Memory_Access_Performance_1
for KIT_AURIX_TC297_TFT
Memory access performance
Scope of work

Data is stored and read back from different RAM locations while the access times are monitored using the CPU performance counters.

A routine is implemented to execute performance measurements using the CPU performance counters. The amount of required CPU clocks is evaluated for ten alternating write and read operations to different memories (DSPR0, DSPR1, LMU).
Introduction

- The microcontrollers of the AURIX™ TC2xx family have several CPU related volatile memories. Some are dedicated for a certain CPU e.g. the Program Scratch Pad RAM (PSPR), the Data Scratch Pad RAM (DSPR), PCACHE and DCACHE and some are used for general purpose such as the Local Memory Unit (LMU), where the access latency is typically higher.

- A higher access latency is also expected if a certain CPU accesses the memory adjacent to another CPU via the SRI bus.

- The latency in CPU clock cycles can be easily measured using the CPU performance counters.
Hardware setup

This code example has been developed for the board KIT_AURIX_TC297_TFT_BC-Step.
Implementation

Defining global data fields within the different volatile memories

› The global macro `BUFFERSIZE` defines the size of 10 elements for the data fields.

› Alternate writes and reads are repeated ten times to determine the number of CPU clocks. The global array `g_DataLMU[BUFFERSIZE]` defines the data field in the LMU. Furthermore, the global arrays `g_DataDSPR0[BUFFERSIZE]` and `g_DataDSPR1[BUFFERSIZE]` define the data fields in the DSPR0 and DSPR1. The compiler directive `#pragma` is used to force the compiler to put the global variables in the corresponding volatile memory.

Sequence of memory performance measurements

› A series of measurements is conducted by repeatedly invoking the function `accessData()` with different parameters inside the function `measurePerformance()`. The first argument is the data field where the write/read access goes to/comes from and the second argument is a container to store the results of the performance counter.

Note: For using the performance counters, the On-Chip Debug System has to be enabled. This is ensured by the debugger itself, therefore the example has to be tested within an active debug session.
Implementation

Executing write and read accesses

› The function `IfxCpu_resetAndStartCounters()` starts the CPU performance counters. A parameter is specifying the counter mode:
  - **Normal** mode: The counters increment on their respective triggers.
  - **Task** mode: Allow an additional gating from the debug unit which can filter data based on specific criteria.

› A `for` loop is used to write the index value into the data field and read it back. The first parameter of the function `accessData()` is specified as volatile. This prevents the compiler from optimizing the assembler code in order to ensure that the index of the for loop is read back from the memory.

› The function `IfxCpu_stopCounters()` stops and returns the counters values.

Both the functions `IfxCpu_resetAndStartCounters()` and `IfxCpu_stopCounters()` are part of the Infineon low level drivers and are implemented in `IfxCpu.h`. 
Implementation

Disabling the DCACHE

The CPU uses the DCACHE for data storage into the LMU. This is prevented by switching off the DCACHE usage. The macro `IFX_CFG_CPU_CSTART_ENABLE_TRICORE0_DCACHE` is required to be set to zero.

The macro is configured inside the header file `Ifx_Cfg.h`.

Linker Script file configuration

The linker script file `Lcf_Tasking_Tricore_Tc.lsl` was changed in order to set the CPU0 as the default host for all the global variables (see below figure).

```c
/*Un-comment one of the below statements to enable CpuX, DMI, RAM to hold global variables*/
#define LCF_DEFAULT_HOST .. LCF_CPU0
/*#define LCF_DEFAULT_HOST .. LCF_CPU1*/
/*#define LCF_DEFAULT_HOST .. LCF_CPU2*/
```
After code compilation and flashing the device, check the amount of clocks representing the access latency in the debugger perspective:

- Add the global variable `g_perfCounts` to the Watch window and check the elements 0, 1 and 2
  - 0: CPU0 writes and reads to/from DSPR0
  - 1: CPU0 writes and reads to/from DSPR1
  - 2: CPU0 writes and reads to/from LMU
AURIX™ Development Studio is available online:
https://www.infineon.com/aurixdevelopmentstudio
Use the „Import...“ function to get access to more code examples.

More code examples can be found on the GIT repository:
https://github.com/Infineon/AURIX_code_examples

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## Revision history

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision</th>
<th>Description of change</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V1.0.1</td>
<td>Update of version to be in line with the code example’s version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V1.0.0</td>
<td>Initial version</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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