SPI_CPU_1
SPI communication via QSPI
Scope of work

A QSPI module configured as SPI master sends five bytes to another QSPI module which is configured as SPI slave.

QSPI2 is configured in master mode and used to send five bytes to QSPI3 configured in slave mode. The received data is read by the CPU and compared against the transmitted data. Port pin 13.3, to which LED D110 is connected, indicates the successful transfer.
Introduction

› The **Queued Synchronous Peripheral Interface (QSPI)** enables synchronous serial communication with external devices based on the standardized SPI-bus signals: clock, data-in, data-out and slave select.

› The QSPI works in full duplex mode either as Master or Slave with up to 50 MBit/s.
Hardware setup

This code example has been developed for the board KIT_AURIX_TC297_TFT_BC-Step.
Hardware Setup

Use the stencils as illustrated.

Connect following pins as described and illustrated using wires.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>X103 : QSPI3 (Slave)</th>
<th>WIRE</th>
<th>X102 : QSPI2 (Master)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P02.7 : 20 : SCLKI</td>
<td>← →</td>
<td>P15.3 : 32 : SCLKO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P02.4 : 17 : SLSI_A</td>
<td>← →</td>
<td>P15.2 : 31 : SLSO_0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P02.5 : 18 : MRST</td>
<td>← →</td>
<td>P15.4 : 33 : MRST_A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P02.6 : 19 : MTSR_A</td>
<td>← →</td>
<td>P15.5 : 34 : MTSR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Implementation

Configuring the SPI communication

The configuration of the SPI communication is done once in the setup phase through the function `initQSPI()` in two different steps:

› QSPI Slave initialization
› QSPI Master initialization

QSPI Slave initialization

› The initialization of the QSPI slave module is done by defining an instance of the `IfxQspi_SpiSlave_Config` structure.
› The structure is filled with default values by the function `IfxQspi_SpiSlave_initModuleConfig()`.
› Afterwards, the `pins` and the `protocol.dataWidth` are modified, due to the fact that the default data width in slave-mode is 8-bit and it needs to be explicitly specified to 32-bit.
› The function `IfxQspi_SpiSlave_initModule()` is used to initialize the QSPI slave module.
› Additionally, the buffers used by the QSPI slave are initialized.

The above functions can be found in the iLLD header `IfxQspi_SpiSlave.h`. 
Implementation

QSPI Master initialization

- The initialization of the QSPI master module is done by defining an instance of the `IfxQspi_SpiMaster_Config` structure.
- The structure is filled with default values by the function `IfxQspi_SpiMaster_initModuleConfig()`.
- Afterwards, the pins are modified.
- The function `IfxQspi_SpiMaster_initModule()` is used to initialize the QSPI master module.
- A QSPI module controls 16 communication channels, which are individually programmable. In this example, the function `initQSPI2MasterChannel()` initializes the channel zero using an instance of the structure `IfxQspi_SpiMaster_ChannelConfig`. Afterwards, the slave select channel number is set through the parameter `sls.output` and the baud rate is modified via the parameter `base.baudrate`.
- The function `IfxQspi_SpiMaster_initChannel()` is used to initialize the QSPI master channel.
- Additionally, the buffers used by the QSPI master are initialized.

The above functions can be found in the iLLD header `IfxQspi_SpiMaster.h`.
Implementation

QSPI Master Slave communication

› The function `transferData()` triggers the data transfer between the SPI-Master and SPI-Slave.

› Additionally, LED D110 connected to port pin 13.3 is used to signal if the transmission was successful.
Run and Test

After code compilation and programming the device, perform the following steps:

› Set a breakpoint to `transferData()` in the `Cpu0_main.c` and check the `spiMasterTxBuffer` and `spiSlaveRxBuffer` inside `spiBuffers` structure.

› Run the demo project and check if the LED D110 (1) is on (Data transmitted without errors).

› The `spiMasterTxBuffer` and `spiSlaveRxBuffer` now should show the same transmitted and received data.

› Remove a cable (e.g. SCLKx), perform a Reset and re-run the application to see that the data transmission is interrupted and the LED D110 (1) is off (Data transmission blocked).
References

› AURIX™ Development Studio is available online:
  › https://www.infineon.com/aurixdevelopmentstudio
  › Use the „Import...“ function to get access to more code examples.

› More code examples can be found on the GIT repository:
  › https://github.com/Infineon/AURIX_code_examples

› For additional trainings, visit our webpage:
  › https://www.infineon.com/aurix-expert-training

› For questions and support, use the AURIX™ Forum:
  › https://www.infineonforums.com/forums/13-Aurix-Forum
IMPORTANT NOTICE
The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics (“Beschaffenheitsgarantie”).

With respect to any examples, hints or any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the product, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

In addition, any information given in this document is subject to customer’s compliance with its obligations stated in this document and any applicable legal requirements, norms and standards concerning customer’s products and any use of the product of Infineon Technologies in customer’s applications.

The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer’s technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

For further information on the product, technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office (www.infineon.com).

WARNINGS
Due to technical requirements products may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office.

Except as otherwise explicitly approved by Infineon Technologies in a written document signed by authorized representatives of Infineon Technologies, Infineon Technologies’ products may not be used in any applications where a failure of the product or any consequences of the use thereof can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury.