SCU_Clock_1
for KIT_AURIX_TC297_TFT
Clock configuration via SCU

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Scope of work

The clock system is configured based on a PLL frequency of 200 MHz and the clock signal is provided at an external port pin.

The Clock Control Unit, which is part of the System Control Units (SCU), is used to configure the PLL clock. This clock signal is routed to an external clock output pin, which can be observed with an oscilloscope.
Introduction

- The Clock Control Unit (CCU) controls the clock system and contains different blocks:
  - Basic clock generation
  - Clock speed upscaling
  - Clock distribution
  - Individual clock configuration

- The Clock Generation Unit (CGU) is part of the CCU and allows a flexible clock generation.

- Phase Lock Loops (PLLs) are provided for upscaling the clock frequency from an internal or external oscillator.

- The System Peripheral Bus (SPB) is used to enable the Fractional Divider (FDR) to divide the source clock.
Hardware setup

This code example has been developed for the board KIT_AURIX_TC297_TFT_BC-Step.

An oscilloscope is needed to observe the clock at the pin P23.1. Connect the clock and the ground to the oscilloscope.
Configuring System Control Units

Configuration of the System Control Unit (SCU) is done once in the setup phase by calling the initialization function `initScuClock()`, which contains the following steps:

- Create an instance of the `IfxScuCcu_Config` structure which contains the CCU configuration.
- Initialize the configuration by calling the iLLD function `IfxScuCcu_initConfig()`.
- Calculate the PLL dividers through the iLLD function `IfxScuCcu_calculateSysPllDividers()` and set the desired frequency as parameter (PLL frequency is 200 MHz for this example).
- Set SPB frequency to the desired value by calling the function `IfxScuCcu_setSpbFrequency()` (SPB frequency is 100 MHz for this example).
- Initialize the CCU with the iLLD function `IfxScuCcu_init()`.

The `initScuClock()` function is contained in the `SCU_Clock.h`, while the other functions are part of the iLLD header `IfxScuCcu.h`. 
Configuring SCU Clock output

Configuration of the SCU clock output is done once in the setup phase by calling the initialization function `outputConfigScuClock()`, which contains the following steps:

- Call the iLLD function `IfxScuWdt_clearSafetyEndinitInline()` to disable the Safety Endinit protection in order to modify the SCU register.
- Set `SCU_CCUCON0.B.CLKSEL` to 0x1 to select PLL as clock source.
- Set `SCU_EXTCON.B.EN0` and `SCU_EXTCON.B.SEL0` to enable and select output frequency ($f_{OUT}$) as external source ($SCU_EXTCON.B.EN0 = 0x1$, $SCU_EXTCON.B.SEL0 = 0x0$).
- Set `SCU_FDR.B.STEP` to the desired reload value (see page 8) and `SCU_FDR.B.DM` to choose the normal divider mode.
- Call the iLLD function `IfxScuWdt_setSafetyEndinitInline()` to reenable the Safety Endinit protection.

The functions `IfxScuWdt_clearSafetyEndinitInline()` and `IfxScuWdt_setSafetyEndinitInline()` are contained in iLLD header `IfxScuWdt.h`.
Implementation

Configuring port pin

Configuration of the port pin is done as well in the function `outputConfigScuClock()` with the following steps:

- Call the iLLD function `IfxPort_setPinMode()` with `IfxPort_Mode_outputPushPullAlt6` as parameter to select SCU as output.
- Set pin pad driver to increase pin’s speed by calling the iLLD function `IfxPort_setPinPadDriver()` and setting `IfxPort_PadDriver_cmosAutomotiveSpeed1` as parameter.

The functions `IfxPort_setPinMode()` and `IfxPort_setPinPadDriver()` are contained in iLLD header `IfxPort.h`. 
Implementation

Step Value calculation example

The Step value in normal divider mode is defined according to the following formula:

\[
f_{OUT} = \frac{f_{SPB} \cdot \frac{1}{n}}{2}, \text{ with } n = 1024 - \text{Step}
\]

Therefore, \( \text{Step} = 1024 - \frac{f_{SPB}}{2 \cdot f_{OUT}} \)

In this example, the desired external frequency value (\( f_{OUT} \)) is 1 MHz, and \( f_{SPB} \) is 100 MHz. After calculation, the Step Value is 974 (0x3CE).
Run and Test

After code compilation and flashing the device, perform the following steps:

› Connect the oscilloscope to the board via port pin P23.1 and ground.

› Observe the desired clock on the oscilloscope’s screen.
References

› AURIX™ Development Studio is available online:
  › [https://www.infineon.com/aurixdevelopmentstudio](https://www.infineon.com/aurixdevelopmentstudio)
  › Use the „Import...“ function to get access to more code examples.

› More code examples can be found on the GIT repository:
  › [https://github.com/Infineon/AURIX_code_examples](https://github.com/Infineon/AURIX_code_examples)

› For additional trainings, visit our webpage:
  › [https://www.infineon.com/aurix-expert-training](https://www.infineon.com/aurix-expert-training)

› For questions and support, use the AURIX™ Forum:
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