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AN205312

FR, MB91460, Programmable Pulse Generator

This application note reflects the functionality and describes the different modes of the Programmable Pulse Generator. The PPG is a 16-bit down counter with selectable duty cycle (counter value match for output pin state change).

Contents

1 Introduction

This application note reflects the functionality and describes the different modes of the Programmable Pulse Generator. The PPG is a 16-bit down counter with selectable duty cycle (counter value match for output pin state change).

1.1 Key Features

- Selectable 16-bit reload value and 16-bit duty cycle
- Actual count readable
- Prescaler dividers: 1, 4, 16, 64
- Frequency Range from 3.8 Hz to 8 MHz with Peripheral Clock at 16 MHz
- Accuracy of Duty Cycle up to 65536 steps (0.0015%)
- Trigger Inputs with Edge Selection: External, Reload Timer 0 to 7, Internal
- Output polarity and Clamped H/L selectable
- Interrupt at Trigger, Counter Borrow, Duty Value Match, and Borrow or Match.
- One Shot / PWM Mode

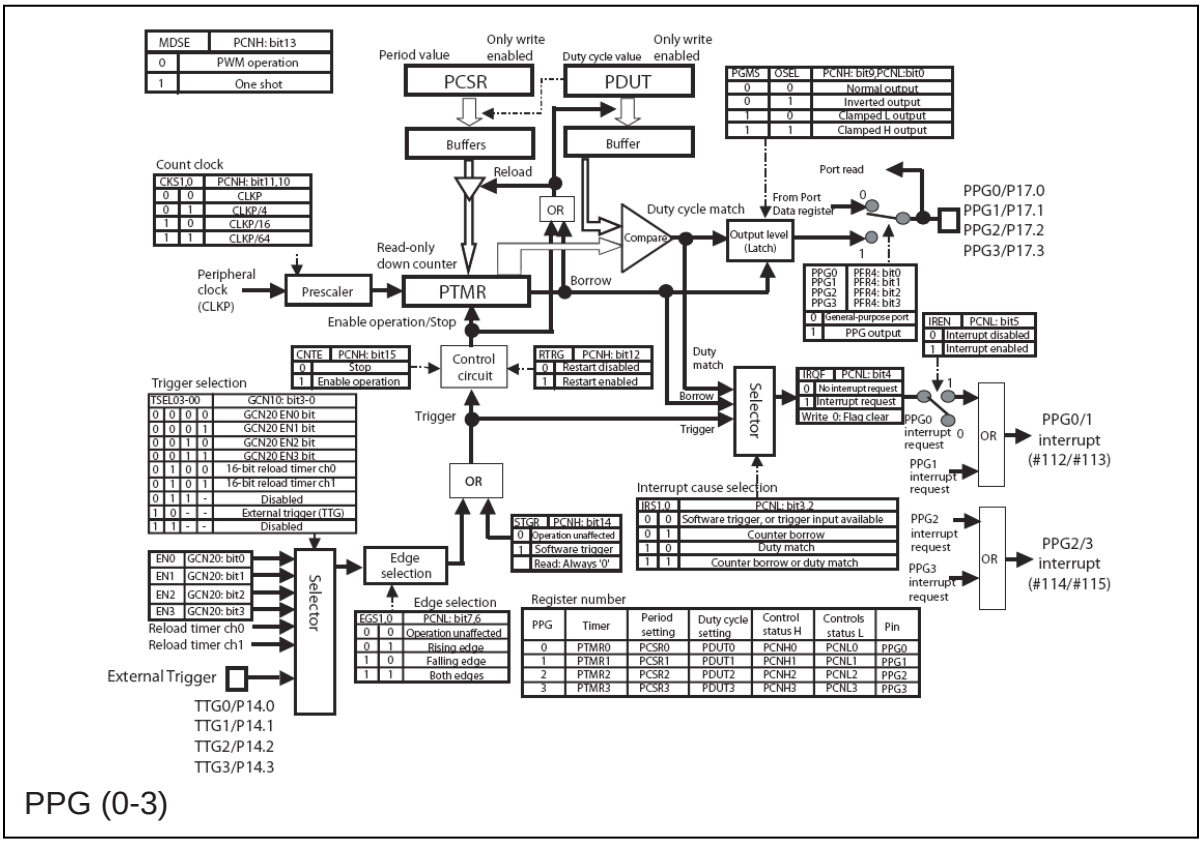
2 The Programmable Pulse Generator

The basic functionality of the PPG

2.1 Block Diagram

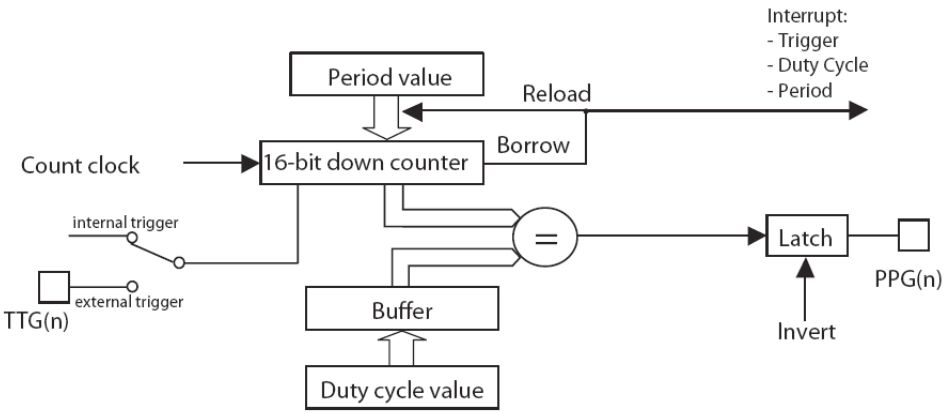
Figure 1 shows the internal block diagram of a PPG channel.

Figure 1. PPG Block Diagram



2.2 Simplified Block Diagram

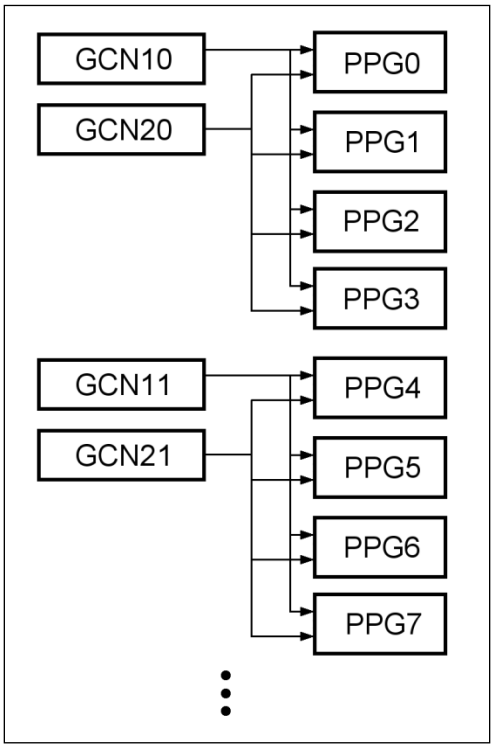
Figure 2. Simplified PPG Block Diagram



2.3 PPG Grouping

The following block diagram shows, how the PPGs are grouped

Figure 3. Grouping of the PPGs.



The GCN1n register controls the trigger type or clock source for PPGn to PPGn+3. Different PPGs of this group can share one common trigger and clock source. CGN2n controls the clock source for PPGn to PPGn+3.

2.4 Registers

2.4.1 PPG Control Status Register (PCN)

The PCN contains almost all control bits for the functionality of the PPG

Table 1. PCN

Bit No.	Name	Explanation	Value	Operation
15	CNTE	Count Enable	0	PPG disabled
			1	PPG enabled
14	STGR	Software Trigger	0	No trigger
			1	Trigger activated
13	MDSE	Mode Selection	0	Continuous Mode
			1	One-Shot Operation
12	RTRG	Restart Enable	0	Disable Restart
			1	Enable Restart
11, 10	CKS1, 0	Counter Clock Selection	0, 0	Clock selected by CKSEL
			0, 1	Clock selected by CKSEL / 4
			1, 0	Clock selected by CKSEL / 16
			1, 1	Clock selected by CKSEL / 64
9	PGMS	PPG Output Mask Selection	0	No Output Mask
			1	Output Mask (Clamped by OSEL)
8	-	*Undefined*	-	Always write 0
7, 6	EGS1, 0	Trigger Input Edge Selection	0, 0	No Selection
			0, 1	Rising Edge
			1, 0	Falling Edge
			1, 1	Both Edges
5	IREN	Interrupt Enable	0	Interrupt Disabled
			1	Interrupt Enabled
4	IRQF	Interrupt Request Flag	0	Clear Interrupt Request
			1	No Effect
3, 2	IRS1, 0	Interrupt Cause Selection	0, 0	Software or External Trigger
			0, 1	Counter Borrow
			1, 0	Counter matches Duty Value
			1, 1	Counter Borrow or Duty Value match
1	-	*Undefined*	-	Always write 0
0	OSEL	Output Polarity	0	Normal Polarity
			1	Inverted Polarity

2.4.2 General Control Register 1 (GCN1)

The GCN1 consists of 4 blocks of Trigger Selection Control Bits. These blocks are related to a group of 4 PPGs. The Trigger Activation works together with the EGS1-0 Bits of the 2.4.1 PPG Control Status Register (PCN).

Table 2. GCN1

TSELi3	TSELi2	TSELi1	TSELi0	Activation Trigger Specification
0	0	0	0	EN0 Bit (GCN2 Register)
0	0	0	1	EN1 Bit (GCN2 Register)
0	0	1	0	EN2 Bit (GCN2 Register)
0	0	1	1	EN3 Bit (GCN2 Register)
0	1	0	0	16-Bit Reload Timer Output 0/2/4/6
0	1	0	1	16-Bit Reload Timer Output 1/3/5/7
1	0	0	0	External Trigger (Group*4 + 0)
1	0	0	1	External Trigger (Group*4 + 1)
1	0	1	0	External Trigger (Group*4 + 2)
1	0	1	1	External Trigger (Group*4 + 3)
All other settings				Disabled

Note, that “i” is the PPG number. It rises in foursome blocks from Bit#0 to Bit#15 in the GCN1n.

2.4.3 General Control Register 2 (GCN2)

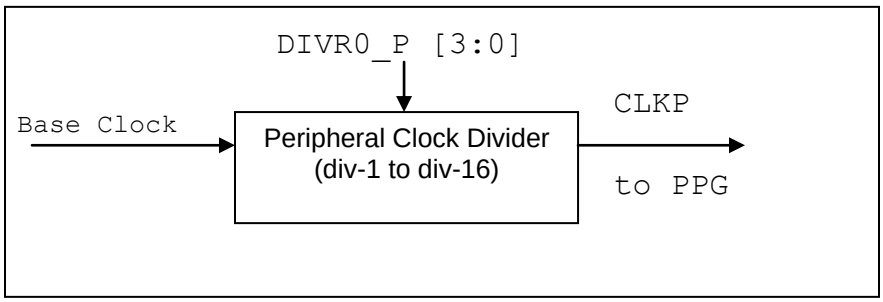
The lower 4 Bits of the GCN2n contains the Trigger Level Control Bits.

Table 3. GCN2

EN0 … 3	Internal Triggers EN0 ... 3
0	Set Level to „L“
1	Set Level to „H“

Please consider that the CLKP frequency depends on the setting of the Peripheral Clock 1 Divider.

Figure 4. PPG Clock



2.4.4 PPG Period Setting Register (PCSR)

This 16-Bit register contains the period value for a PPG channel.

2.4.5 PPG Duty Setting Register (PDUT)

This 16-Bit register contains the duty time in which the PPG changes its output. Please set a value smaller than the PCSR cycle for normal PPG operation. If these values are equal, the PPG output is “H”, if OSEL=0 or “L”, if OSEL=1 (OSEL is Bit#0 of PCN: 2.4.1).

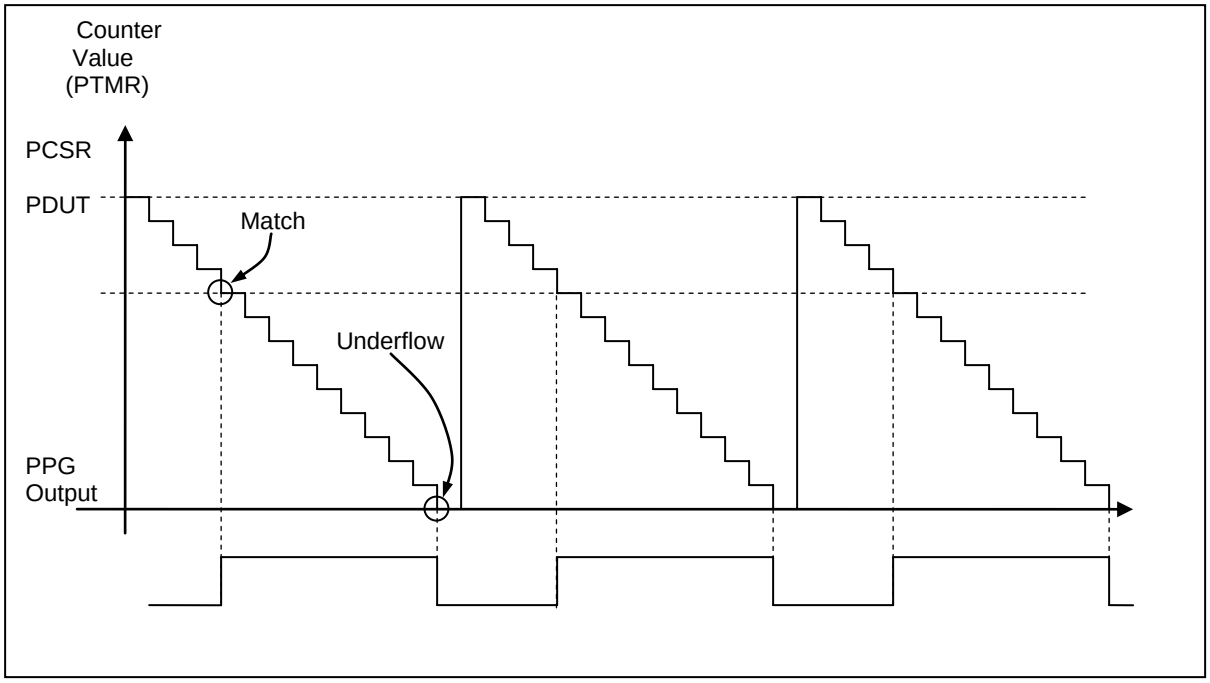
2.4.6 PPG Timer Register (PTMR)

This 16-Bit register is the counter of the PPG. Read access returns the current counter value.

2.5 PPG Counter Behaviour

The following diagram shows, how the PPG works in the basic mode (free running, no trigger):

Figure 5. PPG Behaviour



The non-inverted PPG output is set to “L” if an underflow of the counter value occurs. After this, the period value (PCSR) is reloaded. The PPG output is set to “H”, if the duty cycle value (PDUT) matches the actual counter value.

2.6 Frequency Examples

The following table shows some frequency settings for PPG clocked by CLKP.

Figure 6. Frequency Settings

CLKP1	CKS1, 0 Division	Period Value PCSR	Period Time	Period Frequency	Granulation Time
16 MHz	1	0xFFFF	4.096 ms	244.1 Hz	62.5 ns
		0x0001	125 ns	8 MHz	
	4	0xFFFF	16.38 ms	61 Hz	250 ns
		0x0001	500 ns	2 MHz	
	16	0xFFFF	65.54 ms	15.3 Hz	1 µs
		0x0001	2 µs	500 kHz	
	64	0xFFFF	262 ms	3.8 Hz	4 µs
		0x0001	8 µs	125 kHz	
24 MHz	1	0xFFFF	2.731 ms	366.2 Hz	41.7 ns
		0x0001	83.3 ns	12 MHz	
	4	0xFFFF	10.92 ms	91.6 Hz	166.7 ns
		0x0001	333.3 ns	3 MHz	
	16	0xFFFF	43.69 ms	22.9 Hz	0.67 µs
		0x0001	1.33 µs	750 kHz	
	64	0xFFFF	174.7 ms	5.7 Hz	2.67 µs
		0x0001	5.33 µs	187.5 kHz	
50 MHz	1	0xFFFF	1.311 ms	763 Hz	20 ns
		0x0001	40 ns	25 MHz	
	4	0xFFFF	5.243 ms	190.7Hz	80 ns
		0x0001	160 ns	6.25 MHz	
	16	0xFFFF	20.97 ms	47.7 Hz	0.32 µs
		0x0001	0.64 µs	1.56 MHz	
	64	0xFFFF	83.8 ms	11.92 Hz	1.28 µs
		0x0001	2.56 µs	390.63 kHz	

The formula for the PPG frequency f_{PPG} using f_{CLKP} (CLKP) as clock source is:

$$f_{PPG} = \frac{f_{CLKP}}{div_{CKS2,0} \cdot (P+1)}$$, where $div_{CKS2,0}$ is the CKS2,0 division factor and P the Period Value

Note, that CLKP can also be divided by the settings in the Peripheral Clock Divider, so that for high Base Clocks, low frequencies for PPG can be used.

2.6.1 Accuracy of Duty Cycle

The accuracy of the duty cycle depends on the used period value caused on the resulting granularity.

The formula for the accuracy *a* in per cent is:

$$a = \frac{1}{P+1} \cdot 100\%$$, where *P* is the Period Value

3 PPG Examples

Examples for PPG operation

3.1 Basic PPG Functionality

The following code shows how to initialize the PPG for basic operation.

```
/*                                    SAMPLE CODE                                  */
/*---------------------------------------------------------------------------------*/

void InitPPG04(void)
{
    /* set PPG0 pin as output */
    DDR17_D4 = 1;
 /* switch port pin from GPIO to PPG0 resource function */
    PFR17_D4 = 1;

    /* always set cycle value PERIODE 1st*/
    PCSR04 = 0x1000;       /* PERIOD = (CLKP / CKSP) / (PCSR04+1) [Hz] */



    /* set duty value DUTY CYCLE */
    PDUT04 = 0x0800;       /* DUTY = 1/((CLKP / CKSP) / (PDUT04+1)) [s] */

    PCNL04 = 0x00;              /* OSEL - normal polarity
                                * IRS  - software trigger
                                * IRQF - no interrupt request
                                * IREN - interrupt request disabled
                                * EGS  - no edge detection
                                */


    PCNH04 = 0xDC;              /* PGMS - no output mask
                                * CKS  - peripheral clock / 64
                                * RTRG - enable restart
                                * MDSE - PWM operation
                                * STGR - software trigger
                                * CNTE - enable operation
                                */
  }
```

This example code generates a PPG signal with a duty cycle of 50%. The output frequency depends on the MCU clock settings. Here it is clock source (`CKSEL`) divided by `0x1000 + 1`. For a frequency of 16 MHz for `CLKP`, the resulting PPG frequency is 3905 Hz.

3.2 Triggering by Reload Timer

The PPG can be triggered by Reload Timer 0 or 1. The following example shows how to trigger the PPG with the Reload Timer. Note that the PPG is in single shot mode.

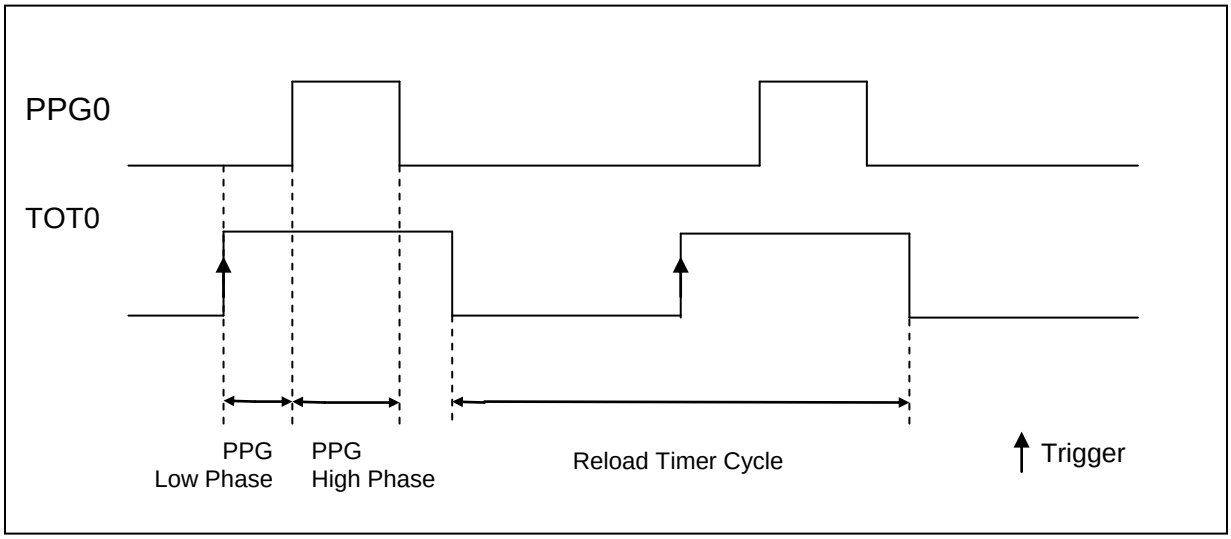
```
/*                                    SAMPLE CODE                                  */
/*-------------------------------------------------------------------------------*/

void InitReloadTimer2(void)
{
TMRLR2 = 0x0200;          // set reload value
TMCSR2 = 0x0013;          // pre-scalar 1:1, no interrupts, output enable
}

void InitPPG0(void)
{
  PCSR0   = 0x02FF;        // always set cycle value PERIOD 1st
     PDUT0   = 0x0200;     // set duty value DUTY CYCLE
  PCNL0   = 0x40;          // Trigger rising edge,
  PCNH0   = 0xB0;         // Count enable, One Shot, Retrigger,
                          // CLK - no div
  GCN11 = 0x0004;        // Trigger Source: Reload Timer 0
 }
```

The generated waveforms look like the following graphic.

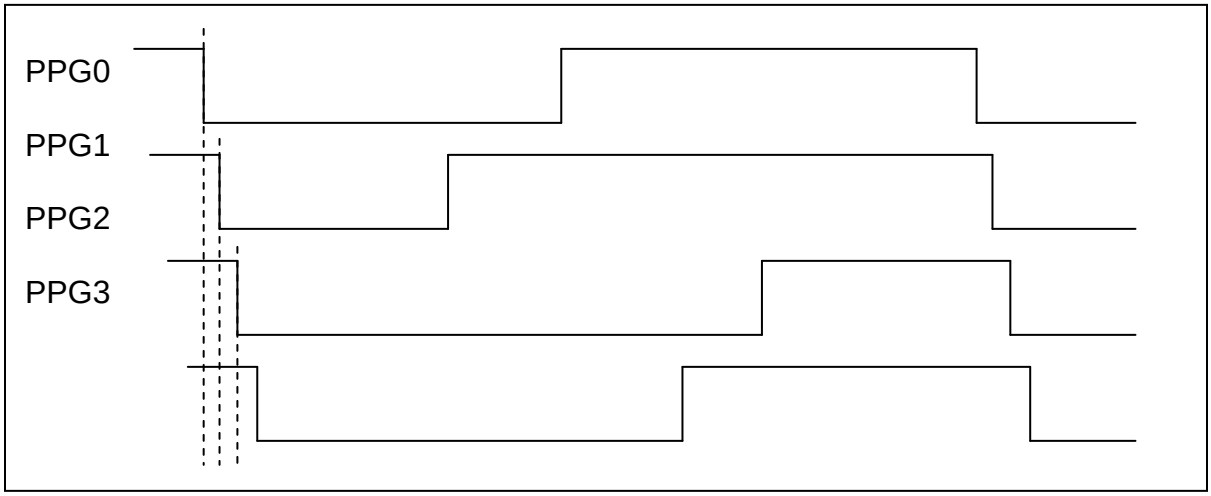
Figure 7. Timing Diagram



3.3 Synchronize PPG Group

If you initialize the PPGs sequentially, but with the same frequency, the starting falling edges (no inversion) of each channel will have a phase shift.

Figure 8. Timing Diagram of Phase Shift



It is possible to synchronize 4 PPG channels with the Internal Triggers. To synchronize 4 channels, set the EGS*n* Bits of the PPG Control Status Registers (PCN*n*) to rising edge. Set all 4 channel Trigger Selections to EN0 by setting the General Control Register (GCN1*n*) to 0x0000. The sequence GCN2*n* = 0x0000 and GCN2*n* = 0x0001 creates a rising edge on EN0.

```
/*                              SAMPLE CODE                                    */
/*-----------------------------------------------------------------------------*/

void InitPPG0(void)
{
  PCSR04 = 0x0FFF;      // always set cycle value PERIOD 1st
     PDUT04 = 0x0700;  // set duty value DUTY CYCLE
  PCNL04 = 0x40;       // Rising edge trigger,
  PCNH04 = 0xD0;      // Count enable, SW-Trigger, Retrigger, CLK - no div
  PCSR05 = 0x0FFF;
     PDUT05 = 0x0400;
  PCNL05 = 0x40;
  PCNH05 = 0xD0;
  PCSR06 = 0x0FFF;
     PDUT06 = 0x0900;
  PCNL06 = 0x40;
  PCNH06 = 0xD0;
  PCSR07 = 0x0FFF;
     PDUT07 = 0x0800;
  PCNL07 = 0x40;
  PCNH07 = 0xD0;
= GCN11 = 0x0000;     // PPG4 -> EN0, PPG5 -> EN0, ...
     GCN21 = 0x0000; // Generate Rising Edge
  GCN21 = 0x0001;   // Trigger EN0
}
```

4 Additional Information

Information about Cypress Microcontrollers can be found on the following Internet page:

http://www.cypress.com/cypress-microcontrollers

The software examples related to this application note is:

91460_ppg_v12

91460_ppg4_rlt2_trg

91460_ppg_rlt_adc_dma

It can be found on the following Internet page:

http://www.cypress.com/cypress-mcu-product-softwareexamples

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			04/24/2008	V1.1, Typo in title page corrected, MSt
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*B	5873225	AESATMP8	09/05/2017	Updated logo and Copyright.

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