place high-frequency bypass capacitors as close as possible to the VDD and GND pins. It is highly recommended to use two bypass capacitors of 100 nF and 1 μ F on both sides at high data rates for smooth output signals.
- Place solid ground islands directly at the ground pins to help dissipate heat through the PCB.
- Route the high-speed signals on the top layer and avoid using vias to reduce parasitics, which could couple noises and influence the data transmission.
- Route the low-speed signals on the bottom layer, as they can tolerate more parasitics.

4 Typical applications for ISOFACE™ digital isolators

ISOFACE™ digital isolators provide both functional and safety isolation for HV applications. Together with non-isolated gate drivers, they are preferred in SMPS with high flexibility and integrated communication, especially with GaN-IPS. Together with transceivers or stand alone, they are suitable for the isolated communication interface.

4.1 Applications using quad-channel digital isolators

ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolators feature a wide supply range, high CMTI and CTI greater than 600 V_{RMS} to enable robust data transmission with high noise immunity in both SMPS applications and isolated communication interfaces.

• Telecom/Server power supply unit using 4DIR1400H

A power supply unit (PSU) for telecom and server SMPS applications is an AC-DC converter, which provides stable low-DC voltage outputs. The trend of PSU designs in recent years has been toward increased power density with optimized cost. As high efficiency is a key parameter for a PSU, digital controllers are widely used as they provide more flexibility in control mechanism and communication ability. To ensure input-to-output safety isolation, a digital isolator with reinforced isolation is often utilized for transferring the PWM gate control signals and additional communication over the isolation barrier.

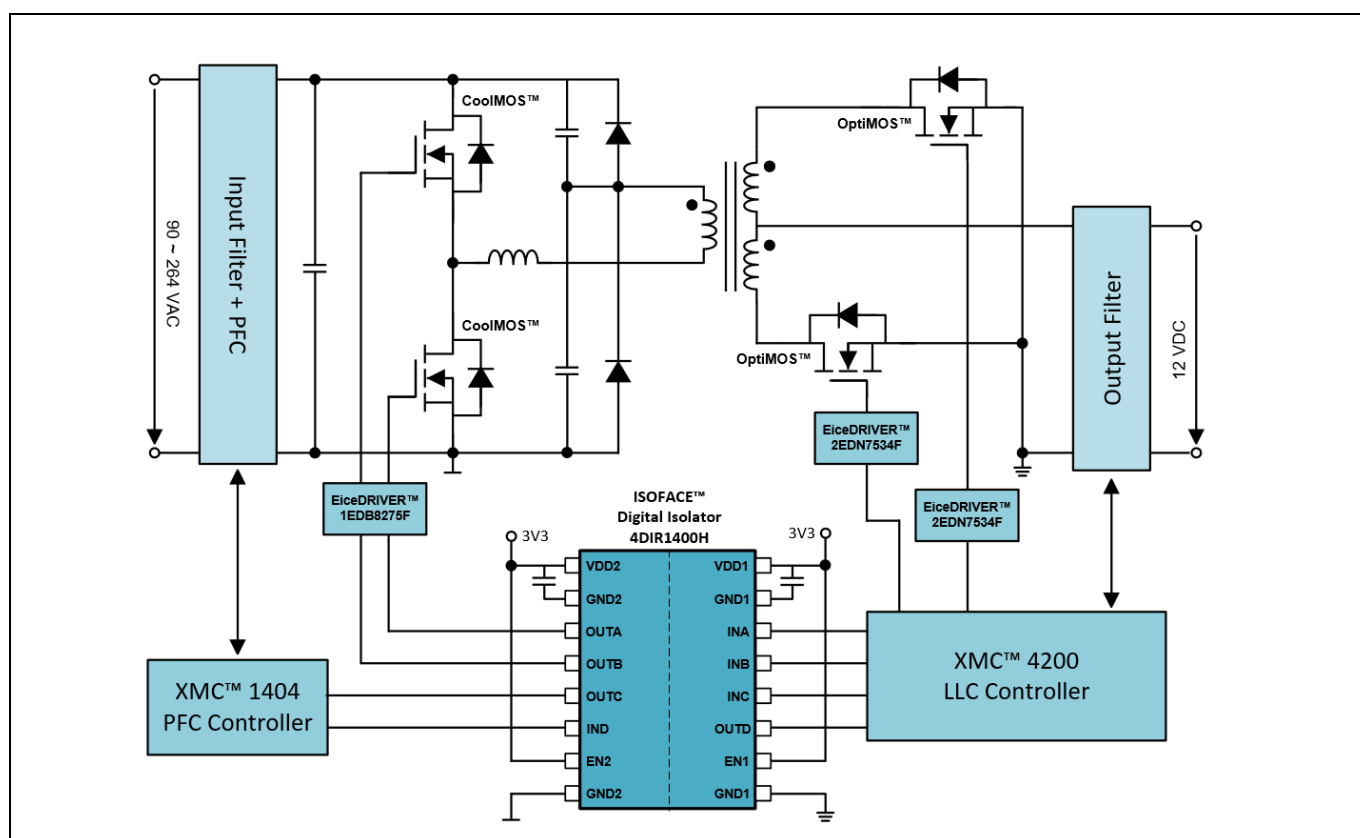


Figure 5 Server AC-DC PSU using 4DIR1400H

As an example, Figure 5 illustrates Infineon's solution for an isolated PSU, which employs XMC™ microcontrollers on the primary side to control the power factor correction (PFC) stage and on the secondary side to control the LLC half-bridge converter. The digital LLC controller placed on the secondary side ensures the precise synchronous rectification to achieve the highest efficiency. The half-bridge gate drive signals (high-

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and low-side) are transferred to the primary side through two forward channels of the digital isolator 4DIR1400H. The other two channels are used for UART communication between LLC and PFC digital controllers. This UART communication includes the information of input voltage, bus voltage, output voltage and current for efficient output regulation and protection purposes.

Together with Infineon's comprehensive portfolio of [XMC™ microcontrollers](#), [EiceDRIVER™ gate driver ICs](#), and power switches such as [OptiMOS™](#), [CoolMOS™](#), [CoolSiC™](#), and [CoolGaN™](#), they create a complete system solution that meets the growing isolation requirements in modern power electronics applications.

• Isolated CAN communication

[Controller area network \(CAN\)](#) communication has been widely used in industrial and automotive applications. It has the advantage that only a single pair of cables (two communication lines) is needed at the physical layer for data transmission. When it comes to ensuring safety or preventing noise interference in an isolated CAN interface with additional functions such as standby mode control, the ISOFACE™ quad-channel digital isolator 4DIR2401H stands out as a top choice for providing galvanic isolation. This reliable isolator offers high CMTI and very low pulse-width distortion (PWD), which are crucial features for achieving reliable communication. Additionally, the isolator's default high output state ensures that the communication line (typically in a logic high during the idle state) will remain unblocked even in the event of a failure, preventing potential power supply loss on the input side. Two channels (one forward and one reverse) are used for CAN communication; the other two channels can be used for GPIO purposes such as standby or mode control.

Together with Infineon's [CAN transceiver TLE9251](#), an example of an isolated CAN interface is illustrated in [Figure 6](#). ISOFACE™ 4DIR2401H is placed between the controller and the transceiver to provide galvanic isolation.

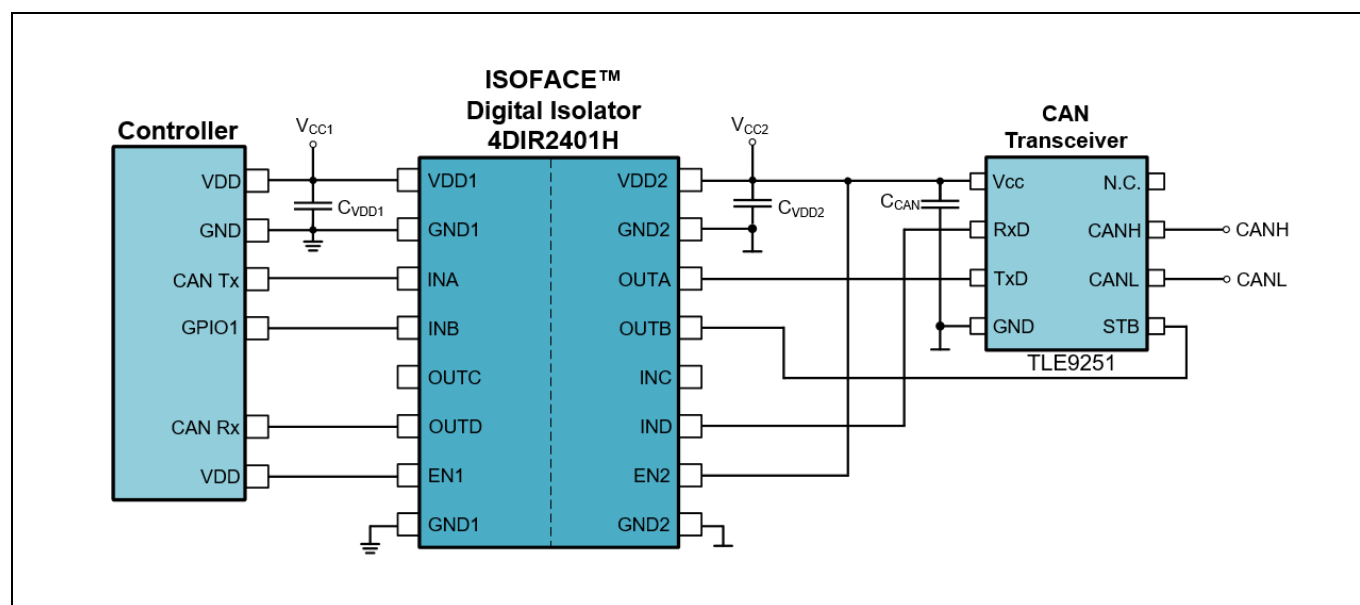


Figure 6 Isolated CAN communication using ISOFACE™ 2DIB1411F

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Typical applications for ISOFACE™ digital isolators

• Isolated SPI communication 4DIR1421H

SPI is one of the most widely used interfaces between microcontrollers and peripheral ICs such as sensors or memory storage devices. When communication takes place between systems with different grounds, digital isolators are preferred for isolation. Figure 7 shows the typical isolated SPI using ISOFACE™ 3+1 digital isolator 4DIR1421H. With its negative enable pin /EN1 on the master side, it can be connected to the /CS pin of the master device directly. This reduces the need for an inverter.

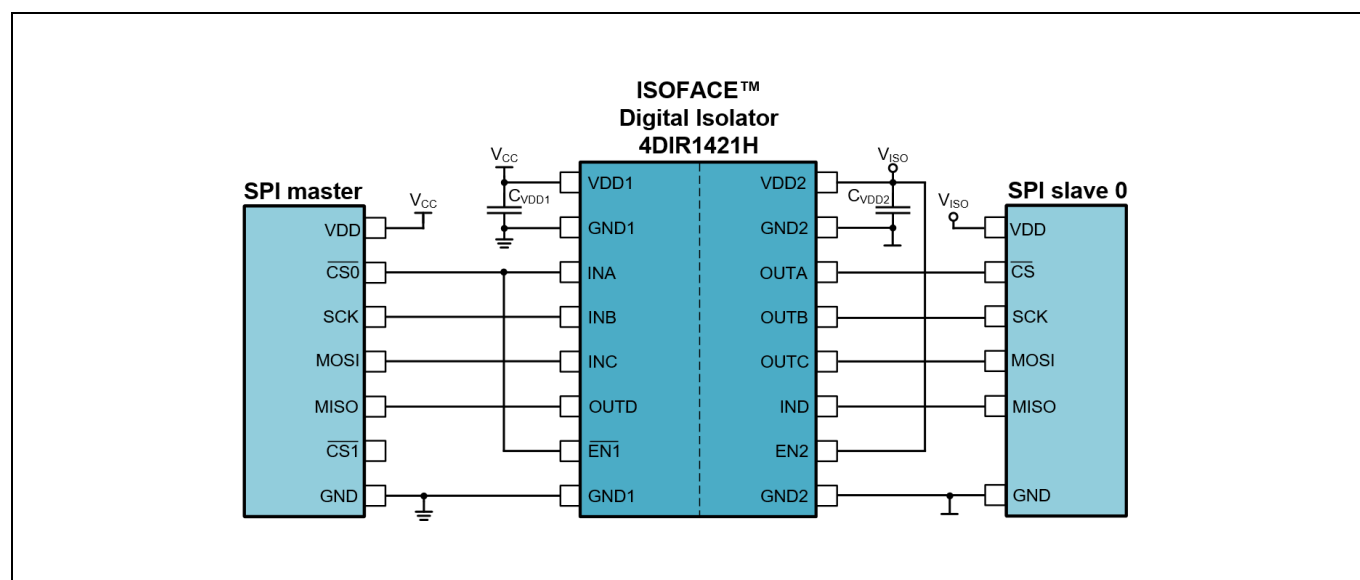


Figure 7 Isolated SPI communication using 4DIR1421H

• Isolated RS-485 communication using 4DIR1400H

The RS-485 interface has been used in a wide range of industrial automation systems, and its main advantages are good noise immunity and long cabling length. Because RS-485 is typically used to connect multiple systems, isolation between each system and the bus is necessary. As one transceiver is needed to connect to the RS-485 communication bus, ISOFACE™ digital isolator 4DIR1400H should be placed between the transceiver and the local system controller, as shown in Figure 8.

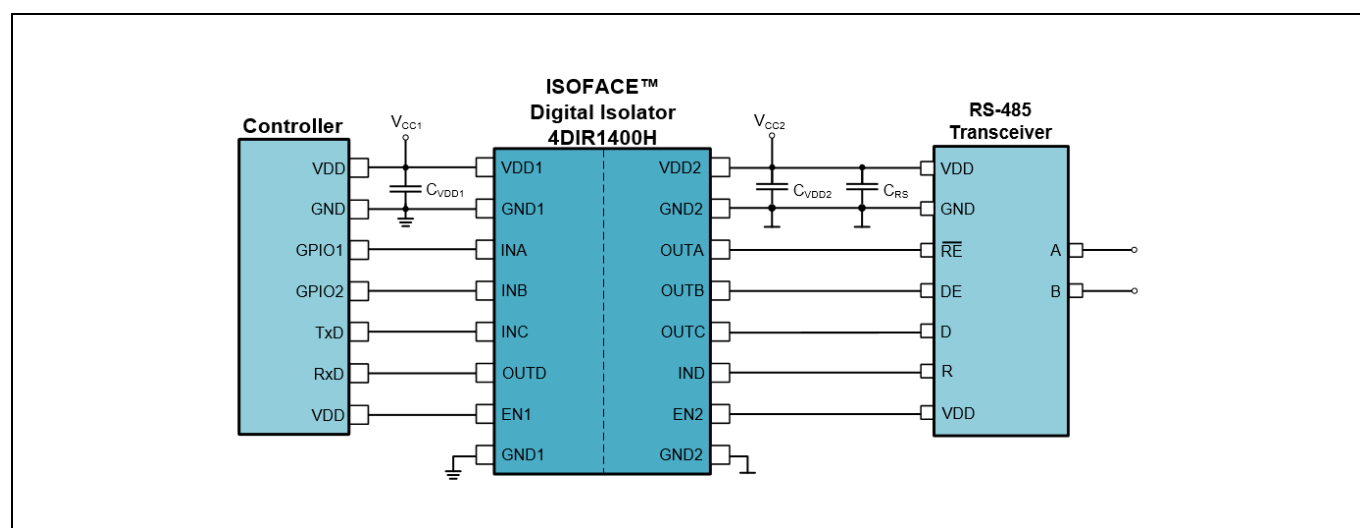


Figure 8 Isolated RS-485 interface using 4DIR1400H

Revision history

Document version	Date of release	Description of changes
V 1.0	2023-08-21	Initial release

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