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## Objective

This code example demonstrates a low-power proximity sensor and CapSense® tuner using the PSoC Creator™ CapSense Component with PSoC® 4.

## Requirements

**Tool:** PSoC Creator 4.2

**Programming Language:** C (Arm® GCC 5.4.1)

**Associated Parts:** All PSoC 4 family devices that have Serial Communication Blocks and CapSense capabilities

**Related Hardware:** [CY8CKIT-042-BLE-A Bluetooth® Low Energy 4.2 Compliant Pioneer Kit](#)

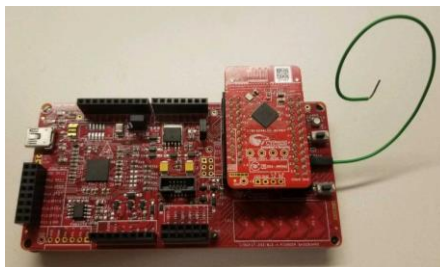
## Overview

This code example contains a PSoC Creator project that shows how to use a proximity sensor with low power. The proximity sensor is part of the CapSense Component within PSoC Creator. The proximity value is read by the device and is then used to control an LED. As you move closer to the proximity sensor, a red LED gets brighter; as you move farther away the LED gets dimmer. The code example includes two scanning modes, a fast scan mode that scans 200 times a second and a low scan mode that puts the device into deep sleep and only scans 3 times a second. When in slow scan mode, the device saves power by switching in and out of deep sleep. If the sensor is active (an object is within range), then the device switches to fast scanning mode. If the sensor is inactive (no object is within range) for three seconds, then the device switches into slow scanning mode and goes into Deep Sleep while waiting for the next scan.

## Hardware Setup

1. Create a loop with one of the wire jumpers found in the PSoC kit and attach to pin P2[0] as seen in [Figure 1](#).

Figure 1. Wire loop for Proximity Detection (Pioneer kit 042-BLE-A example)



## Software Setup

There is no software setup

## Operation

1. Plug the CY8CKIT-042-BLE-A kit board into your computer's USB port.
2. Build the project and program it into the PSoC 4 device. Choose **Debug** > **Program**. For more information on device programming, see *PSoC Creator Help*.
3. Move a hand slowly closer to the wire loop and confirm that the LED grows brighter.
4. Move a hand slowly away from the wire loop and confirm that the LED gets dimmer.

5. Right-click the CapSense Component and select **Launch Tuner**. Click **Connect**, select **I2C**, and then click **Start**. Ensure that the data rate is set to **100kHz**. Go to the **Graph View** tab. Confirm that as you move closer to the sensor the raw count increases, and as you move away from the sensor the raw count decreases. For more information, check the CapSense datasheet under [Related Documents](#).

## Design and Implementation

The CapSense Component uses capacitive sensing to return a raw count value. The raw count can be used to determine how close something is to the sensor. In this code example the raw count is sent to the CapSense tuner by I2C and graphed in real time. The closer something is to the sensor the higher the raw count, the farther something is from the sensor the lower the raw count. The raw count is also mapped to a PWM controlling an LED. As something moves closer the LED grows brighter. As something moves farther away the LED grows dimmer. This can be seen in the flowchart in [Figure 2](#).

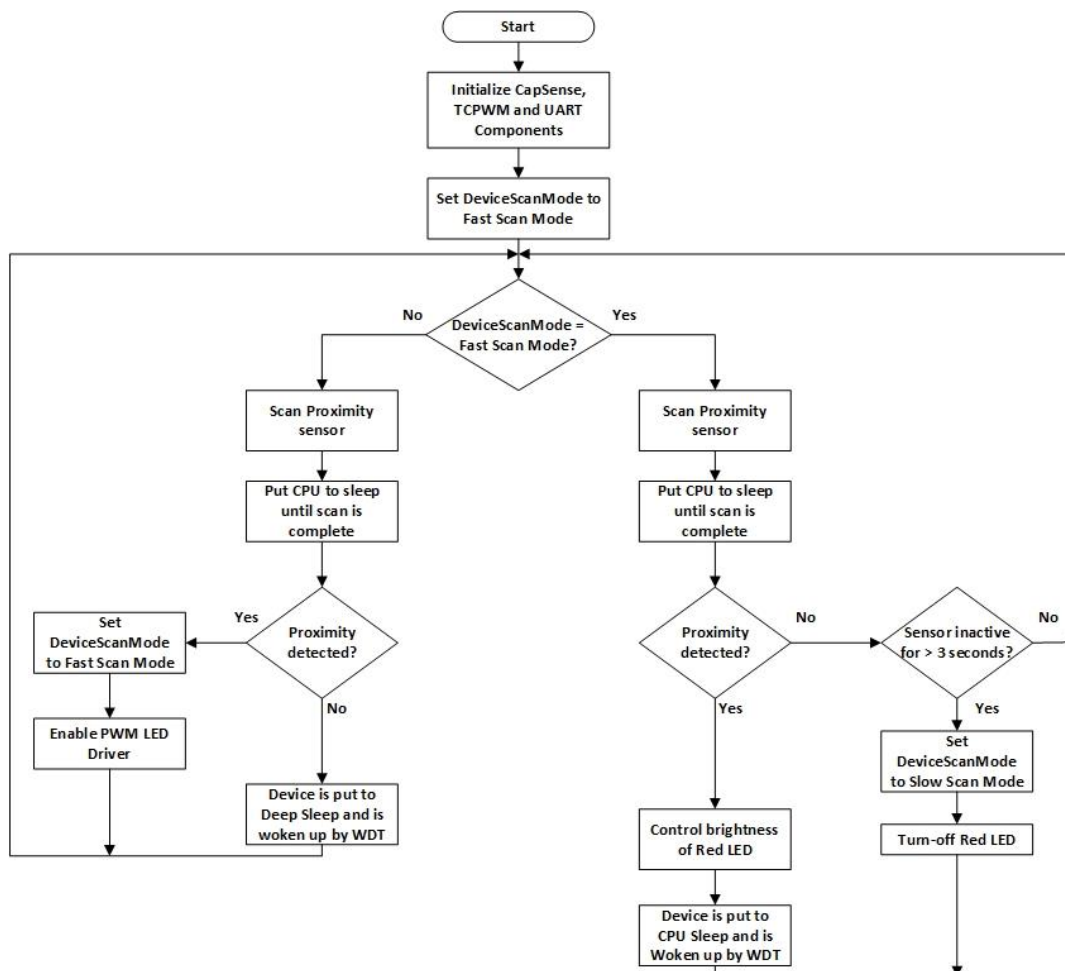
### CapSense Proximity

In the CE210489\_Low\_Power\_CapSense\_Proximity code example, the following functions are performed:

1. Initialize and start all hardware components.
2. The watch dog timer is set up to keep track of time for both slow and fast scanning modes and wakes the device up when in deep sleep. The functions to control the watchdog timer vary depending on the PSoC 4 device used. This code example is set up to use the watch dog timer for the different types of PSoC 4 devices.
3. Enter a state machine with state `SENSOR_SCAN`.
  - a. I2C transfers all CapSense scan data to the CapSense tuner. No data is sent the first iteration because the sensors have not been scanned or processed.
  - b. Scans all CapSense sensors.
4. Enter a state of `WAIT_FOR_SCAN_COMPLETE`.
  - a. Put the CPU to sleep and wait until the scan is complete.
5. Enter a state of `PROCESS_DATA`
  - a. Process all CapSense widgets (sensors that are used to make up a CapSense interface).
  - b. If the device is in fast scan mode, check if the widget is active. If the widget is active, scale the proximity sensor value to the PWM Period value to power the LED and reset the soft counter.
  - c. If the widget is not active the soft counter adds one. The LED is turned off. When the soft counter reaches 150 the device is set to slow scan mode, this means that the sensor has been inactive for an extended period. The device will be put into deep sleep and only wake up three times a second to scan the widget. This will then save power.
  - d. If in slow scan mode, check to see if the widget is active. If the widget is active the device is set to fast scan mode.
6. Enter a state of `SLEEP`
  - a. Go into Deep Sleep if the device is in slow scan mode.
  - b. Go into Sleep if the device is in fast scan mode.
  - c. The device wakes up when an interrupt occurs. There are two interrupt sources, the first is the I2C to ensure connection between the tuner and the device is stable. The second interrupt source comes from the watch dog timer and the frequency is set by the scan mode.
7. The state is then set to `SENSOR_SCAN` and the state machine repeats from step 3.

Figure 2 shows the Firmware Flowchart.

Figure 2. Firmware Flowchart



## Components and Settings

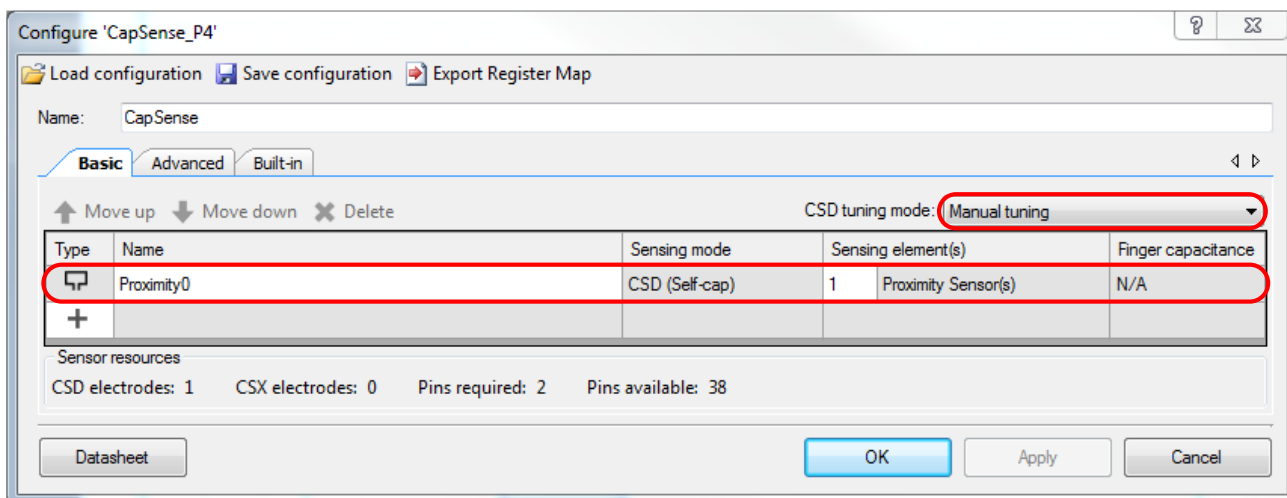
Table 1 lists the PSoC Creator Components used in this example, how they are used in the design, and the non-default settings required so they function as intended.

Table 1. PSoC Creator Components

Component	Instance Name	Purpose	Non-default Settings
CapSense	CapSense	Gather and process all data from proximity sensor	For Proximity settings, see <a href="#">Figure 3</a> For General settings, see <a href="#">Figure 4</a> Under <b>CSD Settings</b> change the <b>Modulator clock frequency</b> to 12,000 kHz For Widget Details, see <a href="#">Figure 5</a>
EZi2C	EZi2C	Transmits data from the selected kit to the tuner	Under <b>EZi2C Basic</b> check the box labeled <b>Enable wakeup from Deep Sleep Mode</b>
PWM	PWM	Controls the duty cycle of the Red LED	Under <b>PWM</b> deselect <b>On terminal count</b> , and set the <b>Compare</b> value to 0
Global Signal	WDT	Timer based interrupt to wake up from deep sleep	To use this, under <b>Design Wide Resources</b> and <b>Clocks</b> , select <b>LFClk</b> , see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>

For information on the hardware resources used by a Component, see the Component datasheet.

Figure 3. Proximity Settings



Configure 'CapSense\_P4'

Load configuration Save configuration Export Register Map

Name: CapSense

Basic Advanced Built-in

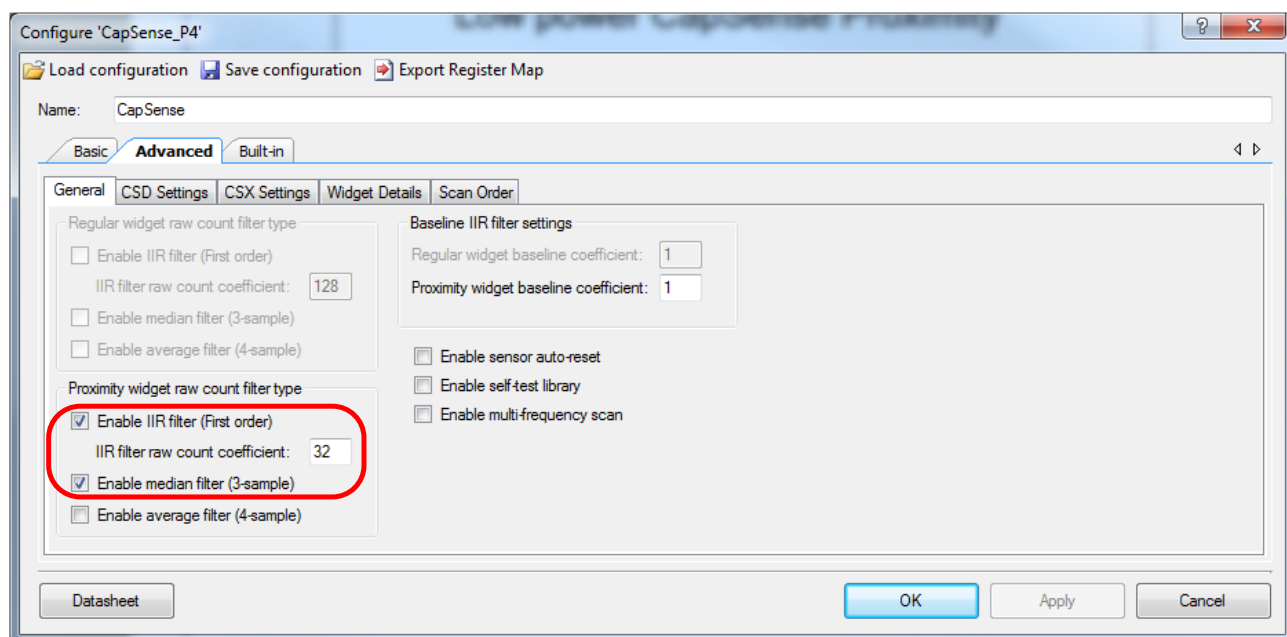
Move up Move down Delete CSD tuning mode: Manual tuning

Type	Name	Sensing mode	Sensing element(s)	Finger capacitance
	Proximity0	CSD (Self-cap)	1 Proximity Sensor(s)	N/A
+				

Sensor resources  
CSD electrodes: 1 CSX electrodes: 0 Pins required: 2 Pins available: 38

Datasheet OK Apply Cancel

Figure 4. General Settings



Configure 'CapSense\_P4'

Load configuration Save configuration Export Register Map

Name: CapSense

Basic Advanced Built-in

General CSD Settings CSX Settings Widget Details Scan Order

Regular widget raw count filter type

☐ Enable IIR filter (First order)  
IIR filter raw count coefficient: 128

☐ Enable median filter (3-sample)  
☐ Enable average filter (4-sample)

Proximity widget raw count filter type

☒ Enable IIR filter (First order)  
IIR filter raw count coefficient: 32

☒ Enable median filter (3-sample)  
☐ Enable average filter (4-sample)

Baseline IIR filter settings

Regular widget baseline coefficient: 1

Proximity widget baseline coefficient: 1

☐ Enable sensor auto-reset  
☐ Enable self-test library  
☐ Enable multi-frequency scan

Datasheet OK Apply Cancel

Figure 5. Widget Details

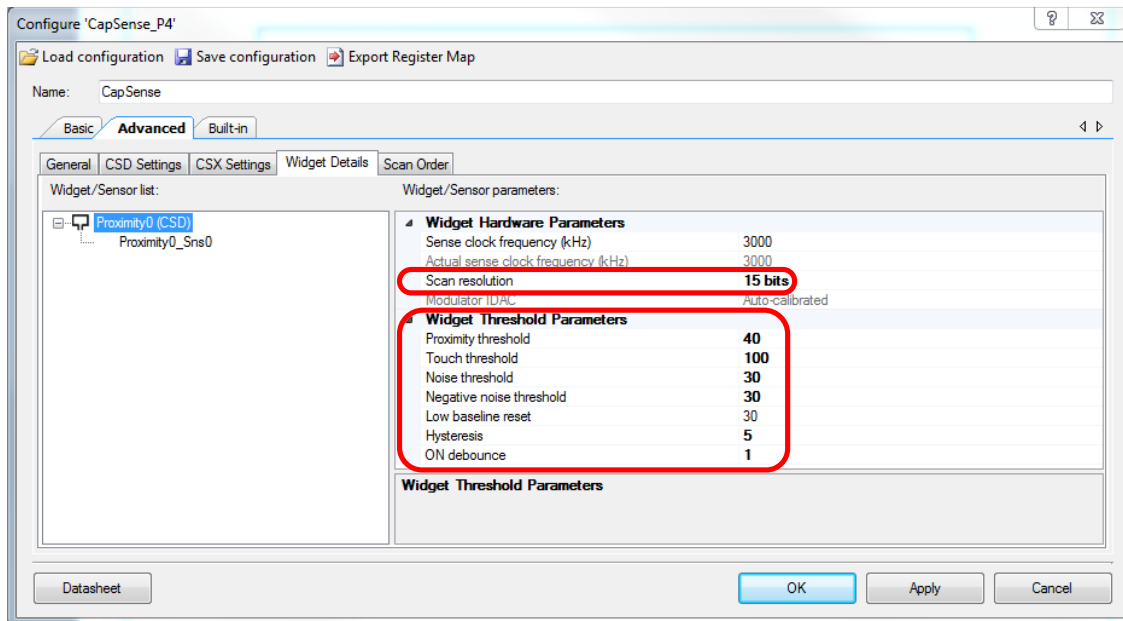
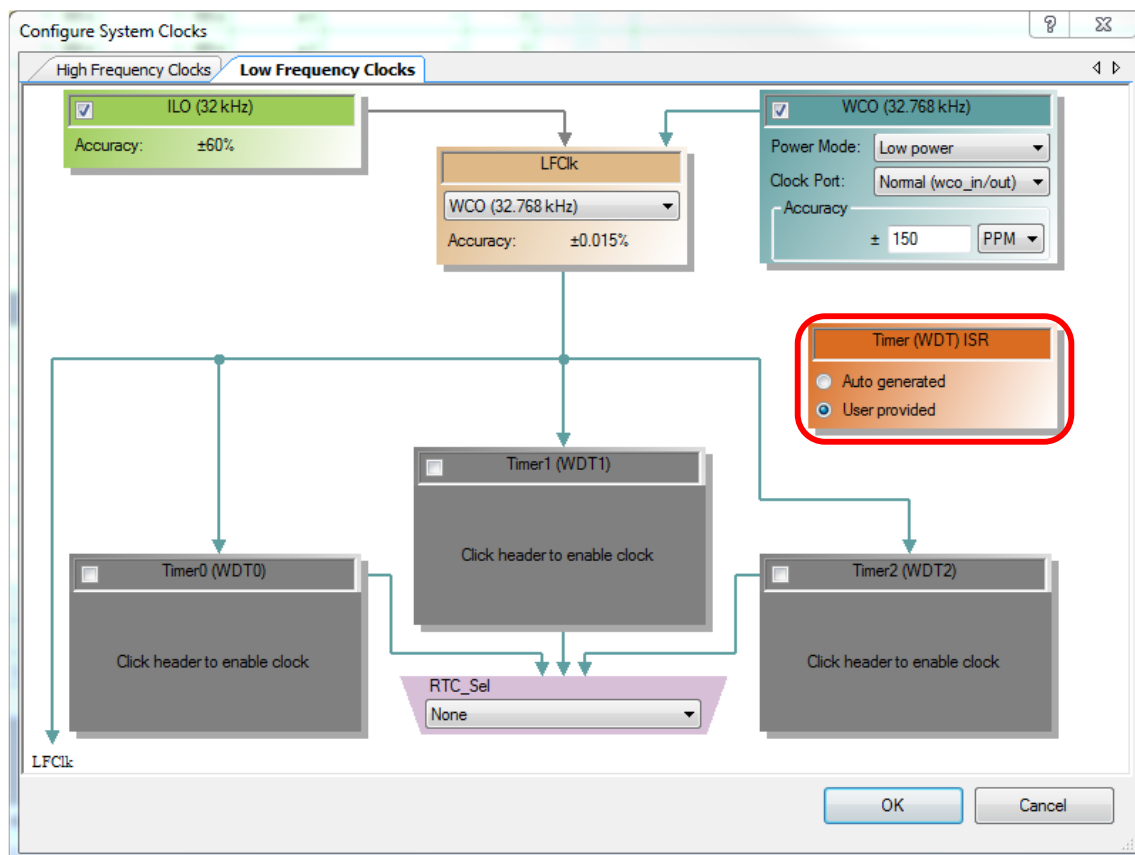


Figure 6. Clocks Setup



## Reusing This Example

The kits listed in [Table 2](#) can be used with minimal changes; ensure that:

1. Use one of the five listed kits.
2. Ensure all pins are unlocked in the **Design Wide Resources** tab.
3. Connect the wire loop as seen in [Figure 1](#) to the pin in [Table 2](#).

Table 2. Proximity Sensing Pin Input

Kit Selection	Part Number	PIN
<a href="#">CY8CKIT-042 PSoC 4 Pioneer Kit</a>	CY8C4245AXI-483	P0[4]
<a href="#">CY8CKIT-042-BLE-A Bluetooth® Low Energy 4.2 Compliant Pioneer Kit</a>	CY8C4248LQI-BL583	P2[0]
<a href="#">CY8CKIT-044 PSoC 4 M-Series Pioneer Kit</a>	CY8C4247AZI-M485	P3[7]
<a href="#">CY8CKIT-041-40XX PSoC 4 S-Series Pioneer Kit</a>	CY8C4045AZI-S413	P1[6]
<a href="#">CY8CKIT-041-41XX PSoC 4100S CapSense Pioneer Kit</a>	CY8C4146AZI-S433	P1[6]

To port the code to a new device, in PSoC Creator, select **Project > Device Selector** and change to the target device.

Before porting this example to another device, note the following:

1. Not all PSoC 4 devices have hardware to use PSoC Creator CapSense, I2C, and PWM Components.
2. Pinouts change from device to device. Some pins may need to be moved. See the **Pin Layout** tab in PSoC Creator

In some cases, a resource used by a code example (for example, a Universal Digital Block) is not supported on another device. In that case, the example will not work. If you build the code targeted at such a device, you will get errors. See the device datasheet for information on what a device supports.

## Related Documents

For a comprehensive list of PSoC 3, PSoC 4, and PSoC 5LP resources, see [KBA86521](#) in the Cypress community.

Application Notes	
<a href="#">AN79953 – Getting Started with PSoC® 4</a>	Describes PSoC 4 devices and how to build your first PSoC Creator project
<a href="#">AN85951 – PSoC 4 and PSoC 6 MCU CapSense Design Guide</a>	Describes how to tune and use the CapSense Component
Code Examples	
<a href="#">CE225691 – CapSense Proximity Sensor</a>	Shows how to use the CapSense proximity sensor
PSoC Creator Component Datasheets	
<a href="#">CapSense</a>	CapSense Component datasheet for more information
<a href="#">TCPWM</a>	TCPWM Component datasheet for more information
<a href="#">I2C</a>	I2C Component datasheet for more information
Device Documentation	
<a href="#">PSoC 4 Datasheets</a>	<a href="#">PSoC 4 Technical Reference Manuals</a>
Development Kit Documentation	
<a href="#">PSoC 4 Kits</a>	
Tool Documentation	
<a href="#">PSoC Creator</a>	Look in the <b>Downloads</b> tab for Quick Start and User Guides

## Document History

Document Title: CE210489 – PSoC 4 Low Power CapSense Proximity

Document Number: 002-10489

Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	5269042	DCHE	07/12/2016	New code example
*A	5524679	SRDS	11/18/2016	Updated template
*B	6525359	NRSH	03/29/2019	Updated hardware components and document. Updated firmware to work with more devices.



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