

采用 TRENCHSTOP™ 5 技术的高速开关5 IGBT

与全额定RAPID 1 快速软恢复反并联二极管共封装

特性

- $V_{CE} = 650\text{ V}$
- $I_C = 50\text{ A}$
- 硬开关和谐振拓扑中的行业领先效率
- 即插即用，替代上一代 IGBT
- 650 V 击穿电压
- 低栅极电荷 Q_G
- IGBT 与全额定RAPID 1 快速软恢复反并联二极管共封装
- 最高结温 $T_{vjmax} = 175^\circ\text{C}$
- 符合 JEDEC 目标应用要求
- 无铅镀层；符合RoHS标准
- 完整的产品范围和 PSpice 模型：<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>

潜在应用

- UPS（不间断电源）
- 太阳能逆变器
- 焊接转换器
- 中高开关频率变频器

描述

封装引脚定义：

- 引脚G - 栅极
- 引脚 C & 背面 - 集电极
- 引脚 E - 发射极

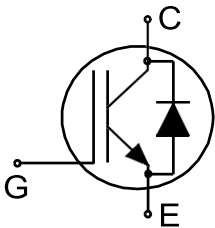


Lead-free

Green

Halogen-free

RoHS



Type	Package	Marking
IKW50N65EH5	PG-TO247-3	K50EEH5

本数据手册的原文使用英文撰写。为方便起见，英飞凌提供了译文；由于翻译过程中可能使用了自动化工具，英飞凌不保证译文的准确性。为确认准确性，请务必访问 infineon.com 参考最新的英文版本（控制文档）。



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1封装

1 封装

表1 特征值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Internal emitter inductance measured 5 mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E			13		nH
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-55		150	°C
Soldering temperature	T_{sold}	wave soldering 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s			260	°C
Mounting torque	M	M3 screw Maximum of mounting process: 3			0.6	Nm
Thermal resistance, junction-ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$				40	K/W
IGBT thermal resistance, junction-case	$R_{th(j-c)}$				0.55	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction-case	$R_{th(j-c)}$				0.63	K/W

2 绝缘栅双极晶体管

表2 最大额定值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	$T_{vj} \geq 25\text{ °C}$		650	V
DC collector current, limited by T_{vjmax}	I_C	limited by bondwire	$T_c = 25\text{ °C}$	80	A
			$T_c = 100\text{ °C}$	50	
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax} ¹⁾	I_{Cpulse}			200	A
Turn-off safe operating area ¹⁾		$V_{CE} \leq 650\text{ V}, t_p = 1\text{ }\mu\text{s}, T_{vj} \leq 175\text{ °C}$		200	A
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}			± 20	V
Transient gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	$t_p \leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}, D < 0.01$		± 30	V
Power dissipation	P_{tot}		$T_c = 25\text{ °C}$	275	W
			$T_c = 100\text{ °C}$	138	

1) 由设计标定，不受制于生产测试。

表3 特征值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	V_{BRCES}	$I_C = 0.2 \text{ mA}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$		650			V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CESat}	$I_C = 50 \text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.65	2.1	V
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.85		
			$T_{vj} = 175 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.95		
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	V_{GETh}	$I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$		3.2	4	4.8	V
Zero gate-voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		1	50	μA
			$T_{vj} = 175 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		2000		
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 20 \text{ V}$				100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$I_C = 50 \text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$			62		S
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1000 \text{ kHz}$			3000		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1000 \text{ kHz}$			90		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1000 \text{ kHz}$			12		pF
Gate charge	Q_G	$I_C = 50 \text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 520 \text{ V}$			120		nC
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $R_{Gon} = 12 \text{ } \Omega$, $R_{Goff} = 12 \text{ } \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$		25		ns
			$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$		24		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$		24		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$		23		
Rise time (inductive load)	t_r	$V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $R_{Gon} = 12 \text{ } \Omega$, $R_{Goff} = 12 \text{ } \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$		29		ns
			$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$		12		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$		30		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$		14		

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表 3 (续) 特征值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V},$ $R_{Gon} = 12 \Omega, R_{Goff} = 12 \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$	172		ns
			$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	173		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$	190		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	203		
Fall time (inductive load)	t_f	$V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V},$ $R_{Gon} = 12 \Omega, R_{Goff} = 12 \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$	35		ns
			$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	15		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$	30		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	20		
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	$V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V},$ $R_{Gon} = 12 \Omega, R_{Goff} = 12 \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$	1.5		mJ
			$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	0.57		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$	2		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	0.95		
Turn-off energy	E_{off}	$V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V},$ $R_{Gon} = 12 \Omega, R_{Goff} = 12 \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$	0.5		mJ
			$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	0.16		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$	0.6		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	0.25		

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表 3 (续) 特征值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}	$V_{CC} = 400\text{ V}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V},$ $R_{Gon} = 12\ \Omega, R_{Goff} = 12\ \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C},$ $I_C = 50\text{ A}$		2		mJ
			$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C},$ $I_C = 25\text{ A}$		0.73		
			$T_{vj} = 150\text{ °C},$ $I_C = 50\text{ A}$		2.6		
			$T_{vj} = 150\text{ °C},$ $I_C = 25\text{ A}$		1.2		
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}			-40		175	°C

3 二极管

表4 最大额定值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values	Unit
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_{vj} \geq 25\text{ °C}$		650	V
Diode forward current, limited by T_{vjmax}	I_F	limited by bondwire	$T_c = 25\text{ °C}$	80	A
			$T_c = 100\text{ °C}$	50	
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax} ¹⁾	I_{Fpulse}			200	A

1) 由设计定义。未经过生产测试。

表5 特征值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$I_F = 50\text{ A}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$		1.35	1.7	V
			$T_{vj} = 125\text{ °C}$		1.33		
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$		1.3		

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表 5 (续) 特征值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R = 400 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 50 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		81		ns
			$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 25 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		56		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 50 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		108		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 25 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		98		
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	$V_R = 400 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 50 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		1.1		μC
			$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 25 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		0.7		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 50 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		2.6		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 25 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		1.8		
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	$V_R = 400 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 50 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		17		A
			$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 25 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		19.7		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 50 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		36		
			$T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 25 \text{ A}$, $-di_F/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		28.8		

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表 5 (续) 特征值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	di_{rr}/dt	$V_R = 400\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C},$ $I_F = 50\text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 1000\text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$		1000		A/ μs
			$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C},$ $I_F = 25\text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 1000\text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$		1500		
			$T_{vj} = 150\text{ °C},$ $I_F = 50\text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 1000\text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$		2000		
			$T_{vj} = 150\text{ °C},$ $I_F = 25\text{ A},$ $-di_F/dt = 1000\text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$		1500		
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}			-40		175	°C

注意：为了获得最佳的使用寿命和可靠性，英飞凌建议运行条件不超过本数据手册中所述最大额定值的80%。

除非另有规定，电气特性均为 $T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$ 。

动态测试电路，寄生电感 $L_\sigma = 30\text{ nH}$ ，寄生电容 $C_\sigma = 25\text{ pF}$ ，来自图E。能量损失包括“尾部”和二极管反向恢复。

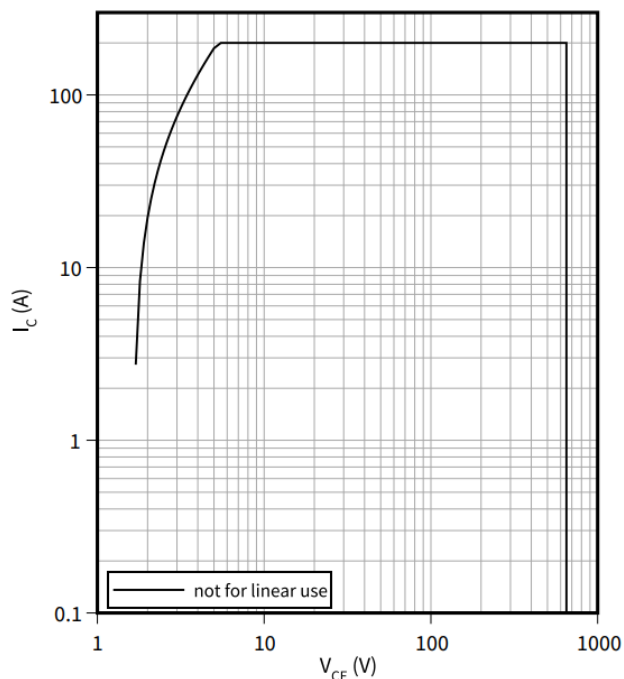
4 特征图

4 特性图

Forward bias safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

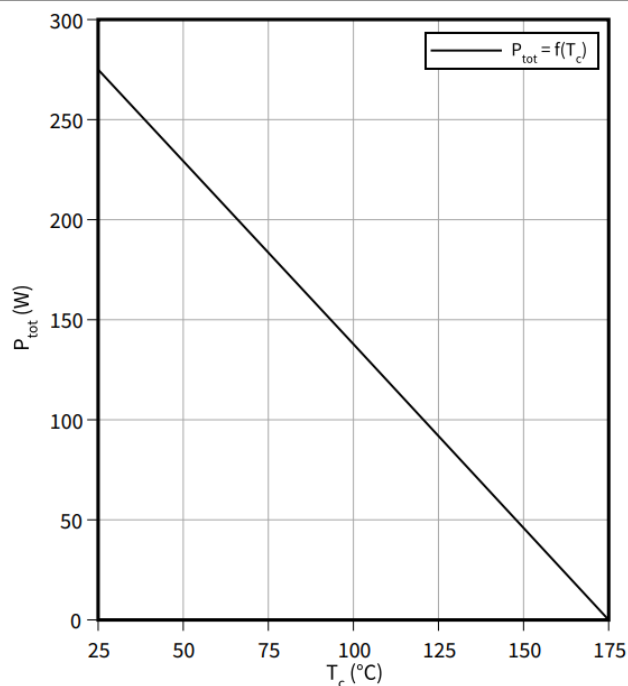
$D = 0$, $T_{vj} \leq 175\text{ °C}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $t_p = 1\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, $T_c = 25\text{ °C}$



Power dissipation as a function of case temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_c)$$

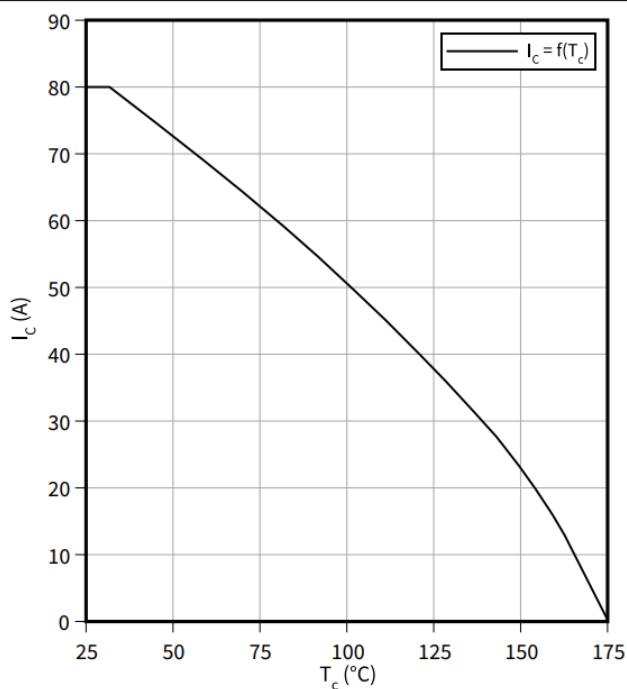
$T_{vj} \leq 175\text{ °C}$



Collector current as a function of case temperature

$$I_C = f(T_c)$$

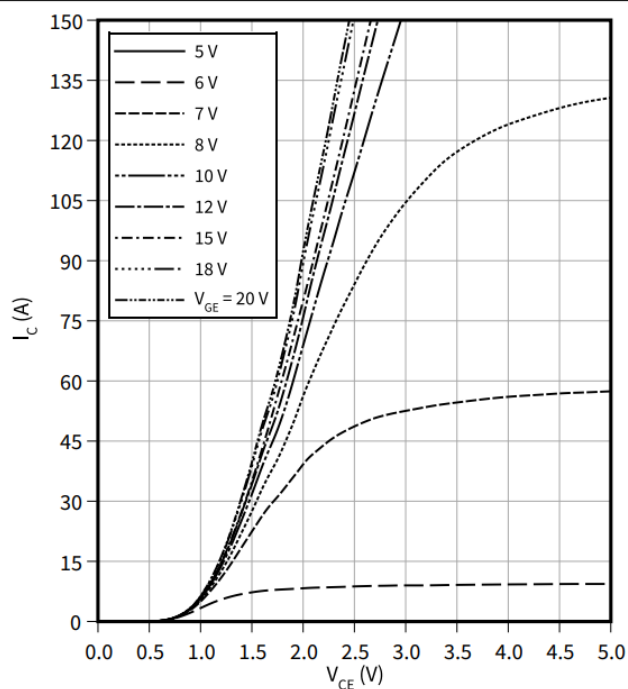
$T_{vj} \leq 175\text{ °C}$, $V_{GE} \geq 15\text{ V}$



Typical output characteristic

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

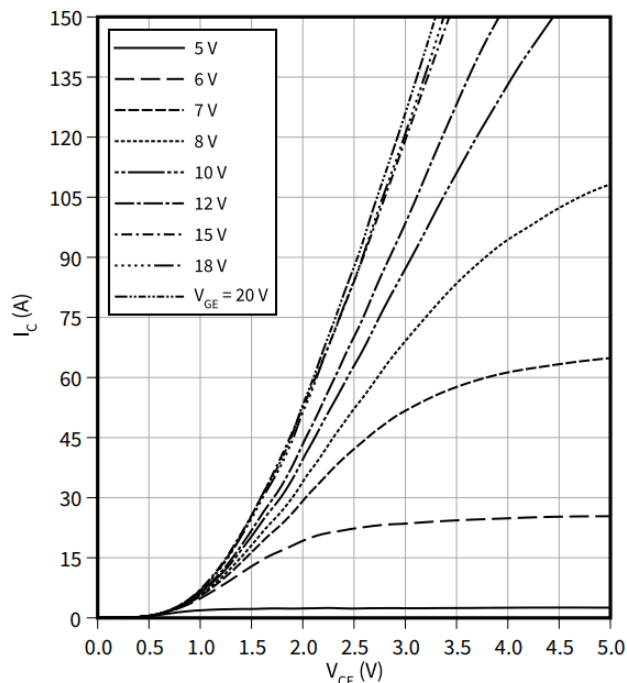
$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$



4 特征图

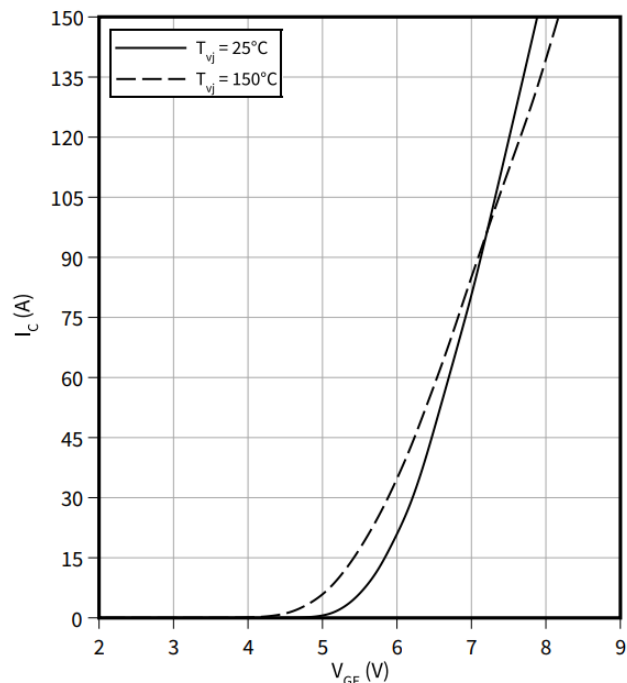
Typical output characteristic

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$
 $T_{vj} = 150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$



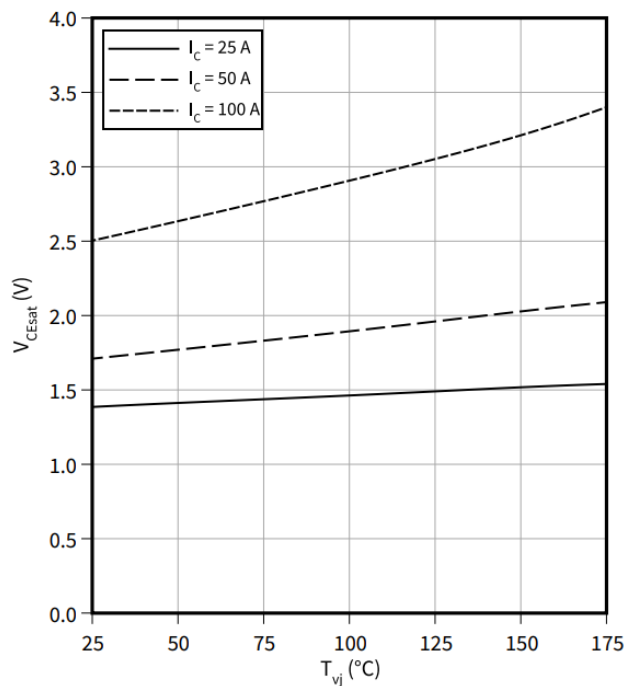
Typical transfer characteristic

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$
 $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$



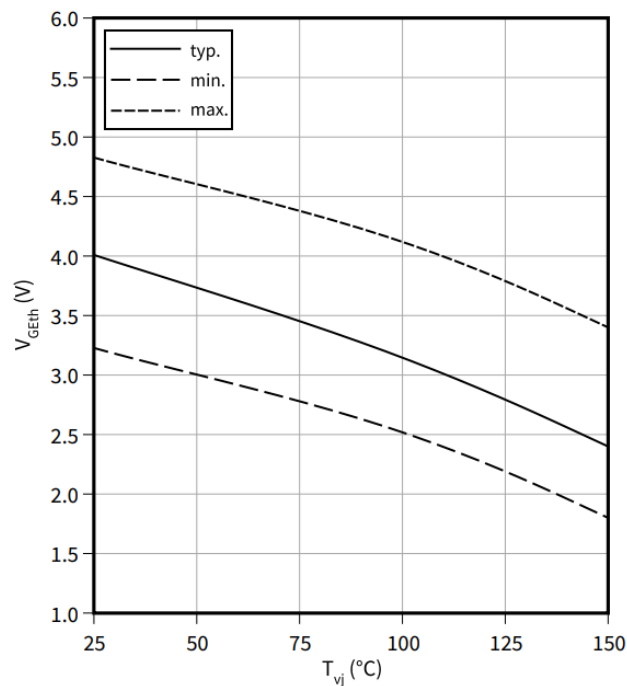
Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature

$V_{CEsat} = f(T_{vj})$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$



Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

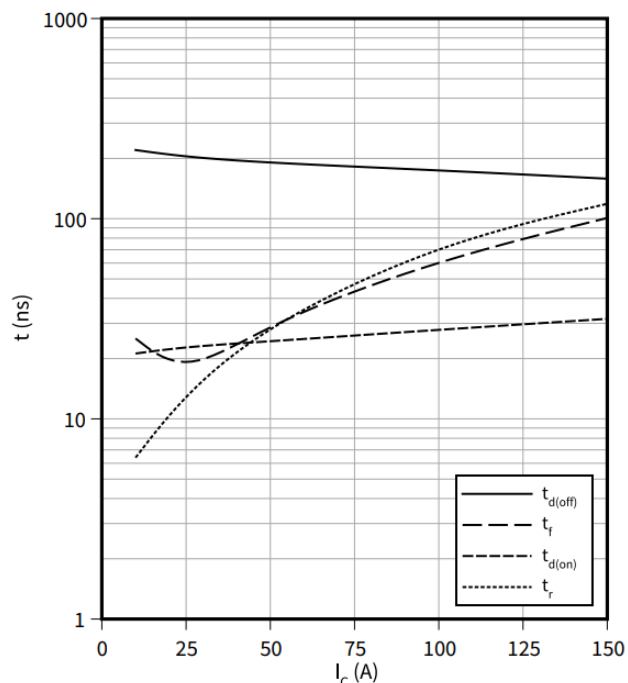
$V_{GEth} = f(T_{vj})$
 $I_C = 0.5\text{ mA}$



4 特征图

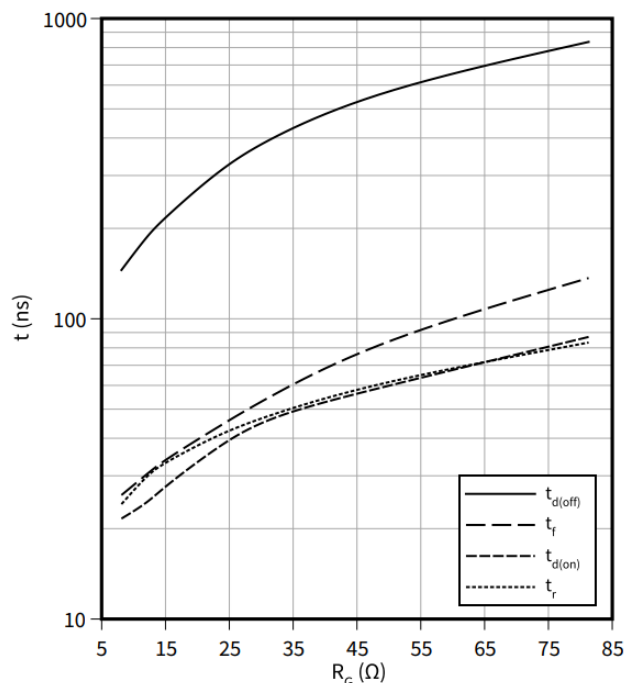
Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$t = f(I_C)$

 $V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}$, $T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$, $R_G = 12 \text{ } \Omega$ 

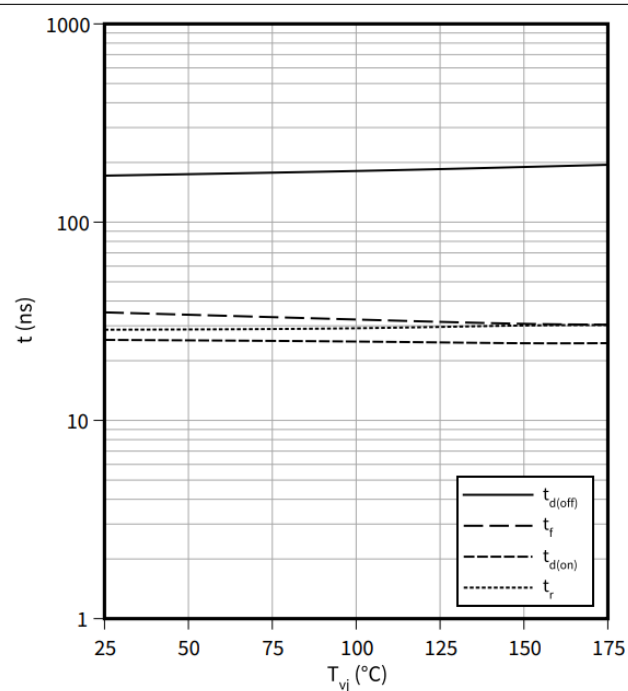
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$t = f(R_G)$

 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$, $V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}$, $T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$ 

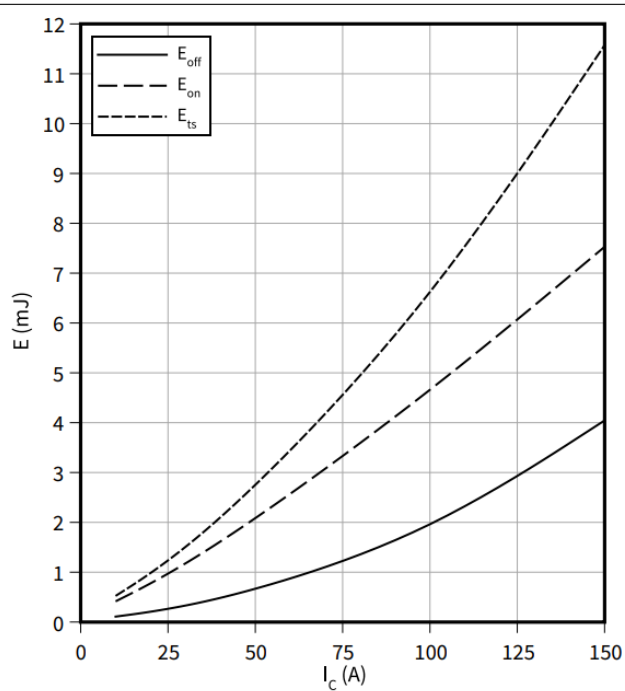
Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature

$t = f(T_{vj})$

 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$, $V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$, $R_G = 12 \text{ } \Omega$ 

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

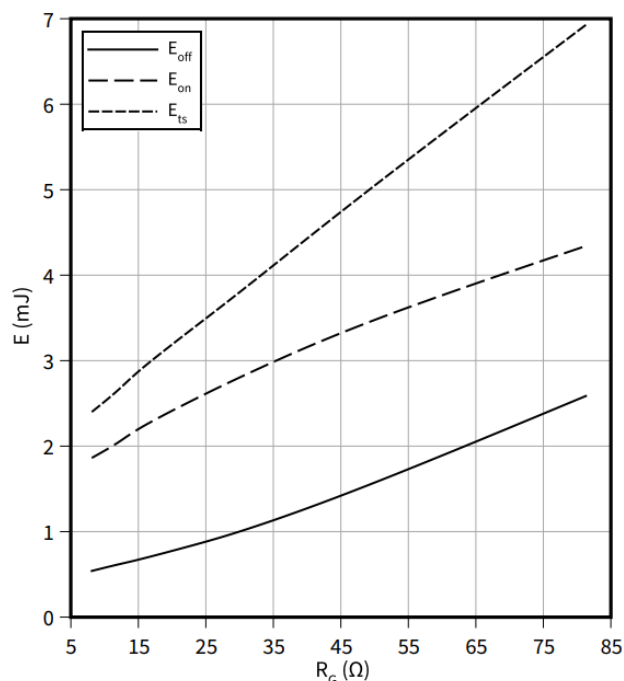
$E = f(I_C)$

 $V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}$, $T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$, $R_G = 12 \text{ } \Omega$ 

4 特征图

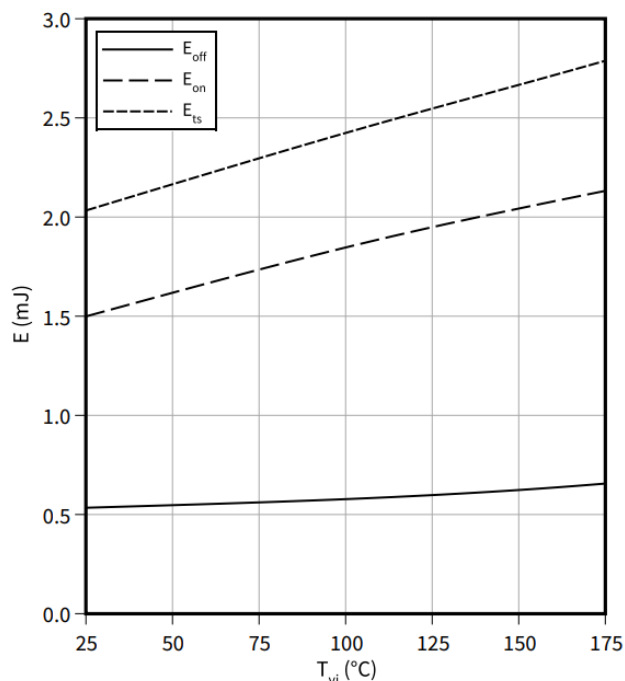
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_G)$$

 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}, V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}, T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$


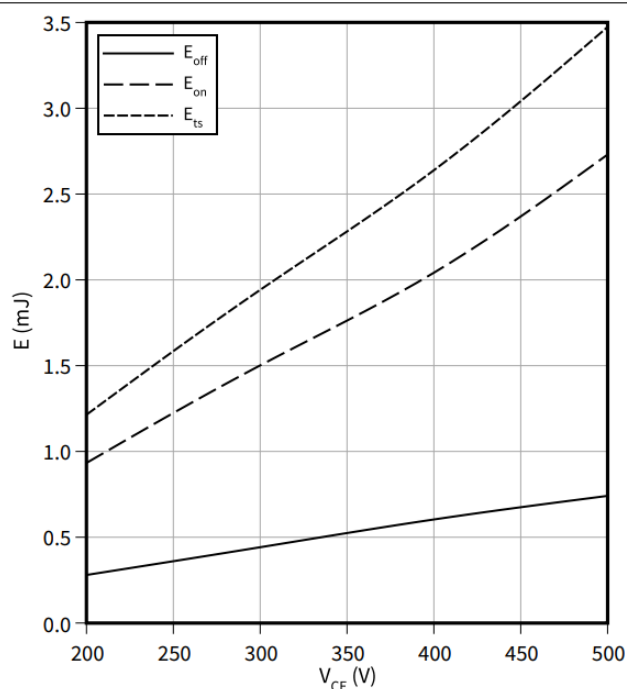
Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature

$$E = f(T_{vj})$$

 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}, V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}, R_G = 12 \text{ }\Omega$


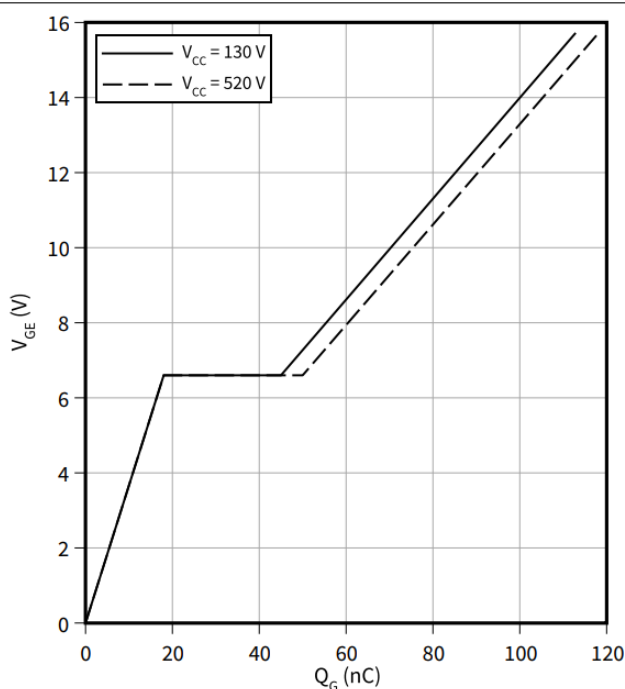
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage

$$E = f(V_{CE})$$

 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}, T_{vj} = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}, R_G = 12 \text{ }\Omega$


Typical gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_G)$$

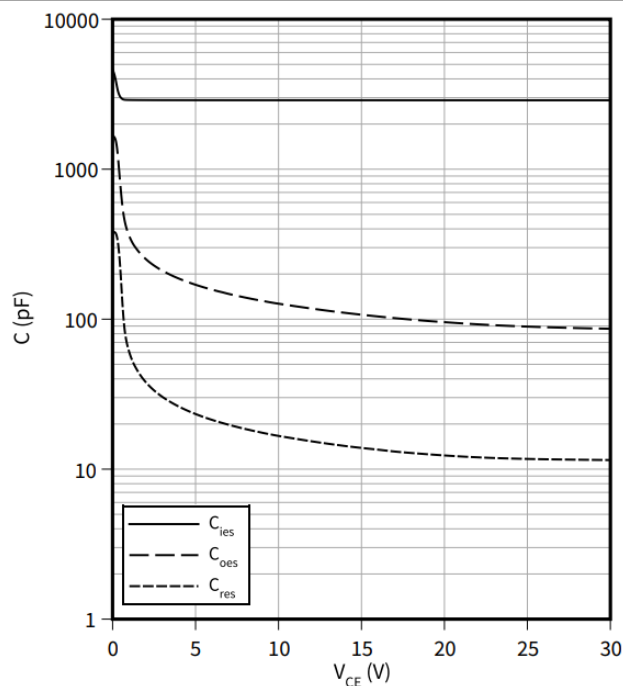
 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$


4 特征图

Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$$C = f(V_{CE})$$

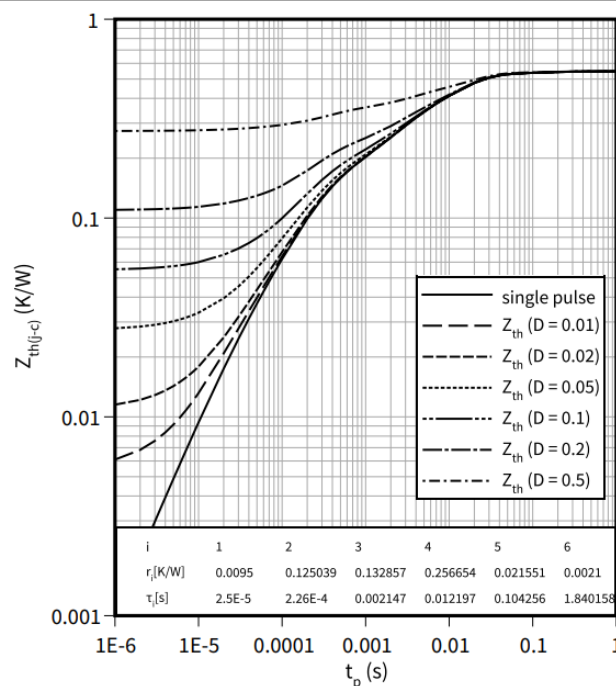
$f = 1000 \text{ kHz}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$



IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-c)} = f(t_p)$$

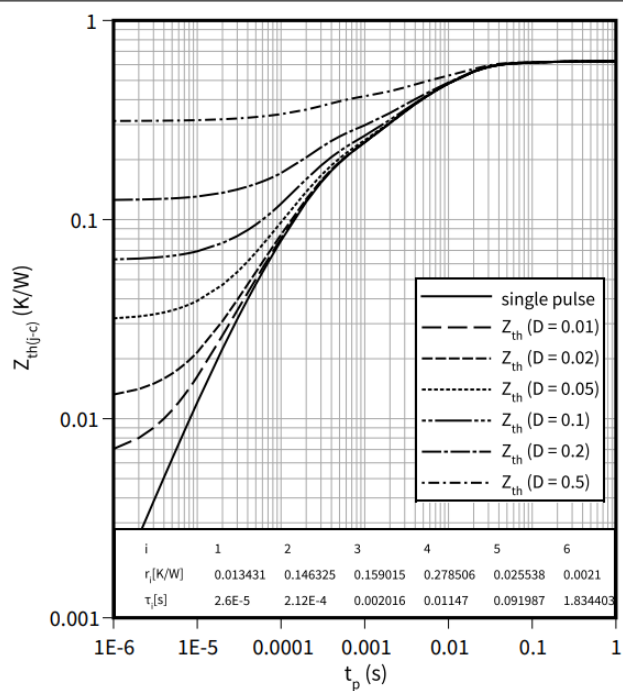
$$D = t_p/T$$



Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

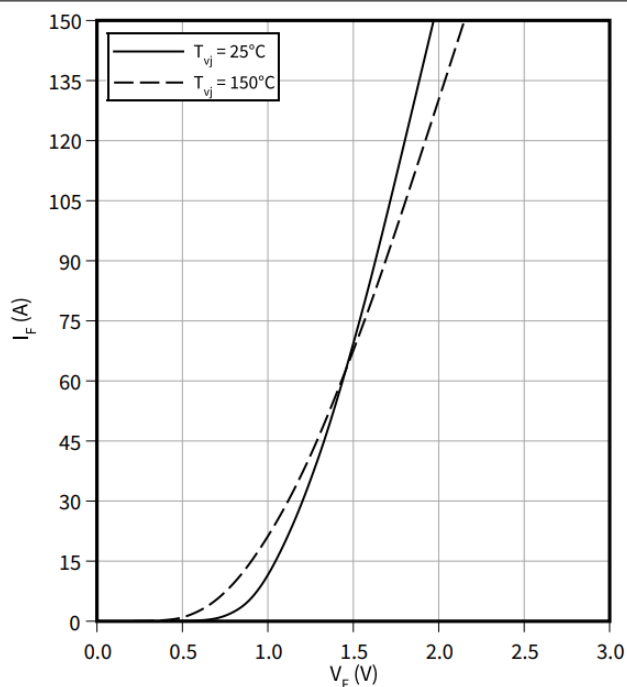
$$Z_{th(j-c)} = f(t_p)$$

$$D = t_p/T$$



Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

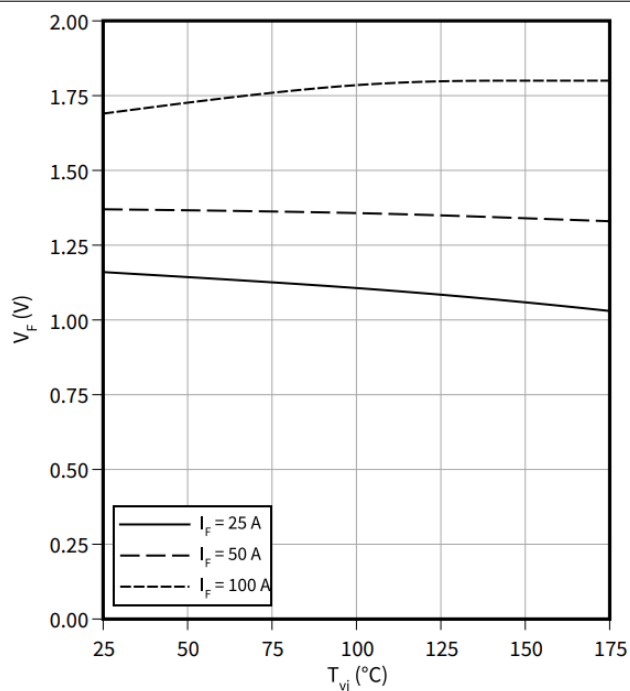
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



4 特征图

Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

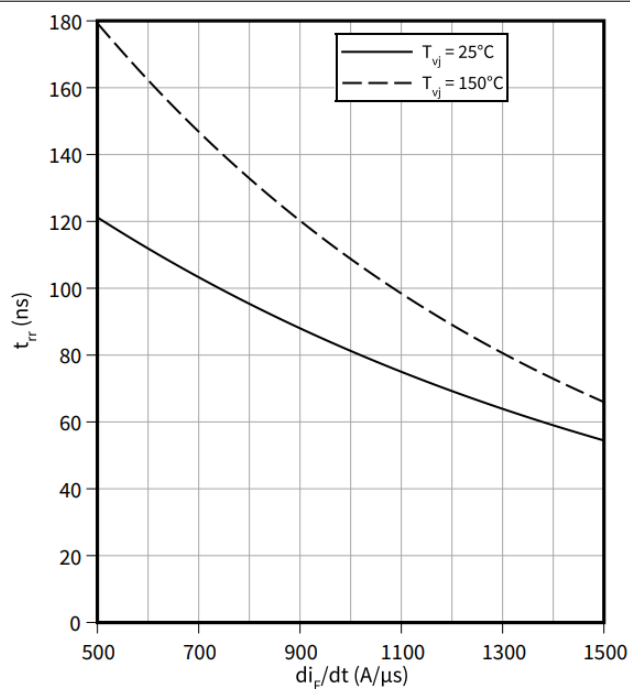
$$V_F = f(T_{vj})$$



Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope

$$t_{rr} = f(di_F/dt)$$

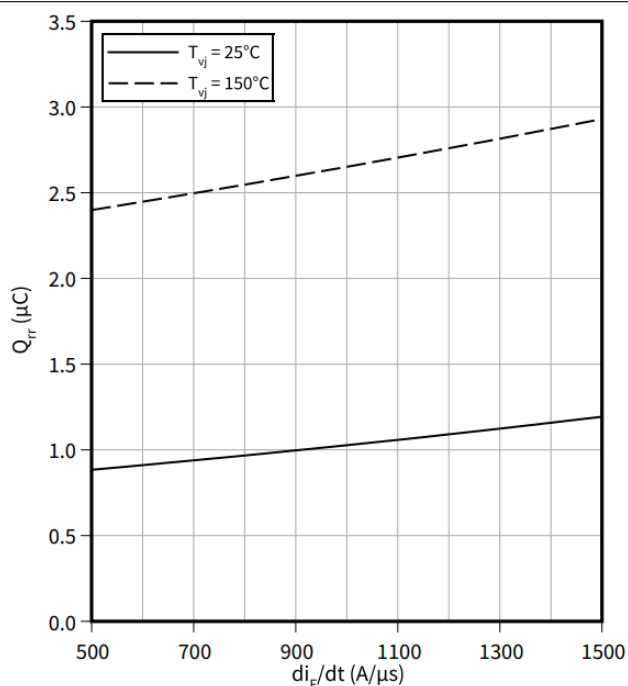
$$V_R = 400 \text{ V}, I_F = 50 \text{ A}$$



Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope

$$Q_{rr} = f(di_F/dt)$$

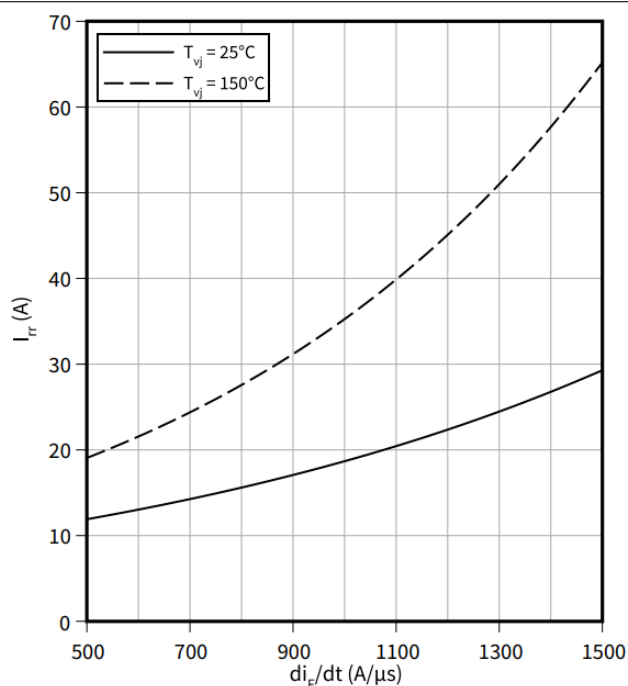
$$V_R = 400 \text{ V}, I_F = 50 \text{ A}$$



Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

$$I_{rr} = f(di_F/dt)$$

$$V_R = 400 \text{ V}, I_F = 50 \text{ A}$$

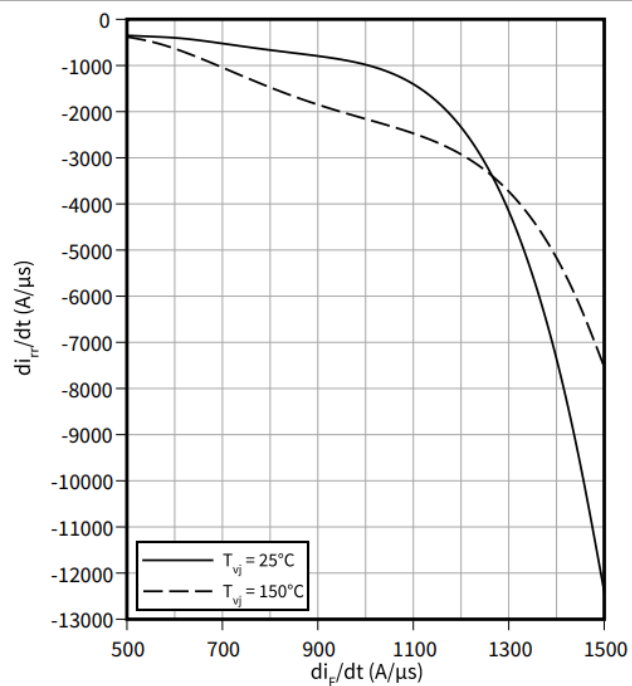


4 特征图

Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

$$di_{rr}/dt = f(di_F/dt)$$

$$V_R = 400 \text{ V}, I_F = 50 \text{ A}$$



5 封装外形

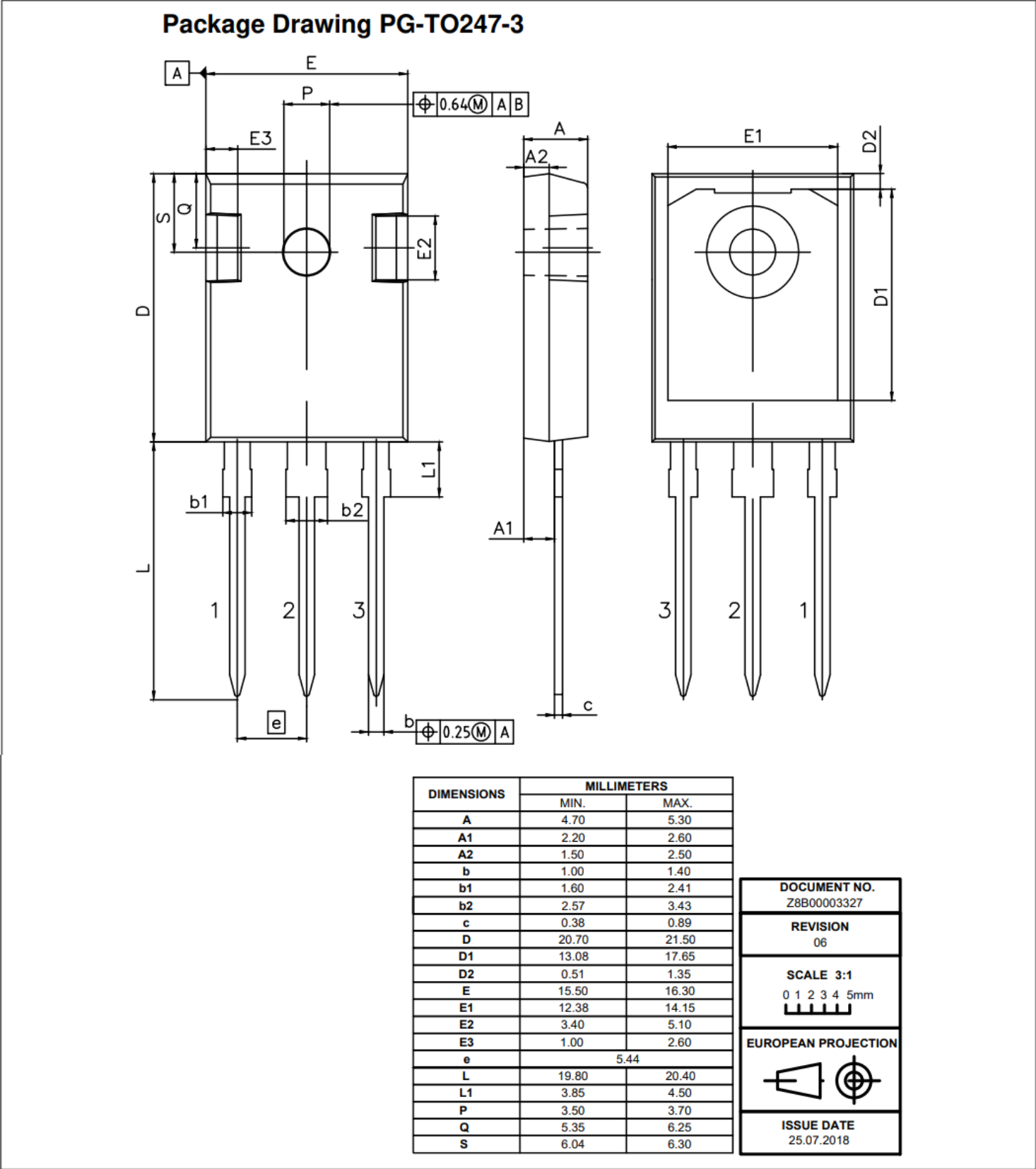


图 1

6 测试条件

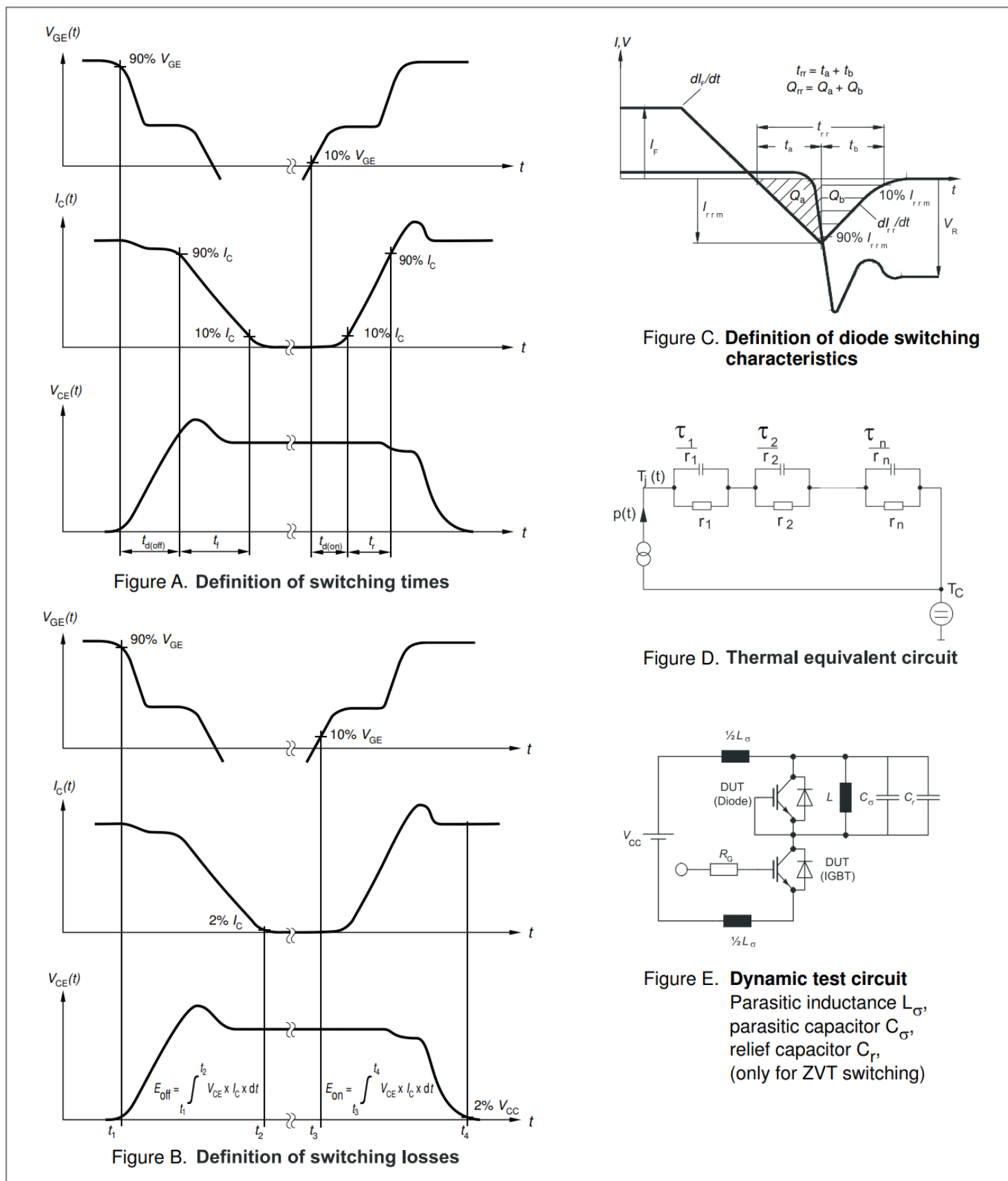


图 2

修订记录

Document revision	Date of release	Description of changes
V2.1	2015-05-20	Final data sheet
V2.2	2017-07-27	Correction Fig.1
n/a	2020-11-30	Datasheet migrated to a new system with a new layout and new revision number schema: target or preliminary datasheet = 0.xy; final datasheet = 1.xy
1.10	2022-11-09	Correction of diagram: “Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage”



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版本 2025-09-16

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德国 Neubiberg 85579

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