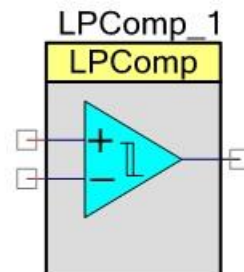


Low Power Comparator (LPComp_PDL)

1.0

Features

- Low input offset
- Internal reference voltage
- Multiple speed modes
- Low-power mode
- Wake from low power modes
- Multiple interrupt and output modes
- Peripheral Driver Library (PDL) Component (PDL Application Programming Interface (API) only)



General Description

The Low Power (LP) Comparator PDL (LPComp_PDL) Component provides access to the low power comparators implemented using the fixed function LP comparator block that is present in PSoC 6.

The LPComp_PDL Component is a graphical configuration entity built on top of the LPComp driver available in the PDL. It allows schematic-based connections and hardware configuration as defined by the Component Configure dialog.

When to Use a LPComp_PDL

The main purpose of these comparators is to offer fast analog signal comparison of internal and external analog signals in all system power modes. The connection options are described as follows:

- Compare two voltages on external pins.
- Compare a voltage from an external pin against an internally generated analog signal through AMUXBUS.
- Compare a voltage from an external pin against the local voltage reference.
- Compare two internal voltages through AMUXBUS-A/AMUXBUS-B.

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The comparator output value can be inspected by the CPU. The comparator interrupt output signal is ORed together with interrupt output signal from the other low power comparator on the device as combined interrupt source. Interrupt is not cleared automatically. It is user responsibility to do that. This combined signal is available as the output of the global signal reference Component and can be used as an interrupt/wakeup source from deep-sleep mode. Refer to the [Operation in Low Power Mode](#) section for more details.

In PSoC 6 devices, the comparator output is available directly, or after synchronous edge detection as level or pulse. It can be used to trigger an interrupt, routed to digital logic, or sent to a pin. Refer to the [Functional Description](#) section for details.

Quick Start

1. Drag a LPComp_PDL Component from Component Catalog Analog/Comparators folder onto your schematic (the placed instance takes the name LPComp_1).
2. Drag a Analog Pin from the Component Catalog Cypress/Ports and Pins folder onto your schematic (the placed instance takes the name Pin_1). Connect it to the positive LPComp_1 input.
3. Drag a Digital Output Pin from the Component Catalog Cypress/Ports and Pins folder onto your schematic (the placed instance takes the name Pin_2). Connect it to the LPComp_1 output.
4. Build the project in order to verify the correctness of your design, add the required PDL modules to the Workspace Explorer, and generate the configuration data for the LPComp_1 instance.
5. In the *main.c* file, initialize the peripheral and start the application:

```
#include "project.h"

int main(void)
{
    /* Configure LPComp */
    Cy_LPComp_Init(LPCOMP, CY_LPCOMP_CHANNEL_0, &LPComp_1_config);

    /* Set channel 0 power mode - Ultra Low Power mode */
    Cy_LPComp_SetPower(LPCOMP, CY_LPCOMP_CHANNEL_0, CY_LPCOMP_MODE_ULP);

    /* Set the local reference voltage to the negative terminal and set
    a GPIO input on the positive terminal for the input signal */
    Cy_LPComp_SetInputs(LPCOMP, CY_LPCOMP_CHANNEL_0, CY_LPCOMP_SW_GPIO,
        CY_LPCOMP_SW_LOCAL_VREF);

    for(;;)
    {
        /* Place your application code here. */
    }
}
```

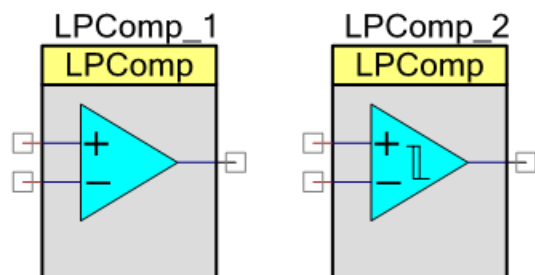
6. Build and program the device.

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Input/Output Connections

This section describes the various input and output connections for the LPComp_PDL. The symbol for this Component is annotated to denote the selection of hysteresis.



Positive Input – Analog Input

This input is usually connected to the voltage that is being compared. This input can be routed from a GPIO or from an internal source. When connected to an internal source the GPIO that is dedicated to this input will be consumed and not available for other uses. Also this input can be connected to AMUXBUS/ AMUXBUSB.

Negative Input – Analog Input

This input is usually connected to the reference voltage. This input can be routed from a GPIO or from an internal source. When connected to an internal source the GPIO that is dedicated to this input will be consumed and not available for other uses. Also this input can be connected to AMUXBUS/AMUXBUSB or Vref.

Comparator Out – Output

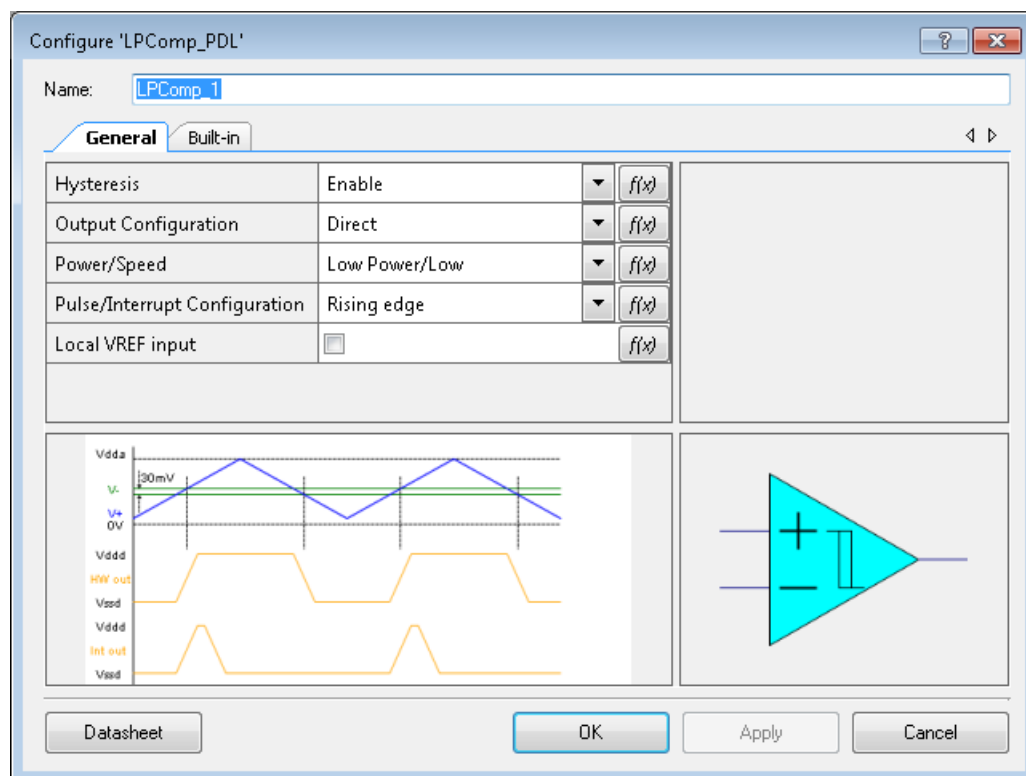
The Component output is configurable (refer to the [Output Configuration](#) section): either direct comparator out or after synchronous edge detection as level or pulse. It can be used to trigger an interrupt, routed to digital logic or sent to a pin. Refer to the [Functional Description](#) section for details.

Note This output cannot be used to wake up a device from deep-sleep mode. Global Signal Reference interrupt signal must be used instead.

Component Parameters

Drag a LPComp_PDL Component onto your design and double click it to open the Configure dialog. This dialog has the following tabs with different parameters.

General Tab



The LPComp_PDL provides the following parameters.

Output Configuration

This parameter defines mode of the LPComp_PDL output: Direct, Synchronized, or Pulse. Refer to the [Functional Description](#) section for details.

Hysteresis

This parameter allows you to add approximately 30 mV of hysteresis to the LPComp_PDL. This helps to ensure that slowly moving voltages or slightly noisy voltages will not cause the output of the LPComp_PDL to oscillate when the two input voltages are nearly equal.

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Pulse/Interrupt Configuration

This parameter defines the event that will cause a pulse to be generated on the interrupt terminal or direct comparator output. The parameter allows you to select interrupt/output mode: Disabled, Rising edge, Falling edge, or Both edges.

Power / Speed

This parameter provides a way to optimize speed verses power consumption. The Speed/Power parameter allows you to select the speed/power level: Ultra low Power/Slow, Low Power Power/Low, Normal Power/Fast.

Local VREF input

This parameter enables the internal reference voltage. Checked value hides the negative terminal (inverting input) to prevent any external connections.

Application Programming Interface

Application Programming Interface (API) routines allow you to configure the Component using software.

By default, PSoC Creator assigns the instance name LPComp_1 to the first instance of a Component in a given design. You can rename it to any unique value that follows the syntactic rules for identifiers. The instance name becomes the prefix of every global function name, variable, and constant symbol.

This Component uses the LPComp driver module from the PDL. The driver is copied into the “pd\drivers\peripheral\lpcomp\” directory of the application project after a successful build.

Refer to the PDL documentation for a detailed description of the complete API. To access this document, right-click on the Component symbol on the schematic and choose the “**Open PDL Documentation...**” option in the drop-down menu.

The Component generates the configuration structures and base address described in the [Global variables](#) section. Pass the generated data structure and the base address to the associated LPComp driver function in the application initialization code to configure the peripheral. Once the peripheral is initialized, the application code can perform run-time changes by referencing the provided base address in the driver API functions.

Global Variables

The LPComp_PDL Component populates the following peripheral initialization data structure(s). The generated code is placed in C source and header files that are named after the instance of the Component (e.g. LPComp_1.c). Each variable is also prefixed with the instance name of the Component.

cy_stc_lpcomp_config_t LPComp_1_config

The instance-specific configuration structure. This should be used in the Init() function.

Data in RAM

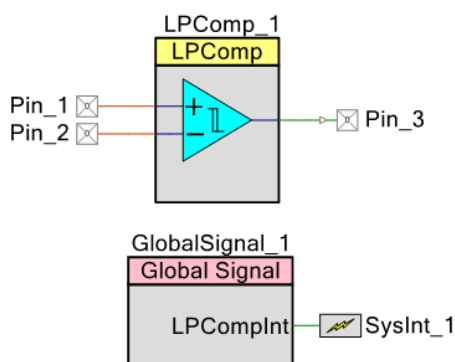
The generated data may be placed in flash memory (const) or RAM. The former is the more memory-efficient choice if you do not wish to modify the configuration data at run-time. Under the Built-In tab of the Configure dialog set the parameter CONST_CONFIG to make your selection. The default option is to place the data in flash.

Interrupt Service Routine

The LPComp_PDL supports interrupts on the various events, depends on *Pulse/Interrupt configuration* settings: Rising edge, Falling edge or Both edges. Interrupt signal goes high when any of the enabled interrupt configurations are true.

Note Interrupt is not cleared automatically. It is user responsibility to do that. Interrupt is cleared by writing a '1' in corresponding interrupt register bit position. The preferred way to clear interrupt sources is usage Cy_LPComp_ClearInterrupt() API.

The Global Signal Component should be used to access to the LPComp_PDL interrupt:



The following code is suggested:

```
#include "project.h"

void GlobalSignal_ISR_Interrupt_InterruptCallback(void)
{
    /* Interrupt does not clear automatically.
```

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```

    * It is user responsibility to do that.
    */
    Cy_LPComp_ClearInterrupt(LPCOMP, LPComp_1_INTR);

    /* Clear pending IRQ interrupt */
    NVIC_ClearPendingIRQ(SysInt_1_cfg.intrSrc);

    /*
    * Add user interrupt code to manage interrupt.
    */
}

int main(void)
{
    /* Interrupt handler initialization */
    Cy_SysInt_Init(&SysInt_1_cfg, GlobalSignal_ISR_Interrupt_Callback);
    NVIC_EnableIRQ(SysInt_1_cfg.intrSrc);

    /* Configure LPComp */
    Cy_LPComp_Init(LPCOMP, CY_LPCOMP_CHANNEL_0, &LPComp_1_config);

    /* Set channel 0 power mode - Ultra Low Power mode */
    Cy_LPComp_SetPower(LPCOMP, CY_LPCOMP_CHANNEL_0, CY_LPCOMP_MODE_ULP);

    /* Configure the LPComp interrupt*/
    Cy_LPComp_SetInterruptMask(LPComp_1_HW, LPComp_1_INTR_MASK);
    Cy_LPComp_SetInterruptTriggerMode(LPComp_1_HW, LPComp_1_CHANNEL,
    CY_LPCOMP_INTR_RISING);

    /* Enable global interrupts. */
    __enable_irq();

    for(;;)
    {
        /* Place your application code here. */
    }
}

```

Code Examples and Application Notes

PSoC Creator provides access to code examples in the Code Example dialog. For Component-specific examples, open the dialog from the Component Catalog or an instance of the Component in a schematic. For general examples, open the dialog from the Start Page or **File** menu. As needed, use the **Filter Options** in the dialog to narrow the list of projects available to select. Refer to the "Code Example" topic in the PSoC Creator Help for more information.

MISRA Compliance

This section describes the MISRA-C:2004 compliance and deviations for the Component. There are two types of deviations defined:

- project deviations – deviations that are applicable for all PSoC Creator Components
- specific deviations – deviations that are applicable only for this Component

This section provides information on Component-specific deviations. Project deviations are described in the MISRA Compliance section of the *System Reference Guide* along with information on the MISRA compliance verification environment.

Refer to **PSoC Creator Help > Building a PSoC Creator Project > Generated Files (PSoC 6)** for information on MISRA compliance and deviations of the files generated by PSoC Creator.

The LPComp_PDL Component has the following specific deviations:

MISRA-C: 2004 Rule	Rule Class (Required/Advisory)	Rule Description	Description of Deviation(s)
1.1	R	The keyword 'inline' has been used.	Deviated since INLINE functions are used to allow more efficient code.
3.1, 11.3	A	Cast between a pointer and an integral type.	The cast from unsigned int to pointer does not have any unintended effect, as it is a consequence of the definition of a structure based on hardware registers.

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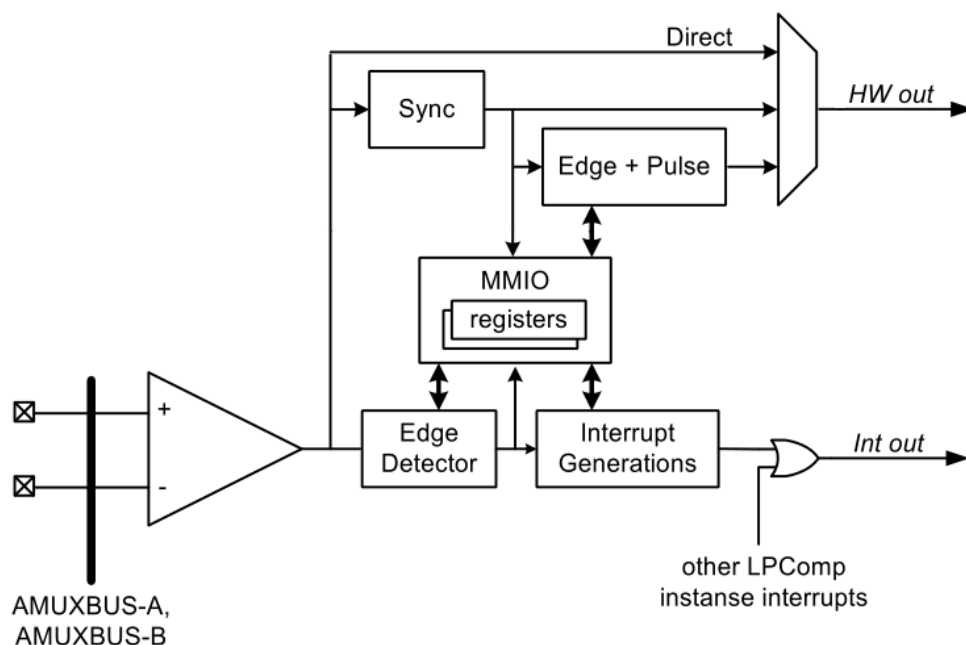


Functional Description

The LPComp_PDL Component is intended to be operational in all power modes, including deep-sleep/hibernate mode. The main purpose of this Component is to offer fast detection capability in normal operating modes and ultra-low power operation in hibernate mode.

Block Diagram and Configuration

The following is a high-level block diagram.



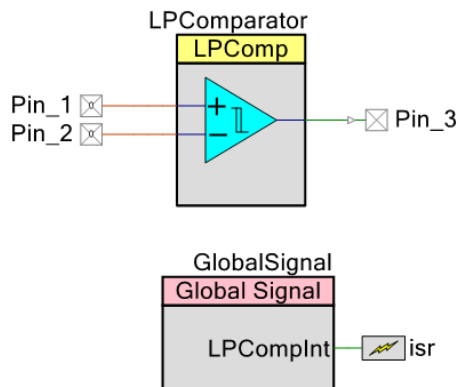
In PSoC 6 devices, each comparator has one HW output. It comes from three sources:

- Direct comparator output
- Synchronized to SYSCLK using two flip-flops
- Edge detected pulse which have period $2 \cdot \text{SYSCLK}$.

Individual comparator interrupt outputs are ORed together as single asynchronous interrupt source before sent out and used to wakeup system in low power mode. For PSoC 6 devices, the individual comparator interrupt is masked by INTR_MASK. The masked result is captured in INTR_MASKED register. Writing 1 to INTR register bit will clear the interrupt. Refer to the appropriate device *Technical Reference Manual (TRM)* for a detailed description of the registers.

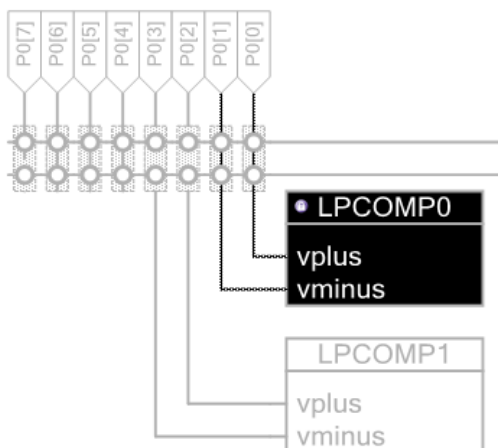
Operation in Deep-Sleep/Hibernate Mode

The LPComp_PDL Component operates in deep-sleep/hibernate mode **only if the Speed/Power option is set to Slow/Ultra low**. It can be used along with the Global Signal Component as a wake-up source from deep-sleep mode. The following schematics can be used.



Select the **Combined low power comparator interrupt (LPCompInt)** option as a source for an interrupt in the Global Signal Reference Component. This Component triggers the output each time any of the enabled low power comparators generates an interrupt.

The LPComp_PDL Component input pins can be assigned to dedicated inputs or to AMUXBUSA/ AMUXBUSB. Refer to the device datasheet for the part being used for the specific physical pin connections.



Also the negative input can be connected to the internal Vref (0.45V-0.75V).

The wakeup event is when the voltage connected to the positive input (Pin_1) is greater than the negative input voltage (Pin_2).

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For hibernate mode, use the `Cy_SysPm_SetHibWakeupSource()` function to configure sources to wake up the device. Refer to the PDL documentation for more information.

Placement

Each comparator is directly connected to specific GPIOs for its inputs. The output connection is routed to the digital fabric. Refer to the device datasheet for the part being used for the specific physical pin connections.

Registers

See the chip [Technical Reference Manual \(TRM\)](#) for more information about the registers.

Resources

This Component uses one of the LP Comparators from the pair of comparators in the LP Comparator hardware block.

DC and AC Electrical Characteristics

TBD

Component Changes

This section lists the major changes in the Component from the previous version.

Version	Description of Changes	Reason for Changes / Impact
1.0.b	Updated MISRA section.	PSoC 6 generated files have a MISRA section in the PSoC Creator Help.
1.0.a	Update the datasheet.	Updated Quick Start section and code example.
1.0	New Component	

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