

# ModusToolbox™ DFU Host tool user guide

ModusToolbox™ tools package version 3.6.0

DFU Host tool version 2.80.0

## About this document

[A newer revision of this document may be available on the web here.](#)

### Scope and purpose

The Device Firmware Update (DFU) Host tool is a stand-alone program included with the ModusToolbox™ software. This tool is used to communicate with PSOC™ 6, PSOC™ 4, PSOC™ Edge, PSOC™ Control, and XMC™7000 MCUs that have already been programmed with an application that includes the DFU capability.

### Intended audience

This document helps application developers understand how to use the DFU Host tool as part of creating a ModusToolbox™ application.

### Document conventions

Convention	Explanation
<b>Bold</b>	Emphasizes heading levels, column headings, menus and sub-menus
<i>Italics</i>	Denotes file names and paths.
Monospace	Denotes APIs, functions, interrupt handlers, events, data types, error handlers, file/folder names, directories, command line inputs, code snippets
<b>File &gt; New</b>	Indicates that a cascading sub-menu opens when you select a menu item

### Reference documents

Refer to the following documents for more information as needed:

- [ModusToolbox™ tools package user guide](#)
- [VS Code for ModusToolbox™ user guide](#)
- [Eclipse IDE for ModusToolbox™ user guide](#)
- [KitProg3 user guide](#)

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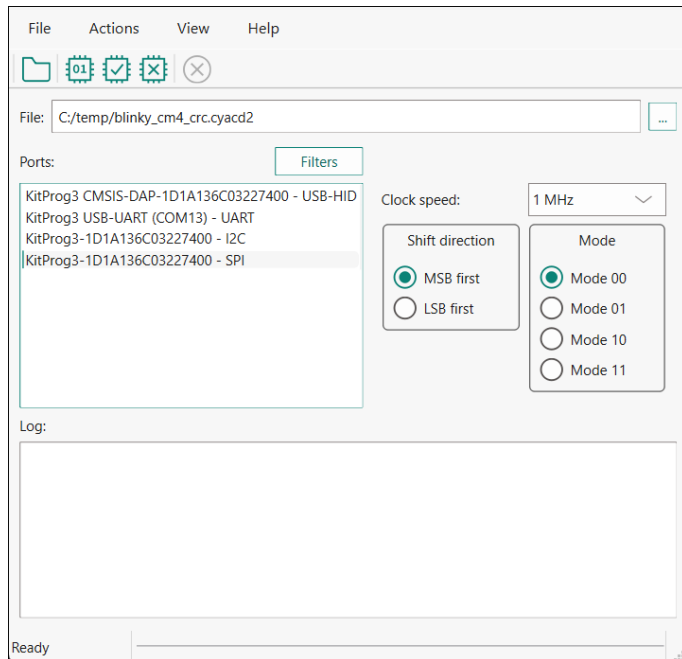
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## 1 Overview

### 1 Overview

The DFU Host tool is provided as [GUI description](#) and [CLI description](#).



This tool allows you to:

- Program new application data onto the supported MCU device using supported input files. See [Supported devices and file formats](#).
- Verify the program data that is already contained on the device.
- Erase the application from the device.
- Select the \*.mtbdfu file output from a ModusToolbox™ application in order to program, write, read, erase and communicate with the device.
- Abort the current operation.

**Note:** This operation leaves the device in whatever state it is in when the abort message is acted upon.

The DFU Host tool supports communicating via I<sup>2</sup>C, SPI, UART, USB-CDC, USB-HID, and CAN-FD. They are displayed to configure their settings and view the programming status. For I<sup>2</sup>C and SPI, supported MCU should include the KitProg3 firmware module or other bridge interface, which implements USB-UART, USB-I<sup>2</sup>C, and USB-SPI bridges. For UART, communication can be done directly from the PC simply by connecting an appropriate cable. For CAN-FD, PEAK System hardware must be used.

**Note:** The process of initializing the device, two CPUs therein, and executing code in the SROM and supervisory flash, is referred to as “bootloading”. The process of installing and updating applications in the field is referred to as “device firmware update”. This process uses standard communication channels (UART, I<sup>2</sup>C, USB, etc.) to download new applications from a host.

## 2 Supported devices and file formats

## 2 Supported devices and file formats

All MCUs can be used with the all files formats.

Device	File format			Link
MCU	<i>*.mtbdfu</i>	<i>*.hex</i>	<i>*.cyacd2</i>	
PSOC™ 6	Y	Y	Y	<a href="https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/product/microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-arm-cortex-microcontroller/psoc-6-32-bit-arm-cortex-m4-mcu/">https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/product/microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-arm-cortex-microcontroller/psoc-6-32-bit-arm-cortex-m4-mcu/</a>
PSOC™ 4	Y	Y	Y	<a href="https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/product/microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-arm-cortex-microcontroller/psoc-4-32-bit-arm-cortex-m0-mcu/">https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/product/microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-arm-cortex-microcontroller/psoc-4-32-bit-arm-cortex-m0-mcu/</a>
XMC7000	Y	Y	X	<a href="https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/product/microcontroller/32-bit-industrial-microcontroller-based-on-arm-cortex-m/32-bit-xmc7000-industrial-microcontroller-arm-cortex-m7/">https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/product/microcontroller/32-bit-industrial-microcontroller-based-on-arm-cortex-m/32-bit-xmc7000-industrial-microcontroller-arm-cortex-m7/</a>
PSOC™ Edge	Y	Y	X	<a href="https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/product/microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-arm-cortex-microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-edge-arm/">https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/product/microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-arm-cortex-microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-edge-arm/</a>
PSOC™ Control	Y	Y	X	<a href="https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/product/microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-arm-cortex-microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-control-arm-cortex-m33-mcu/">https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/product/microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-arm-cortex-microcontroller/32-bit-psoc-control-arm-cortex-m33-mcu/</a>

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## 3 Example code

### 3 Example code

The source code for the DFU Host tool is provided in the installation directory:

- **Windows:** `~/ModusToolbox/tools_<version>/dfuh-tool/sample_code`
- **Linux™:** `/opt/Tools/ModusToolbox/tools_<version>/dfuh-tool/share/dfuh-tool/sample_code/`
- **macOS:** `/Applications/ModusToolbox/tools_<version>/dfuh-tool/dfuh-tool.app/Contents/sample_code/`

Use this source code as a reference to build your own tool. Refer to the *README.md* file for instructions on how to install the required dependencies and build the DFU Host Tool.

**Note:** *This example requires CMake 3.21 or later.*

## 4 Quick start

### 4 Quick start

This section contains a simple workflow for how to use the DFU Host tool.

1. Ensure that you have a supported MCU that has been programmed with an application that includes the DFU capability.
2. [Launch the DFU Host tool.](#)
3. Click **File > Open** to browse to the location of your application file (\*.cyacd2/\*.mtbdfu/\*.hex).
4. Connect the device with an application that includes the DFU capability.
5. Wire the hardware port pins to the corresponding pins on the target device.
6. Update the [Port configuration](#). These values are set from the communication component used by the bootloader component.
7. Click **Program/Execute** to load the new application from \*.cyacd2 or \*.hex file and to execute and send the commands from the \*.mtbdfu file.

#### 4.1 Drivers Installation

To use the CAN-FD interface, install PCAN device drivers and the PCAN-Basic library. The links:

- **Windows:** <https://www.peak-system.com/quick/DrvSetup>
- **Linux:** <https://www.peak-system.com/quick/PCAN-Linux-Driver>
- **macOS:** [https://github.com/mac-can/PCBUSB-Library/releases/download/v0.13/macOS\\_Library\\_for\\_PCANUSB\\_v0.13.tar.gz](https://github.com/mac-can/PCBUSB-Library/releases/download/v0.13/macOS_Library_for_PCANUSB_v0.13.tar.gz) (After installing the library, rename it to *libPCBUSB.dylib* and copy it into the .../dfuh-tool/dfuh-tool.app/Contents/Frameworks folder.)

**Note:** CAN-FD interface is supported only on PEAK System devices.

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## 5 Launch the DFU Host tool

### 5 Launch the DFU Host tool

There are several ways to launch the DFU Host tool, and those ways depend on how you use the various tools in ModusToolbox™ software.

#### 5.1 VS Code and Eclipse

VS Code and Eclipse have tools to launch the DFU Host tool from within an open application. Refer to the applicable user guide for more details:

- [VS Code for ModusToolbox™ user guide](#)
- [Eclipse IDE for ModusToolbox™ user guide](#)

#### 5.2 Executable (GUI)

You can launch the DFU Host tool as a stand-alone tool without the Eclipse IDE. By default, it is installed here:

- **Windows:** `~/ModusToolbox/tools_<version>/dfuh-tool/`
- **Linux™:** `/opt/Tools/ModusToolbox/tools_<version>/dfuh-tool/bin/`
- **macOS:** `/Applications/ModusToolbox/tools_<version>/dfuh-tool/`

On Windows, you can launch the tool from the **Start** menu. For other operating systems, the installation directory will vary, based on how the software was installed.

#### 5.3 Executable (CLI)

Refer to [CLI description](#) to run the `dfuh-cli` tool. You can also run the DFU Host tool GUI executable using the following command line arguments:

Argument	Description
-?, -h, --help	Displays help on command line options.
--help-all	Displays help including Qt specific options.
-v, --version	Displays version information.
--debug <filename>	Appends logging information to the specified file.

## 6 GUI description

### 6 GUI description

#### Menus

##### File

- **Open...** – Opens an existing input file of the supported formats. If a file is already open, it will be closed.
- **Save Log As...** – Opens the dialog to save the log file in a specified location.
- **Clear Log** – Clears the current log.
- **Exit** – Closes the DFU Host tool.

##### Actions

- **Program** – Programs the application to the device.
- **Execute** – Executes the *.mtbdfu* file on the host, establishes a DFU session with the target and processes the DFU commands
- **Verify** – Verifies the programming of the device.
- **Erase All** – Erases the program from the device.
- **Abort** – Aborts the action.

##### View

- **Toolbar** – Shows/hides the toolbar.

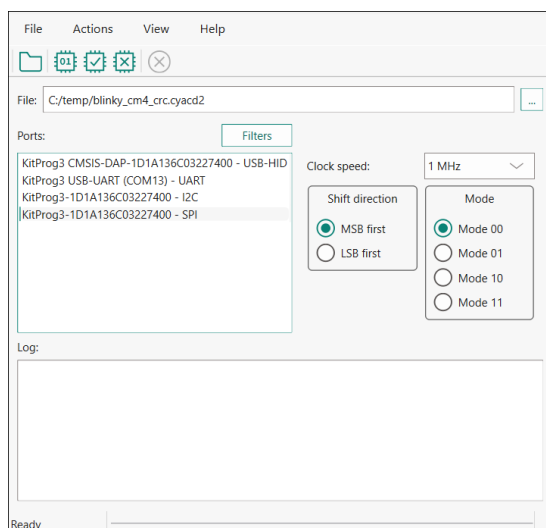
##### Help

- **View Help** – Opens this document.
- **About Device Firmware Update Host Tool** – Opens the About box for version information, with links to open <https://www.infineon.com> and the current session log file.

### 6.1 Main window

#### File selection

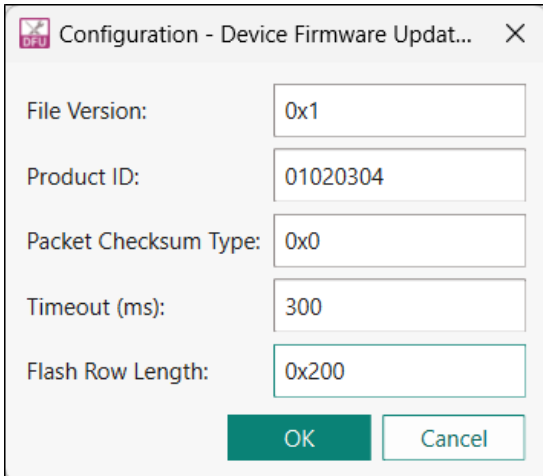
This section describes how to select the input file, which contains the DFU commands or firmware image.



#### \*.mtbdfu file configuration

The **Configure** and **Generate** buttons display when one or more \*.hex files are passed as an input. Click the **Configure** button to display the "Configuration" window.

## 6 GUI description



Configuration - Device Firmware Updat... X

File Version: 0x1

Product ID: 01020304

Packet Checksum Type: 0x0

Timeout (ms): 300

Flash Row Length: 0x200

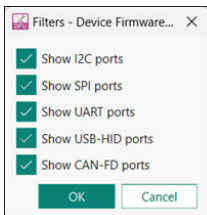
OK Cancel

Enter the [.mtbdfu](#) file parameters to generate an \*.mtbdfu file that is used to program/verify/erase the selected .hex files.

### Ports

This section lists all ports attached to the computer to communicate with the bootloader. Based on which item is selected, different options are available for the **Port Configuration**.

### Filters...



Filters - Device Firmware... X

☒ Show I2C ports

☒ Show SPI ports

☒ Show UART ports

☒ Show USB-HID ports

☒ Show CAN-FD ports

OK Cancel

Use the **Filters** button to select which ports display in the **Ports** list.

## 6.2 Port configuration

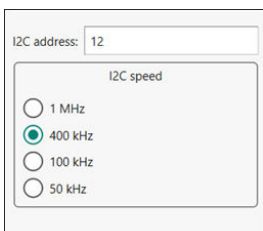
This section allows for configuring the interface-specific options for communicating with the DFU system. This is necessary to ensure both the DFU and host computer are configured the same.

Refer to the appropriate probe documentation for a list of supported modes.

**Note:** *Not all SPI and UART communication properties combinations are supported.*

### 6.2.1 I2C

For I<sup>2</sup>C communication, there are two required parameters:



I2C address: 12

I2C speed

☐ 1 MHz

☒ 400 kHz

☐ 100 kHz

☐ 50 kHz

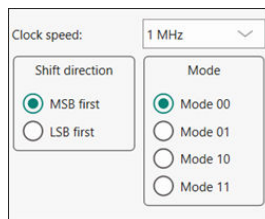
## 6 GUI description

- The address of the I<sup>2</sup>C-based target DFU system with which the host is communicating. The range for valid addresses is from 8 - 120.
- The I<sup>2</sup>C SCK signal frequency.

**Note:** *Note: It may happen that the device sends neither ACK nor NACK signal. In this case, it may take the DFU Host tool up to 20 seconds to send a timeout error.*

### 6.2.2 SPI

For SPI communication, there are three required parameters:

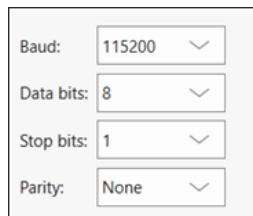


The SPI configuration GUI shows three settings: Clock speed set to 1 MHz, Shift direction with MSB first selected, and Mode with Mode 00 selected.

- The SPI SCLK signal frequency.
- The bit ordering of transferred data.
- The SPI operating mode.

### 6.2.3 UART and USB-CDC

For UART/USB-CDC communication, there are four required parameters:



The UART/USB-CDC configuration GUI shows four settings: Baud rate set to 115200, Data bits set to 8, Stop bits set to 1, and Parity set to None.

- The baud (bit) rate at which data is transferred.
- The number of data bits per byte.
- The number of stop bits indicating the termination of a byte.
- The parity bit that is added to a byte.

**Note:** *Note: KitProg3 and MiniProg devices do not support custom values for data bits, stop bits, and parity. They are set to 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and no parity respectively and cannot be changed.*

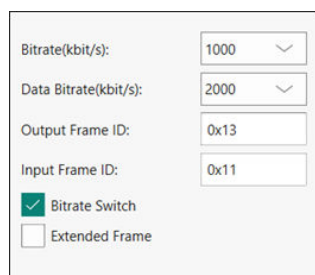
### 6.2.4 USB-HID

USB-HID does not need port configuration. Both VID and PID are obtained automatically the device name is selected.

### 6.2.5 CAN-FD

For CAN-FD communication, there are five required parameters:

## 6 GUI description



- The bitrate at which data is transferred.
- The data bitrate at which data is transferred if bitrate switch is enabled.
- The output Frame ID for each sent frame.
- The bitrate switch to enable switching between bitrate and data bitrate.
- Extended Frame to enable extended frame support.

There is also the optional parameter **Input Frame ID**, which filters an incoming CAN-FD frame by its frame ID. Leave this field empty if you do not use it.

The CAN-FD middleware supports one of the following configurations:

	Nominal Bitrate (kbps)				Data Bitrate (kbps)			
	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	10000
Clock Frequency (Mhz)	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
Prescaler	40	20	10	10	4	2	2	1
Time Segment 1	12	12	12	5	7	7	7	5
Time Segment 2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
Synchronization Jump Width	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

### 6.3 Log

The log displays the history of what happened while the host was open:

- when operations started/completed
- information about user-initiated operations
- error messages during an operation if any.

### 6.4 Errors

Any errors for various fields display as a red X in the field containing the error, and it contains a tooltip when you hover the mouse cursor on it.

## 7 CLI description

### 7 CLI description

In addition to the *dfuh-tool* GUI executable, there is also the *dfuh-cli* executable. The CLI allows programming, verifying, and erasing devices from a command-line prompt or from within batch files or shell scripts. The exit code for the *dfuh-cli* executable is zero if the operation is successful, or non-zero if the operation encounters an error.

To use the *dfuh-cli* executable, provide one of the following flags:

Flag	Description
--program-device <input file(s)>	Programs the device with the specified file and exits.
--verify-device <input file(s)>	Verifies the programming of the device with the specified file and exits.
--erase-device <input file(s)>	Erases the specified program from the device and exits.
--custom-command <mtbdfu_file>	Sends an *.mtbdfu file (JSON format) as the input to the DFU Host tool.
--generate-mtbdfu <mtbdfu_file>	Generates an *.mtbdfu file from the provided input arguments.

If there is more than one device connected to the host, use the following flag to specify which device to use:

Flag	Description
--hwid <string>	Specifies the ID of the hardware to program/verify/erase. If this option is skipped, the first appropriate device found will be used.

#### .mtbdfu generation (--generate-mtbdfu) flags

Flag	Description
--product-id <hex>	Sets the product ID as a parameter for the generated *.mtbdfu file.
--file-version <hex>	Sets the file version as a parameter for the generated *.mtbdfu file.
--checksum-type <hex>	Sets packet checksum type as a parameter for generated *.mtbdfu file.
--application-id <hex>	(Optional) Sets the application ID as a parameter for the generated *.mtbdfu file. Required only for legacy devices or devices with the DFU-MW-based bootloader.
--application-start <hex>	(Optional) Sets the application start address as a parameter for the generated *.mtbdfu file. Required only for legacy devices or devices with the DFU-MW-based bootloader.
--application-length <hex>	(Optional) Sets the application size as a parameter for the generated *.mtbdfu file. Required only for legacy devices or devices with the DFU MW based bootloader.
--flash-row-length <hex>	(Optional) Sets the flash row length on the device.
--timeout-ms <hex>	(Optional) Alters the timeout for the response packet(milliseconds).
--mtbdfu-data-file	Sets the firmware image hex file for the generated *.mtbdfu file.

**Note:** The above flags are also used to program the \*.hex file because it generates an \*.mtbdfu file and uses the same for programming the \*.hex file.

## 7 CLI description

**Note:** The options “--application-start” and “--application-length” can be used to set the address range for filtering the needed part of the \*.hex file. All extended linear address blocks before the “--application-start” address will be skipped as well as all the data at addresses after “--application-length” address.

In addition, you must provide the appropriate configuration values for one of the following protocols:

### I<sup>2</sup>C flags

Flag	Description
--i2c-address <int>	Sets the address for the I <sup>2</sup> C protocol. Valid values are between 8 "0x08", and 120 "0x78".
--i2c-speed <int>	Sets the speed for the I <sup>2</sup> C protocol in kHz. Common values are 50, 100, 400, and 1000.

### SPI flags

Flag	Description
--spi-clockspped <float>	Sets the clock speed for the SPI protocol in MHz.
--spi-mode <int>	Sets the mode for the SPI protocol in binary. Valid values are 00, 01, 10, and 11.
--spi-lsb-first	Specifies that the least-significant bit should be sent first for the SPI protocol. Otherwise, the most-significant bit will be sent first.

### UART flags

Flag	Description
--uart-baudrate <int>	Sets the baud rate for the UART protocol.
--uart-databits <int>	Sets the number of data bits for the UART protocol.
--uart-paritytype <string>	Sets the parity type for the UART protocol. Valid strings are “None”, “Odd”, and “Even”.
--uart-stopbits <float>	Sets the stop bits for the UART protocol. Valid values are 1, 1.5, and 2.

### CAN-FD flags

Flag	Description
--canfd-bitrate <int>	Sets the nominal communication bitrate. The supported nominal bitrates are: 125000, 250000, 500000, 1000000.
--canfd-databitrate <int>	Sets data communication bitrate. The supported data bitrates are: 2000000, 4000000, 8000000, 10000000.
--canfd-output-frame-id <int>	Sets output frame ID.
--canfd-input-frame-id <int>	(Optional) Sets input frame ID.
--canfd-enable-bitrate-switch	Enables switching between default and data bitrates.
--canfd-disable-bitrate-switch	Disables switching between default and data bitrates.
--canfd-ext-frame	Enables extended frame support.

**Note:** The DFU Host tool does not require any additional parameters to select the required interface besides the above specified parameters.

## 7 CLI description

### Command-line flags

The following flags change the overall functioning of the tool:

Flag	Description
-?, -h, --help	Displays information about all valid command-line arguments and exits.
-v, --version	Displays the version information and exits.
--debug	Outputs debugging information to the terminal running the CLI tool during programming, verifying or erasing.
--display-hw	Outputs all compatible hardware attached to the computer and exits.
--timeout-ms <hex>	Alters the timeout for the response packet(milliseconds).
--max-transfer-size <int>	Alters the maximum size of the data payload in the command packet. By default, equals 128 bytes. Defined by variable DEFAULT_MAX_TRANSFER_SIZE in the source code.

### 7.1 CLI example

The following shows simple examples for using the *dfuh-cli* executable

#### Programming image via \*.cyacd2 file

To program an image using the \*.cyacd2 file under **I2C**:

```
dfuh-cli.exe --program-device test_app.cyacd2 --i2c-address 8 --i2c-speed 100
```

#### Generating and programming image via \*.mtbdfu file and \*.hex file

To generate an \*.mtbdfu file (without metadata):

```
dfuh-cli.exe --generate-mtbdfu test_gen.mtbdfu --mtbdfu-data-file blinky_cm4_crc.hex --file-version 0x1 --product-id 01020304 --checksum-type 0x0
```

To generate an \*.mtbdfu file for legacy devices (with metadata):

```
dfuh-cli.exe --generate-mtbdfu test_gen.mtbdfu --mtbdfu-data-file blinky_cm4_crc.hex --file-version 0x1 --product-id 01020304 --checksum-type 0x0 --application-id 0x1 --application-start 1005 --application-length fffc
```

To program a \*.hex file through the \*.mtbdfu file under **UART** (without metadata):

```
dfuh-cli --program-device test_app.hex --hwid COM5 --uart-baudrate 115200 --uart-databits 8 --uart-paritytype None --uart-stopbits 1 --file-version 0x1 --product-id 01020304 --checksum-type 0x0
```

To execute or send commands through the \*.mtbdfu file under **SPI**:

```
dfuh-cli --custom-command test.mtbdfu --hwid MiniProg4-0C0806F801071400 --spi-clocksperd 1.0 --spi-mode 0
```

## 7 CLI description

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To execute or send commands through the `.*.mtbdfu` file under **USB-HID**:

```
dfuh-cli --custom-command test.mtbdfu --hwid PSoC_DFU_HID_Dev
```

To execute or send commands through the `.*.mtbdfu` file under **CAN-FD**:

```
dfuh-cli --custom-command test.mtbdfu --hwid usb0 --canfd-bitrate 1000000 --canfd-data-bitrate  
2000000 --canfd-output-frame-id 0x013 --canfd-enable-bitrate-switch
```

## 8 Input files

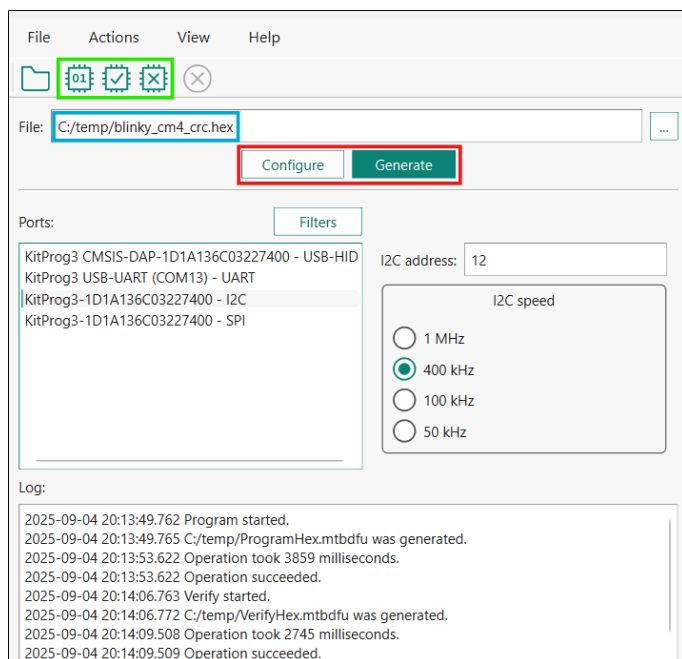
### 8 Input files

The DFU Host tool requires the [.mtbdfu file](#) (JSON format) as the default input file. It also supports the [\\*.cyacd2](#) file format for the basic program, verify, and erase operations as an input to retain the backward compatibility for PSOC™ 4 and PSOC™ 6 legacy devices.

The details for the supported input file:

- [\\*.mtbdfu](#) file: The JSON input file for the DFU Host tool. It can be used for communication with the device using different commands available in the file. It should include a set of commands with respective data to be sent to the device through the DFU Host tool, using the DFU Command-Response protocol.
- [\\*.cyacd2](#) file: This can only be used for the firmware update use case. The file will consist of the required header information for the firmware image along with the firmware binary and address where data will be loaded. This format is only supported for PSOC™ 6 and PSOC™ 4 devices.

However, for the basic program, verify, and erase operations, the DFU Host tool can generate an [\\*.mtbdfu](#) file using the [\\*.hex](#) file provided as an input with the necessary header parameters required for the [\\*.mtbdfu](#) file. The below figure shows the dynamic window of the DFU Host tool, which displays when the [\\*.hex](#) file is selected as the input.



- The green box on the toolbar indicates the actions available for using the [\\*.hex](#) file as an input: program, verify, and erase the device. Modify the required parameter shown in the image and select the required option.
- The blue box displays the [\\*.hex](#) file path selected as an input to the host tool. Only limited operations/actions are possible with selecting the [\\*.hex](#) file as the input. For complex operation, use the [\\*.mtbdfu](#) file with the required set of commands.
- The red box indicates the **Configure** and **Generate** buttons. Click the **Configure** button to open the "Configuration" window (see [Main window](#)) where you can define the values of the "APPInfo" section, "timeoutMS" and "flashRowLength" of the [\\*.mtbdfu](#) file to be generated. The window displays the default values. They can be modified per device and use case. For more details, refer to the [.mtbdfu](#) section. The **Generate** button generates the reference [\\*.mtbdfu](#) file for the program use case, the file will be saved in the same folder as the selected [\\*.hex](#) file.

## 8 Input files

### Sample JSON generated for the basic program use case

```
{
  "APPInfo": {
    "File Version": "0x1",
    "Packet Checksum Type": "0x0",
    "Product Id": "01020304"
  },
  "commands": [
    {
      "commandSet": [
        {
          "cmdId": "0x37",
          "dataLength": "0x10",
          "repeat": "0x20"
        },
        {
          "cmdId": "0x49",
          "dataLength": "0x08"
        }
      ],
      "dataFile": "blinky_cm4_crc.hex",
      "flashRowLength": "0x200",
      "repeat": "EoF",
      "timeoutMS": "0x12c"
    }
  ]
}
```

The above JSON sample displays the template *\*.mtbdfu* file generated from the given *\*.hex* file as the input. The DFU Host Tool will use the *\*.mtbdfu* file for programming the firmware *\*.hex* file to the device.

The default flow of the DFU-MW-based firmware update includes a set of repetitive **Send Data** commands (**0x37**), a program row command (**0x49**) with the row checksum, and the row address to write.

The set of **0x37** commands must send exactly the same number of bytes as specified in the **flashRowLength** field to provide enough data to the device DFU buffer for the program or verify operations. The sample JSON above sends 32 (**0x20**) **Send Data** commands and each of them passes 16 (**0x10**) bytes of data, so that the amount of passed data ( $32 \times 16 = 512$ ) equals the length of the flash row.

You can increase the number of data bytes in order to decrease the number of operations and execution time by sending 32 bytes 16 times, 64 bytes 8 times or even sending 121 bytes 4 times and 28 bytes 1 time ( $121 \times 4 + 28 = 512$ ). These combinations depend on the interface, its maximum transfer size, bootloader, and flash row length. Some bootloaders (for example, Extended Boot) support only up to 60 bytes per packet via the SPI, and common use cases of I<sup>2</sup>C and SPI via KitProg/MiniProg usually allow the maximum of 64 bytes per packet. The maximum packet size, which can be sent out of the DFU Host Tool is 128 bytes, so the maximum data size in one packet is 121 (7 bytes describe the packet).

The JSON file uses the **APPInfo** object required for the DFU communication setup. It contains potential information, the image version, product ID of the device the same as loaded with the loader application along with the checksum type for DFU command packet.

The sample contains the command object, which contains the list of command sent to the device. This object can be used to send a single as well as multiple DFU commands in the sequence required. The object contains

---

## 8 Input files

another sub-object `commandSet`, which can group multiple commands to provide shared data across the group and repeat the set of commands.

In the JSON sample above, the command set is repeated till the end of the image file. The DFU application requires the flash row length to divide the packets into multiple sets. For more details, refer to [AN 236282](#).

## 8 Input files

### 8.1 .mtbdfu file

The file contains the following sections:

#### APPInfo

Provides information about the device and the application:

- File Version – Indicates the application version, can be used to track updates.
- Product ID – Unique ID of the device communicating with the host.
- Packet Checksum Type – Used for the .hex file, for DFU packet checksum.
- Timeout (ms) – Alters the timeout for the response packet (milliseconds).
- Flash Row Length – Specifies the flash row length on the device.

#### Command

Consists of the details of the command to be sent to the device along with the data.

#### JSON fields available in the Command section

Field	Description
cmdId	Command field. Specifies the DFU command number; the valid range is "0x00 - 0xFF". "0x00 - 0x49": A standard DFU command range "0x50-0xFF": Reserved for Future Use
commandSet	Denotes a set of commands, required for repeating a set of commands.
dataBytes	(Optional) The actual payload to use in a command.
dataFile	(Optional) Specifies the name of the input file from where the payload data will be read.
dataLength	(Optional) The length of the payload data in bytes.
flashRowLength	Specifies the flash row length on the device. Valid only if dataFile is defined.
repeat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Repeats a command for a specified number of times. Valid only when dataFile is defined. For example: repeat: "10" means that the command will be repeated 10 times. repeat: "EoF" means that the command will be repeated until the end of dataFile.</li> <li>• Only for cmdId: "0x37", "repeat": "auto" can be used to automatically calculate how many times to repeat the command to fill the program data row size.</li> </ul>
startOffset	Specifies the file offset from where data bytes will be read. Valid only if dataFile is defined.
sessions	(Optional) Used to define multiple DFU sessions in the *.mtbdfu file.
outFile	(Optional) Specifies the file name to store intermediate packets generated by the tool.
outCli	(Optional) Output response data from the device to the command line.  <b>Note:</b> The option does not display the response packet metadata (status code, data length, checksum etc.), only data payload. Use --debug, to display all DFU packets
msg	(Optional) Used to add comments to the *.mtbdfu file. These will not be sent to the device.
rsp	(Optional) A response is expected for the defined command. If no response is defined, the default expected response is 0x00 (DFU_SUCCESS).

## 8 Input files

Field	Description
retriesCount	Restart the connection lost for a specified number of times or until the channel gets active again. The DFU Host tool will reconnect to the device with all previous selected configuration of the channel, speed, address mode, etc.. Reconnection means establishing the channel communication again and sending the DFU start command. After successful reconnection, JSON will define the next set of tasks/commands. Equals 0 by default.
timeoutS	Alters the timeout for the response packet (seconds). It will apply for all retries of the operation if the "retriesCount" is non-zero.
timeoutMS	Alters the timeout for the response packet (milliseconds). It will apply for all retries of the operation if the "retriesCount" is non-zero.
timeoutUS	Alters the timeout for the response packet (microseconds). It will apply for all retries of the operation if the "retriesCount" is non-zero.
delayS	Sets the amount of time to wait between two commands in seconds. It is defined in a separate JSON object in the "commands" array without any additional fields in it.
delayMS	Sets the amount of time to wait between two commands in milliseconds. It is defined in a separate JSON object in the "commands" array without any additional fields in it.
delayUS	Sets the amount of time to wait between two commands in microseconds. It is defined in a separate JSON object in the "commands" array without any additional fields in it.

**Note:** The "APPInfo" section is mandatory for the JSON file; it is required to start the DFU communication.

**Note:** Optional commands must be defined per use case.

**Note:** All number values must be in the hexadecimal format.

### Sample JSON generated for basic program use case

```
{
  "APPInfo": {
    "File Version": "0x1",
    "Product Id": "01020304",
    "Packet Checksum Type": "0x0"
  },
  "sessions": [
    {
      "commands": [
        {
          "dataFile": "blinky_cm4_crc.hex",
          "commandSet": [
            {
              "cmdId": "0x37",
              "dataLength": "0x39",
              "repeat": "0x8"
            },
            {
              "cmdId": "0x37",
              "dataLength": "0x38"
            },
            {
              "cmdId": "0x49",

```

## 8 Input files

```

        "dataLength": "0x08"
    }
],
"repeat": "EoF",
"flashRowLength": "0x200",
"outFile": "log.txt"
}
]
},
{
  "commands": [
    {
      "dataFile": "blinky_cm4_crc.hex",
      "commandSet": [
        {
          "cmdId": "0x37",
          "dataLength": "0x39",
          "repeat": "0x8"
        },
        {
          "cmdId": "0x37",
          "dataLength": "0x38"
        },
        {
          "cmdId": "0x4A",
          "dataLength": "0x08"
        }
      ],
      "repeat": "EoF",
      "flashRowLength": "0x200"
    }
  ]
}
}

```

**Note:** The above sample JSON file describes two sessions for programming and verifying the same image. Both sessions write 512 bytes of data (defined by the **flashRowLength** field) to the device by sending 57 bytes 8 times and 56 bytes one time before each Program Data(0x49) or Verify Data(0x4A) command. This is the optimal combination of Send Data command configurations to pass the maximum data in the minimum amount of operations. The first session also defines the **outFile** field to log all the packets. The sample JSON file is used only to demonstrate how to use the various arbitrary fields in the \*.mtbdfu file. This \*.mtbdfu file is only a reference template and does not correspond to any specific use case.

## 9 Customizing the DFU Host Tool

The DFU Host tool uses a set of timeouts for read operation before disconnecting and sending the timeout error. These internal configurations are suited for the development and field upgrade operations for programming the firmware or communicating with the device.

However, these configurations might require modification while debugging the DFU applications with transports using the multiple breakpoint in the target side. Due to the breakpoint, the device will pause execution and might not be able to send a response desired by the DFU Host Tool. Recommended – modify the timeout configuration and rebuild the DFU Host Tool while debugging the application using the DFU transport.

Modify the source code available in *sample\_code*. See [Example code](#) for the appropriate path for your OS.

You can go to `~/sample_code/include/backend/cychannel.h` and alter variable `DEFAULT_TIMEOUT_MS`. By default, it is equal to 300 milliseconds. Also, you can alter the variable `DEFAULT_MAX_TRANSFER_SIZE` to change the maximum allowed amount of bytes to be sent in one packet (including packet header and footer) for the GUI. By default, it is equal to 128 bytes.

After making the above modification in the source code of the DFU Host tool, build the DFU Host tool again. For details of building the DFU Host tool, refer to section [Example code](#).

## 10 Troubleshooting

### 10 Troubleshooting

Problem	Workaround
On common Linux distributions, the serial UART ports (usually /dev/ttySx or /dev/ttyUSBx devices) belong to the root user and to the dialout group. Standard users are not allowed to access these devices.	<p>An easy way to allow the current user access to the Linux machine's serial ports is by adding the user to the dialout group. This can be done using the following command:</p> <pre>\$sudo usermod -a -G dialout \$USER</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> <i>For this command to take effect, you must log out and then log back in.</i></p>
On Linux, attempts to set up or start DFU Host tool communication causes the tool to close without any messages.	<p>To enable DFU Host tool communication under Linux, install the udev rules for KitProg3:</p> <p>Disconnect the KitProg device.</p> <p>Execute in the terminal (root access required):</p> <pre>/opt/Tools/ModusToolboxProgtools-[version]/fw-loader/udev_rules/install_rules.sh</pre> <p>Reconnect the KitProg device.</p>
On common Linux distributions, the DFU Host tool forbids communication protocol selection after re-plugging KitProg during communication.	Refer to the “Installation Procedure on Ubuntu Linux (x64)” section in the CYPRESS™ Programmer 2.1 CLI User Guide.
KitProg3 UART is accessible but not able to read data on Linux kernel 4.15 and above or Mac OS X 10.13 and above.	<p>Use a third-party UART to USB bridge.</p> <p>Update the KitProg3 firmware to version 1.11.243 or above.</p>
After updating firmware and middleware for your application, SPI transfer speed is not as fast as expected.	You may be able to improve performance by modifying the <code>src/backend/cychannelspi.cpp</code> file. Remove the calls to <code>QThread::msleep(1)</code> when building your bootloader host tool.
Sending command <b>0x47</b> is not supported.	Command <b>0x37</b> can be used for transferring a large amount of data to a device due to better synchronizing with middleware.

## 11 Version changes

### 11 Version changes

This section lists and describes the changes for each version of this tool.

Version	Change Descriptions
1.0	New tool.
1.1	Added Notice List. Added command-line interface (CLI) and handling of invalid command line arguments. Added logging for firmware update process.
1.2	Removed Notice List.
1.30	Updated versioning to support patches.
1.40	Fixed minor defects.
1.50	Added PSoC™ 4 device support.
1.60	Updated versioning to support internal libraries update. Changed the device library file from xml to <i>props.json</i> .
2.0	Added the <i>.mtbdfu</i> file format support. Added the <i>.hex</i> file format support. Added the XMC7000 device support.
2.10	Added the PSOC™ Edge device support. Added new features for the <i>.mtbdfu</i> file support. Added new CLI parameters.
2.20	Fixed minor bugs. Added Qt 6 support.
2.30	Added USB-HID support.
2.40	Early Access Pack
2.50	Removed the <i>make</i> command support. Increased the maximum transfer size to 128 bytes per packet. Decreased delays for the SPI interface. Added CAN-FD support. Added support for PSOC™ Edge and PSOC™ Control
2.51	Minor bug fixes.
2.60	Minor back-end changes.
2.70	Added the auto-repeat feature support GUI and CLI enhancement. Stability fix.
2.80	Minor bug fixes. GUI style update.

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**Revision history****Revision history**

Revision	Date	Description
**	2018-11-09	New document.
*A	2019-10-16	Updated to version 1.1.
*B	2020-03-27	Updated to version 1.2.
*C	2020-09-01	Updated to version 1.30.
*D	2020-10-16	Added information about code example.
*E	2021-03-11	Updated to version 1.40.
*F	2022-05-10	Updated to version 1.50.
*G	2022-09-30	Updated to version 1.60.
*H	2023-05-19	Updated to version 2.0.
*I	2023-05-24	Added information to Troubleshooting section: "Sending command 0x47 to a PSoC™ 6 device via SPI is not supported".
*J	2023-11-29	Updated to version 2.10.
*K	2024-01-24	Updated to version 2.20.
*L	2024-02-07	Fixed broken links.
*M	2024-02-21	Updated to version 2.30.
*N	2024-09-27	Updated to version 2.50. Added troubleshooting issue for CAN-FD communication.
*O	2024-10-16	Updated to version 2.51.
*P	2024-12-09	Updated to version 2.60.
*Q	2025-03-21	Updated to version 2.70.
*R	2025-09-05	Updated to version 2.80.

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