

SPI_CPU_1

for KIT_AURIX_TC397_TFT

SPI communication via QSPI

AURIX™ TC3xx Microcontroller Training
V1.0.0



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Scope of work

A QSPI module configured as SPI master sends five bytes to another QSPI module which is configured as SPI slave.

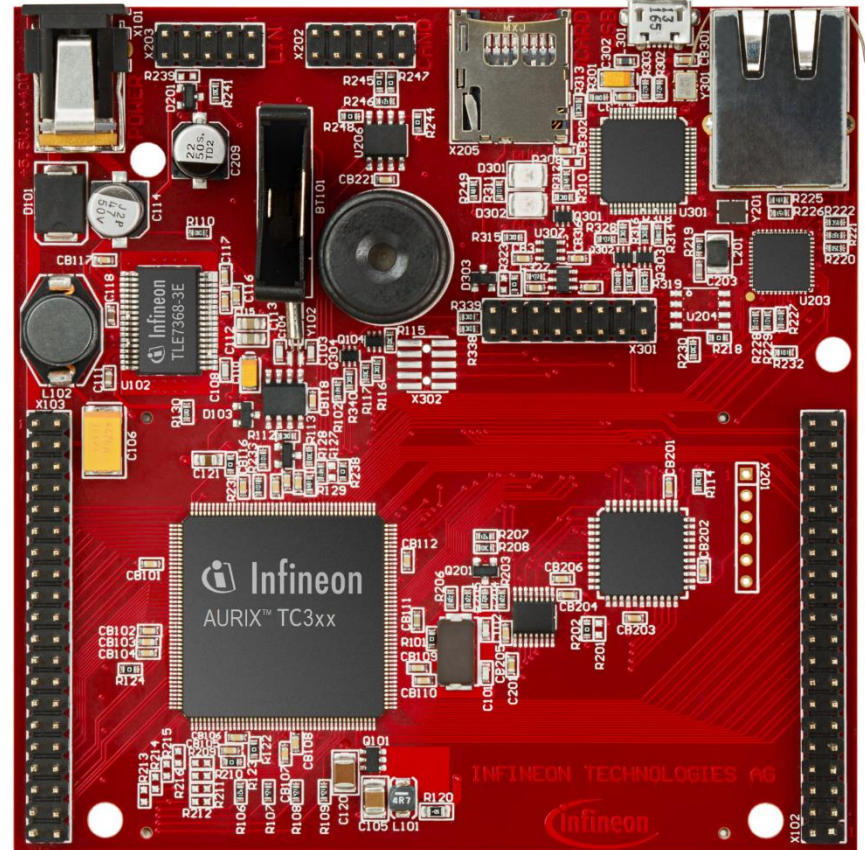
QSPI2 is configured in master mode and used to send five bytes to QSPI3 configured in slave mode. The received data is read by the CPU and compared against the transmitted data. Port pin 13.3, to which LED D110 is connected, indicates the successful transfer.

Introduction

- › The **Q**ueued **S**ynchronous **P**eripheral **I**nterface (QSPI) enables synchronous serial communication with external devices based on the standardized SPI-bus signals: clock, data-in, data-out and slave select.
- › The QSPI works in full duplex mode either as Master or Slave with up to 50 MBit/s.

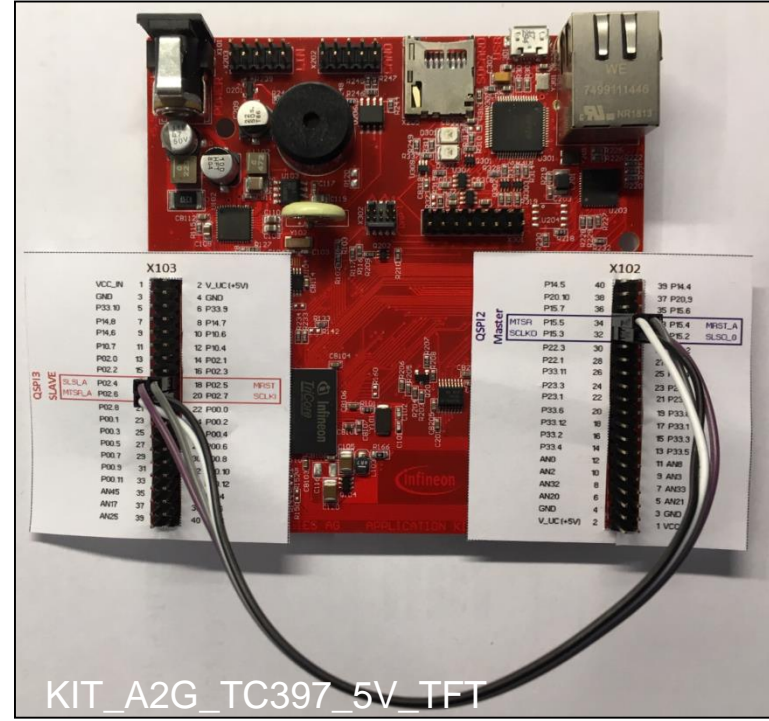
Hardware setup

This code example has been developed for the board KIT_A2G_TC397_5V_TFT.



Hardware Setup

	X103		
VCC_IN	1	2	V_UC
GND	3	4	GND
P21.2	5	6	P21.3
P14.8	7	8	P14.7
P14.6	9	10	P20.0
P21.4	11	12	P21.5
P02.0	13	14	P02.1
P02.2	15	16	P02.3
P02.4	17	18	P02.5
P02.6	19	20	P02.7
P02.8	21	22	P00.0
P00.1	23	24	P00.2
P00.3	25	26	P00.4
P00.5	27	28	P00.6
P00.7	29	30	P00.8
P00.9	31	32	P00.10
P00.11	33	34	P00.12
AN19	35	36	AN18
AN17	37	38	AN16
AN25	39	40	AN24



	X102		
P14.5	40	39	P14.4
P33.10	38	37	P20.9
P15.7	36	35	P15.6
P15.5	34	33	P15.4
P15.3	32	31	P15.2
P22.3	30	29	P22.2
P22.1	28	27	P22.0
P33.11	26	25	P23.4
P23.3	24	23	P23.2
P23.1	22	21	P23.0
P33.6	20	19	P33.8
P33.12	18	17	P33.1
P33.2	16	15	P33.3
P33.4	14	13	P33.5
AN0	12	11	AN8
AN2	10	9	AN3
AN11	8	7	AN13
AN20	6	5	AN21
GND	4	3	GND
V_UC	2	1	VCC_IN

› Use the stencils as illustrated.

› Connect following pins as described and illustrated using wires.

X103 : QSPI3 (Slave)	WIRE	X102 : QSPI2 (Master)
P02.7 : 20 : SCLKI	↔	P15.3 : 32 : SCLKO
P02.4 : 17 : SLSI_A	↔	P15.2 : 31 : SLSO_0
P02.5 : 18 : MRST	↔	P15.4 : 33 : MRST_A
P02.6 : 19 : MTSR_A	↔	P15.5 : 34 : MTSR

Implementation

Configuring the SPI communication

The configuration of the SPI communication is done once in the setup phase through the function ***initQSPI()*** in two different steps:

- › QSPI Slave initialization
- › QSPI Master initialization

QSPI Slave initialization

- › The initialization of the QSPI slave module is done by defining an instance of the ***IfxQspi_SpiSlave_Config*** structure.
- › The structure is filled with default values by the function ***IfxQspi_SpiSlave_initModuleConfig()***.
- › Afterwards, the pins, ISR service provider and the priorities are set.
- › The function ***IfxQspi_SpiSlave_initModule()*** is used to initialize the QSPI slave module.
- › Additionally, the buffers used by the QSPI slave are initialized.

The above functions can be found in the iLLD header ***IfxQspi_SpiSlave.h***.

Implementation

QSPI Master initialization

- › The initialization of the QSPI master module is done by defining an instance of the ***IfxQspi_SpiMaster_Config*** structure.
- › The structure is filled with default values by the function ***IfxQspi_SpiMaster_initModuleConfig()***.
- › Afterwards, the interface operation mode, the pins, ISR service provider and the priorities are set.
- › The function ***IfxQspi_SpiMaster_initModule()*** is used to initialize the QSPI master module.
- › A QSPI module controls 16 communication channels, which are individually programmable. In this example, the function ***initQSPI2MasterChannel()*** initializes the channel zero using an instance of the structure ***IfxQspi_SpiMaster_ChannelConfig***. Afterwards, the slave select channel number is set through the parameter ***sls.output*** and the baud rate is modified via the parameter ***base.baudrate***.
- › The function ***IfxQspi_SpiMaster_initChannel()*** is used to initialize the QSPI master channel.
- › Additionally, the buffers used by the QSPI master are initialized.

The above functions can be found in the iLLD header ***IfxQspi_SpiMaster.h***.

Implementation

QSPI Master - Slave communication

- › The function ***transferData()*** triggers the data transfer between the SPI-Master and the SPI-Slave
- › The functions ***IfxQspi_SpiSlave_getStatus()*** and ***IfxQspi_SpiMaster_getStatus()*** are used to check the status of the master and the slave in order to delay the transfer until both are free
- › The function ***IfxQspi_SpiSlave_exchange()*** instructs the slave to receive a data stream of predefined length
- › The function ***IfxQspi_SpiMaster_exchange()*** is called in order to instruct the master to send the data
- › Finally, the function ***verifyData()*** checks if the data received by the Slave matches the data sent by the Master
- › If no errors have occurred during the communication, the LED D110, connected to port pin 13.3, is turned on to signal that the transmission was successful

Implementation

Configure and control the LEDs

The LED is turned on and off by **controlling the port pin** to which it is connected using methods from the iLLD headers ***IfxPort.h***.

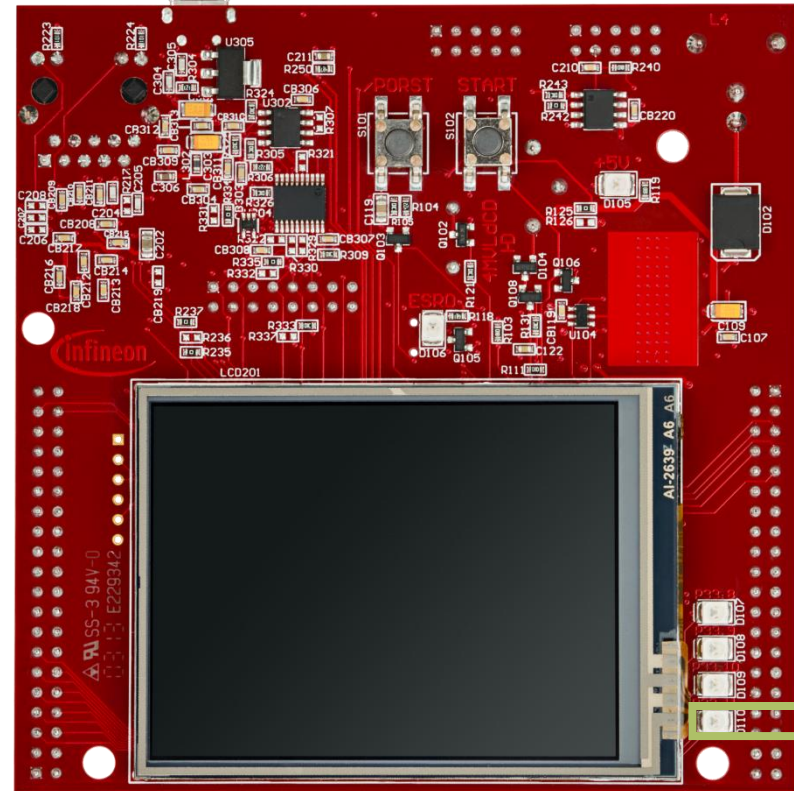
The LED port pin is **configured to output push-pull mode** using the function ***IfxPort_setPinModeOutput()***.

During program execution, the LED is **switched on and off** using the functions ***IfxPort_setPinLow()*** and ***IfxPort_setPinHigh()***.

Run and Test

After code compilation and programming the device, perform the following steps:

- › Set a breakpoint to ***transferData()*** in the ***Cpu0_main.c*** and check the ***spiMasterTxBuffer*** and ***spiSlaveRxBuffer*** inside ***spiBuffers*** structure.
- › Run the code example and check if the LED D110 (1) is on (Data transmitted without errors).
- › The ***spiMasterTxBuffer*** and ***spiSlaveRxBuffer*** now should show the same transmitted and received data.
- › Remove a cable (e.g. SCLKx), perform a Reset and re-run the application to see that the data transmission is interrupted and the LED D110 (1) is off (Data transmission blocked).



Note: when checking the buffers' data, the debug session must be paused.

References



- > AURIX™ Development Studio is available online:
- > <https://www.infineon.com/aurixdevelopmentstudio>
- > Use the „*Import...*“ function to get access to more code examples.



- > More code examples can be found on the GIT repository:
- > https://github.com/Infineon/AURIX_code_examples



- > For additional trainings, visit our webpage:
- > <https://www.infineon.com/aurix-expert-training>



- > For questions and support, use the AURIX™ Forum:
- > <https://www.infineonforums.com/forums/13-Aurix-Forum>

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