User manual for MERUS™ evaluation boards

MA12040/MA12040P/MA12070/MA12070P

About this document

Scope and purpose

This user manual describes an evaluation and demonstration board for MA12040, MA12040P, MA12070 and MA12070P proprietary multi-level amplifiers.

Intended audience

Audio amplifier design engineers

Attention: ***Please read through this user manual before operating the board. When powering up the board make sure to follow the instructions in the "Start Sequence" section.***

Attention: ***Please observe proper ESD handling procedures. Failure to do so may result in damage to components on the board.***

Table of contents

About this document **1**
Table of contents **2**
1 Overview **3**
1.1 Board features and audio performance 3
1.2 EVK device type 4
2 Set-up guide **5**
2.1 Connections and interfaces 5
2.2 Notes to digital audio and analog audio headers 8
3 Operating the demonstration board **9**
3.1 Recommended operating conditions 9
3.2 Toggle switches 9
3.3 Speaker load 9
3.4 GUI 9
3.5 Start sequence 10
3.6 Analog input configuration (MA120xx devices) 10
3.7 Digital (I^2S) input configuration (MA120xxP devices) 11
4 Measurement methods **13**
5 EVK schematic **15**
6 Revision history **17**

1 Overview

This is an evaluation and demonstration board for MERUS™ audio MA12040, MA12040P, MA12070 and MA12070P amplifiers.

It contains a variety of digital/analog input, output and set-up/selection features. It also contains two on-board power supply generators (5 V and 3.3 V buck-converted) so only one external power supply (PVDD) is necessary.

The board can be used for evaluating or demonstrating key features/advantages of the MERUS™ technology:

- Energy efficiency
  - Power losses at normal user operating conditions (listening levels)
  - Idle power loss
- Adaptive power management system
- No output filter components
  - Solution cost and size reduction
- Audio performance
  - Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) performance and audio quality

1.1 Board features and audio performance

- Number of audio channels — 2 x BTL, 1 x BTL + 2 x SE, 4 x SE
- Audio input format
  - MA120xx — Analog
  - MA120xxP — Digital (I^2S)
- Amplifier gain — 20 dB/Configurable 26 dB
- Supply voltage — PVDD
  - Max. PVDD for MA12040/MA12040P — 18 V
  - Max. PVDD for MA12070/MA12070P — 26 V
- Output noise level
  - MA120xx — Less than 100 µVrms (AW)
  - MA120xxP — Less than 150 µVrms (AW)
- Dynamic range
  - MA120xx — More than 100 dB
  - MA120xxP — More than 95 dB
- Idle consumption at PVDD = 18 V
  - MA120xx — Less than 16 mA*
  - MA120xxP — Less than 19 mA*
- Cross-talk — Less than -85 dB
- Efficiency, full-scale, 8 Ω — 91 percent

Note: Idle consumption is the sum of output stage current and 5 V supply and 3.3 V supply current. As all the supplies are tied to PVDD, the efficiency of the buck-converted 5 V and 3.3 V should be taken into account when measuring idle current consumption directly from PVDD. Features on the EVK make it possible to break the 5 V and 3.3 V supply lines after the buck converters (see Table 1). Please refer to the MA120xx/P device datasheet for exact current figures.

1.2 EVK device type

The type of device (MA12040, MA12040P, MA12070 or MA12070P) on the EVK is printed on the top of the device, and is also stated on the serial number label on the bottom side of the EVK PCB.

2 Set-up guide

Equipment required for operating and evaluating:

- Single power supply for PVDD
- Analog audio source or signal generator with line-level output (MA120xx)
- Digital I²S audio source (MA120xxP)
- Cables for input and output connectors
- Audio analyzer with measurement filter

2.1 Connections and interfaces

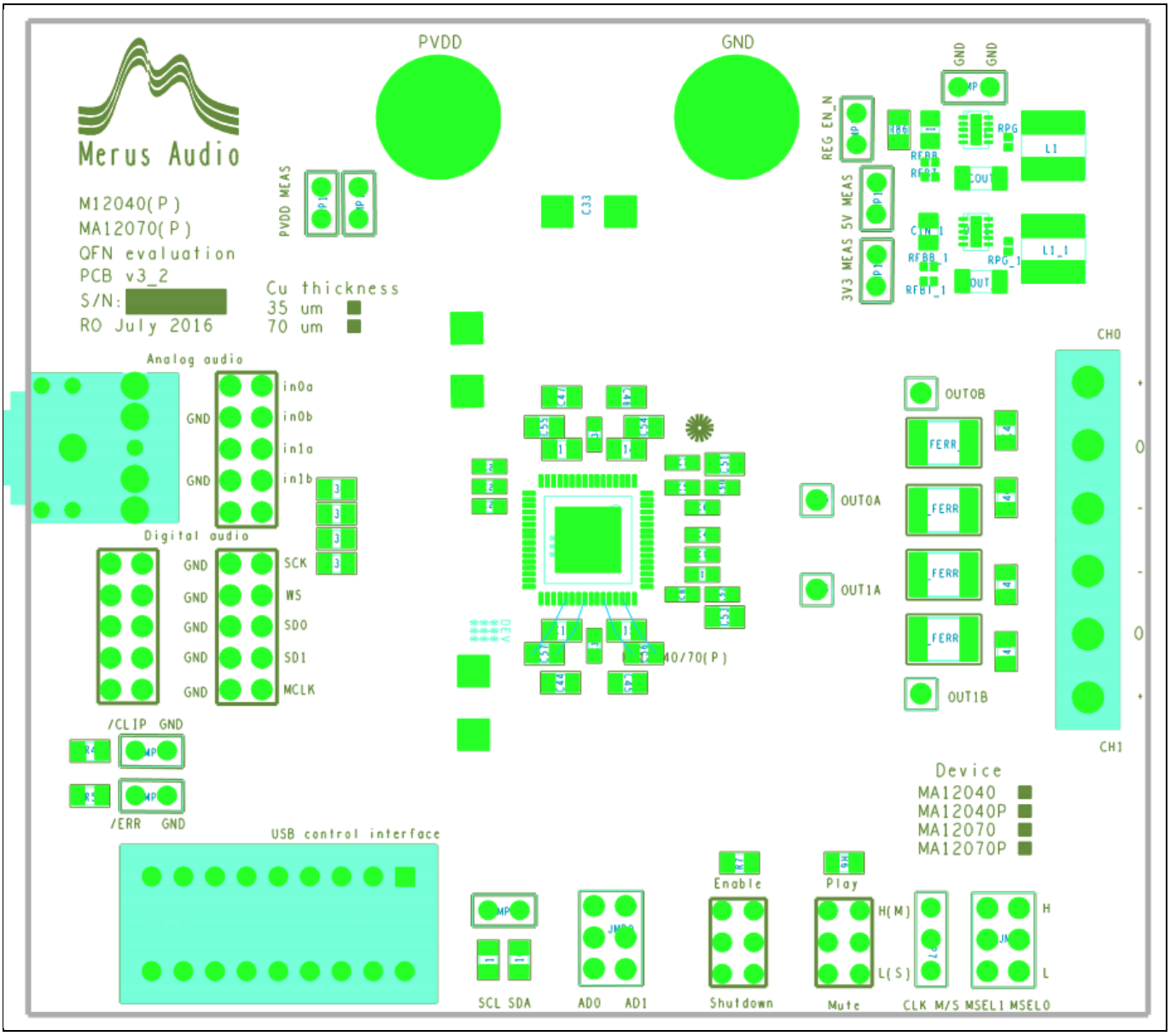


Figure 1 Top block view of EVK board

Note: For schematic: see Figure 5 on page 15.

Table 1 EVK headers and connectors

Name	Schem. ref.	Description	Comment
MSEL0	JMP1	Selects in conjunction with MSEL1 the output configuration (see Table 2).	Default: 2CH BTL. Jumpered high (H).
MSEL1	JMP1	Selects in conjunction with MSEL0 the output configuration (see Table 2).	Default: 2CH BTL. Jumpered low (L).
/CLIP	JMP5	Audio clipping indicator (open drain output), pulled low when clipping occurs.	I/O pin. Do not jumper.
/ERR	JMP6	Error indicator (open drain output), pulled low when an error occurs.	I/O pin. Do not jumper.
CLK M/S	JMP7	Selects clock mode.	M = Master clock (non P versions). S = Slave (external) clock (P versions).
AD0 AD1	JMP9	Selects I^2C address (see Table 3).	Default: I^2C address 0B100000. Both jumpered low (GND).
REG EN_N	JMP10	Enables 5 V and 3.3 V supplies.	Default: Jumpered.
PVDD MEAS	JMP11	Breaks PVDD for PVDD current measurements.	Default: Jumpered. Parallel with JMP16.
5V MEAS	JMP12	Breaks 5 V supply for 5 V circuit current measurements.	Default: Jumpered.
3V3 MEAS	JMP13	Breaks 3.3 V supply for 3.3 V circuit current measurements.	Default: Jumpered.
GND GND	JMP14	Two ground connections.	Default: Not jumpered.
SCL SDA	JMP15	I^2C bus serial clock and data.	I/O pin. Do not jumper.
PVDD MEAS	JMP16	Breaks PVDD for current measurements.	Default: Jumpered. Parallel with JMP11.
CH0	J2	Channel0 speaker connection.	Three-way screw terminal with positive and negative speaker outputs. Center GND.
CH1	J3	Channel1 speaker connection.	Three-way screw terminal with positive and negative speaker outputs. Center GND.
JACK	J6	Single-ended, stereo analog audio input.	Tip = CH0. Ring = CH1. Sleeve = GND.
DIGITAL AUDIO1	J7	I^2S digital audio input. Note: See Section 2.2 for setting up.	I/O pins. Do not jumper.
ANALOG AUDIO	J9	Balanced analog audio input	Jack input = All.

Name	Schem. ref.	Description	Comment
		connector. Also selects “JACK” input. Note: See Section 2.2 for setting up.	Jumpered. Balanced input = Use pins for balanced analog audio input. Note: Should NOT be jumpered for P (digital audio) versions.
PVDD	J12	External power supply POSITIVE terminal.	PVDD: +18 V max. (MA12040/-P). PVDD: +26 V max. (MA12070/-P).
GND	J13	External power supply GND terminal.	GND.
DIGITAL AUDIO2	J14	I^2S digital audio input. Note: See Section 2.2 for setting up.	I/O pins. Do not jumper.
OUT0A	J15	Direct connection to device output node vsw_a0.	Output measuring pin.
OUT0B	J16	Direct connection to device output node vsw_b0.	Output measuring pin.
OUT1B	J17	Direct connection to device output node vsw_b1.	Output measuring pin.
OUT1A	J18	Direct connection to device output node vsw_a1.	Output measuring pin.

Table 2 Signal configuration (JMP1)

MSEL0	MSEL1	Configuration
L	L	Single-channel Parallel Bridge Tied Load (PBTL)
L	H	Dual-channel Single Ended (SE) load and single-channel Bridge Tied Load (BTL)
H	L	Dual-channel BTL
H	H	Four-channel SE load

Table 3 I²C address decoding (JMP9)

I²C device address	AD0	AD1	7-bit I²C address
0x20	L	L	0b0100000
0x21	L	H	0b0100010
0x22	H	L	0b0100001

2.2 Notes to digital audio and analog audio headers

When using the “Digital Audio Header” for digital I²S input stream (MA120xxP), the connection scheme should appear as follows (from top to bottom, left side of the header):

- SCK: Word clock; also known as bit clock
- WS: Word select; also known as left right clock (LRCLK)
- SD0: Multiplexed data line 0 containing two digital input stream channels
- SD1: Multiplexed data line 1 containing two digital input stream channels
- MCLK: Master clock (typically 256 x fs)

When using analog input, the board has been set up to initially evaluate with an unbalanced input source (see “Analog Audio Header”, jumpers connected). However, for full system performance evaluation it is recommended to apply a balanced analog input signal. This can be done by removing the four jumpers from the “Analog Input Header” and connecting the analog balanced input signal as follows (from top to bottom, left side of the header):

- CH0 input in0a (+)
- CH0 input in0b (-)
- CH1 input in1a (+)
- CH1 input in1b (-)

3 Operating the demonstration board

3.1 Recommended operating conditions

Table 4 Recommended operating conditions

	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Unit
PVDD (MA12040/MA12040P) PVDD (MA12070/MA12070P)	5.5 5.5		18 26	V V
Output peak current (MA12040/MA12040P) Output peak current (MA12070/MA12070P)			6.0 8.0	A A

3.2 Toggle switches

The board has two toggle switches. The toggle switches have the following functions:

Table 5 Switch function

	Function
Switch-1	Shutdown/Enable (default set to “shutdown”)
Switch-2	Mute/Play (default set to “mute”)

3.3 Speaker load

The demonstration board is configured as a filterless amplifier. This means that no LC filter is placed between the amplifier outputs and the load. In normal use the amplifier relies on the inherent inductance of the loudspeaker and therefore no extra inductance is needed.

Inductors for use in series with power resistors are included with the demonstration board. These can be used when making any measurements without a real loudspeaker as the load, and having no external low-pass filter in front of the audio analyzer input section.

Please note that many audio measurement analyzers do not perform correctly when connected directly to a filterless amplifier output.

3.4 GUI

The demonstration board is used with GUI PC software to control the MA120xx device. The GUI software is included with the demonstration board and runs on Windows PCs.

Unzip the file package on your PC in your preferred location. See the next section for the correct start-up sequence including starting the GUI.

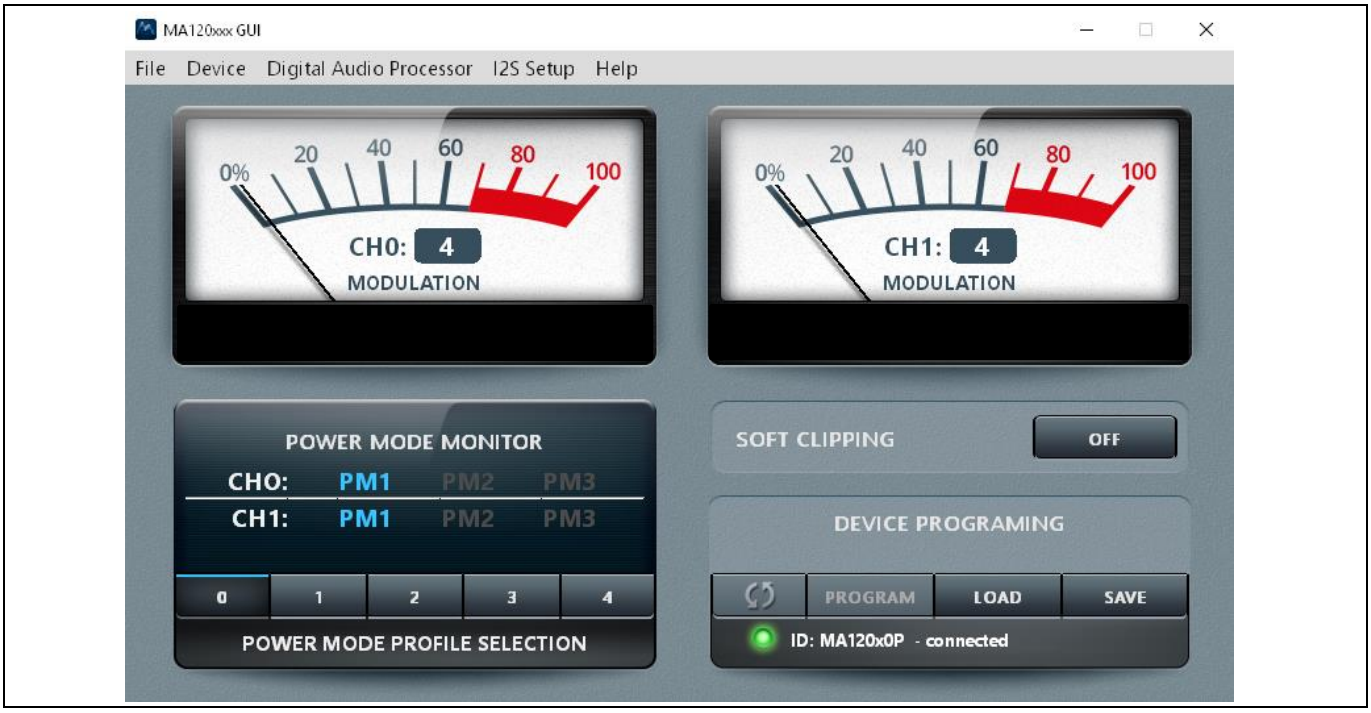


Figure 2 GUI main window

By default the MA12xx/P will automatically select the relevant power mode (PM1, PM2 or PM3), based on detection of audio level during operation. The selected power mode is indicated by a blue color in the power mode indicator.

A set of sliders are available above the power mode indicator. The first slider is used for setting the levels for transitions between PM1 and PM2. When setting the values at higher levels the transition from PM1 to PM2 will occur at a higher output power level. The second slider is used in the same way, for transitions between PM2 and PM3.

Power Mode Profiles can be selected in the “Power Mode Profile Select” section. This gives a specific profile to the amplifier for optimization on low idle power consumption, audio performance or EMI. Please refer to the specific device datasheet for more detailed information on Power Mode Profiles.

The “Digital Audio Processor” button is for digital input (I^2S) use and will be discussed in the start-up section for I^2S configuration. Note that the “Digital Audio Processor” part of the GUI can only be used in combination with MA120xxP devices.

3.5 Start sequence

Important – GUI software revisions: The current GUI software version is 6.5.0. Please note that the current GUI only accepts I^2C address 0x20.

3.6 Analog input configuration (MA120xx devices)

Follow this (recommended) sequence to start the EVK:

1. Make sure toggle buttons are in “shutdown” and “mute” positions.
2. Connect all cables, including the PC by USB cable.
3. Make sure active analog audio source is connected.
4. Turn on the PVDD supply.

5. Start the board by setting the toggle switch to the “enable” position.
6. Start the GUI software by running the executable file to monitor device status.
7. Make sure the GUI indicates a valid device ID and connection status (bottom right GUI).
8. Start playing music by setting the toggle switch to the “play” position.
9. Additional “optimized” settings can be programmed to the device: Hit “Load” → select config file in configs subfolder → hit “Program”.

Mute and turn off the PVDD power supply.

3.7 Digital (I^2S) input configuration (MA120xxP devices)

Follow this (recommended) sequence to start the board:

1. Make sure toggle buttons are in “shutdown” and “mute” positions.
2. Connect all cables, including the PC by USB cable.
3. Connect I^2S to the I^2S audio input header.
4. Make sure that the clock select jumper is set to “slave” mode.
5. Turn on the PVDD power supply.
6. Make sure that the I^2S master clock is present before enabling the amplifier.
7. Start the board by setting the toggle switch to the “enable” position.
8. Start the GUI software by running the “MA Device GUI 6.5.0.exe” file.
9. Make sure the GUI indicates a valid device ID and connection status (bottom right GUI).
10. Open the “Digital Audio Processor” in the GUI.
11. In the DAP window check “Digital audio enable” and “Audio processor enable”.
12. The I^2S set-up window will open when clicking “I2S setup”. The correct I^2S settings should be set here.
13. Start playing sound by setting the toggle switch to the “play” position.
14. Additional “optimized” settings can be programmed to the device: Hit “Load” → select config file in configs subfolder → hit “Program”.

Mute and turn off the PVDD power supply.

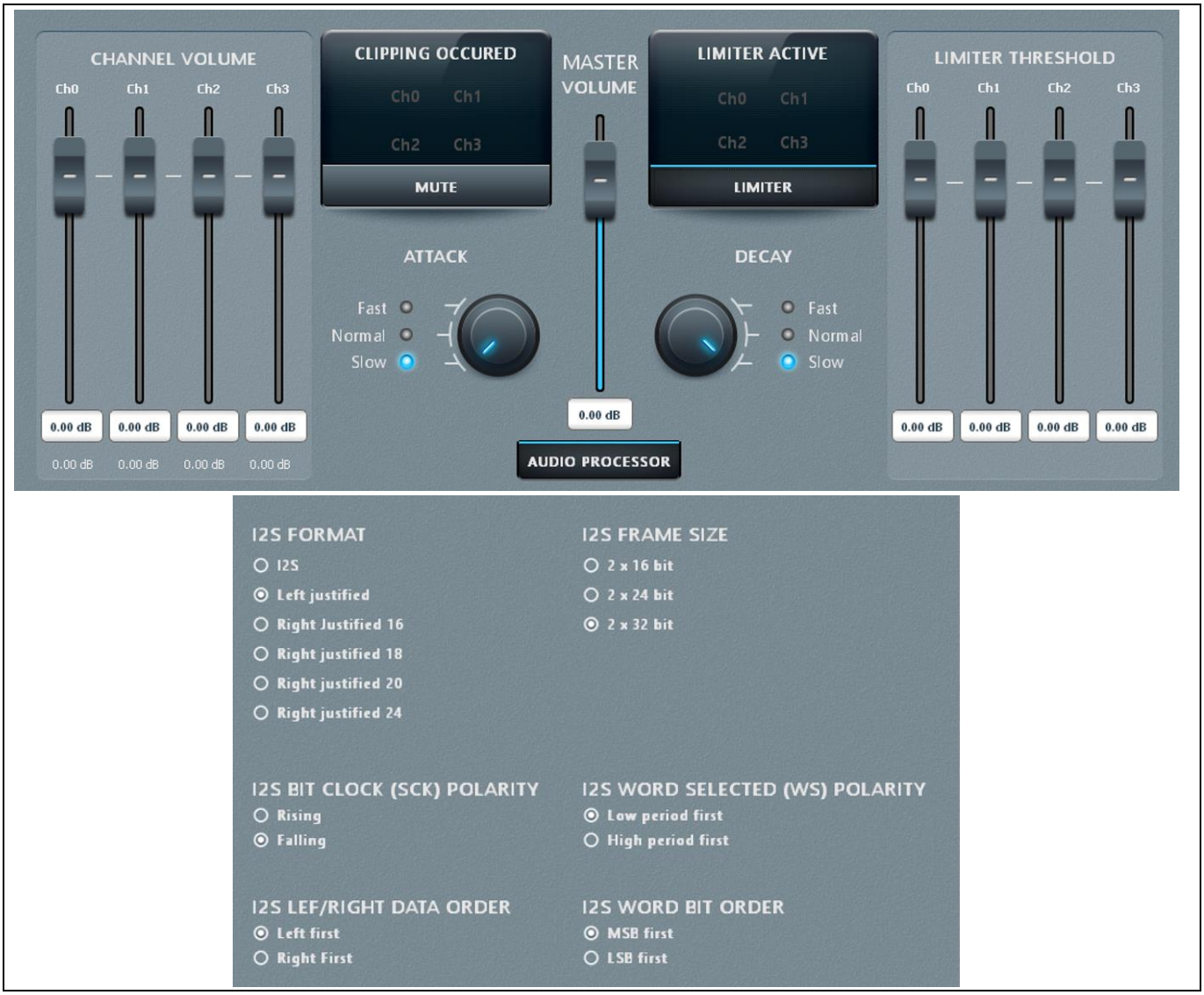


Figure 3 Digital audio processing window (top) and I²S set-up window (bottom)

4 Measurement methods

Setting up a reliable measurement configuration for MA120xx or MA120xxP takes a little bit more effort than linear amplifiers and even “regular” switching amplifiers. This is mainly because MA120xx and MA120xxP are filterless amplifiers, which means that it does not require an external (usually expensive and bulky) LC filter to remove switching residuals. The filterless application is enabled by the MERUS™ audio multi-level technique, which makes sure that the switching residual is orders lower compared to “regular” switching amplifiers. For more information on the multi-level switching technique, please refer to the datasheet.

To obtain reliable measurement results when measuring MA120xx or MA120xxP devices requires a separate external low-pass filter in front of the input stage of the audio analyzer. Most audio analyzers are bandwidth limited at their input stage, which means that they cannot follow the rapid changes of the amplifier’s output stage. This can result in inaccurate and high THD + N measurements.

Figure 4 shows the recommended measurement set-up. The set-up shows a low-pass filter stage (AUX-2500) in front of the audio analyzer (APX-515). In this case the measurement set-up has been built around Audio Precision hardware, but this can also be some other audio analyzer hardware. Please note that it is recommended to use both balanced input and output measurement configurations. Note that Figure 4 shows the set-up for analog input (MA120xx). To use the set-up for digital input (MA120xxP), simply replace the balanced analog input path with the I^2S input path.

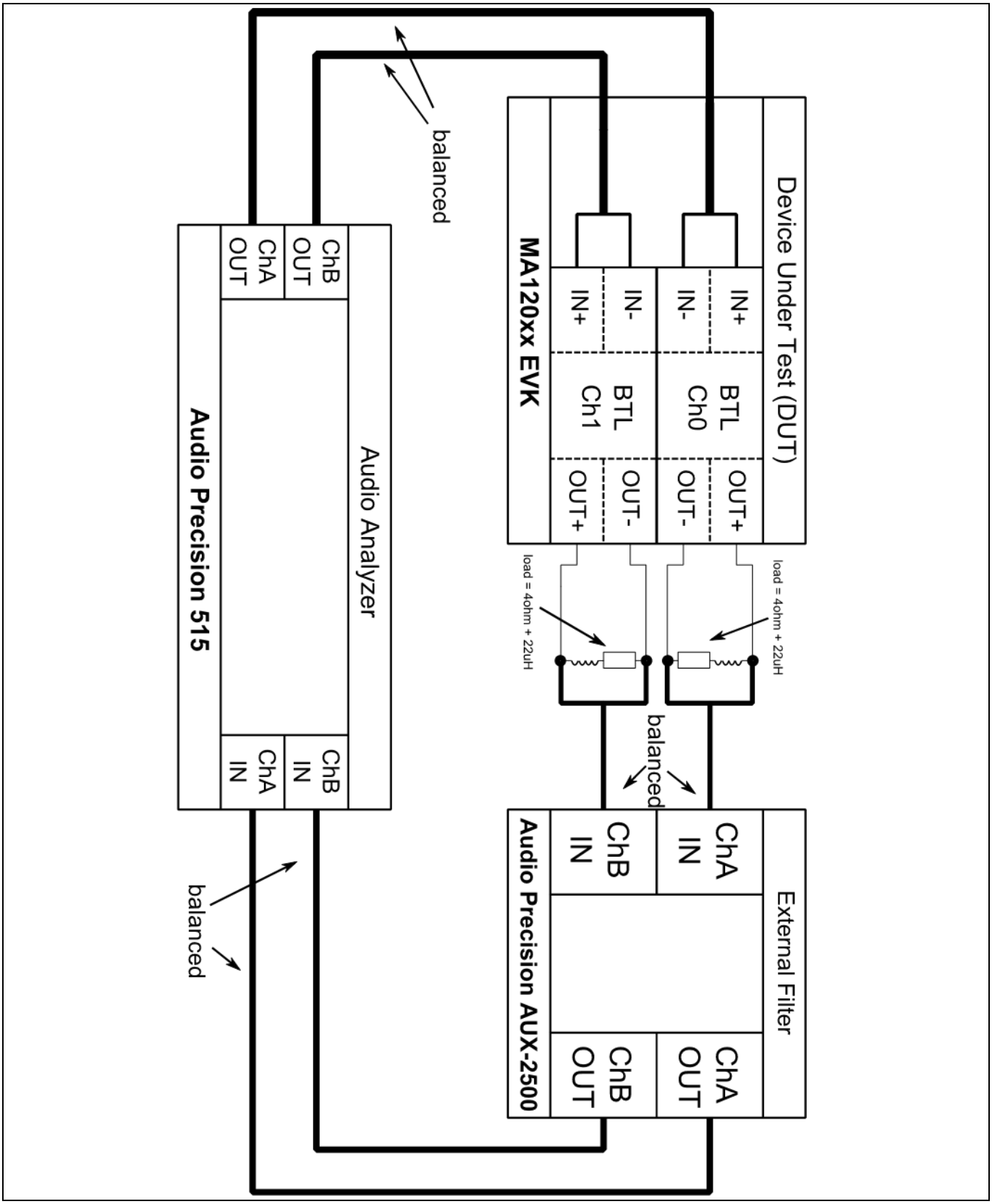


Figure 4 Recommended measurement set-up for analog input (MA12040)

5 EVK schematic

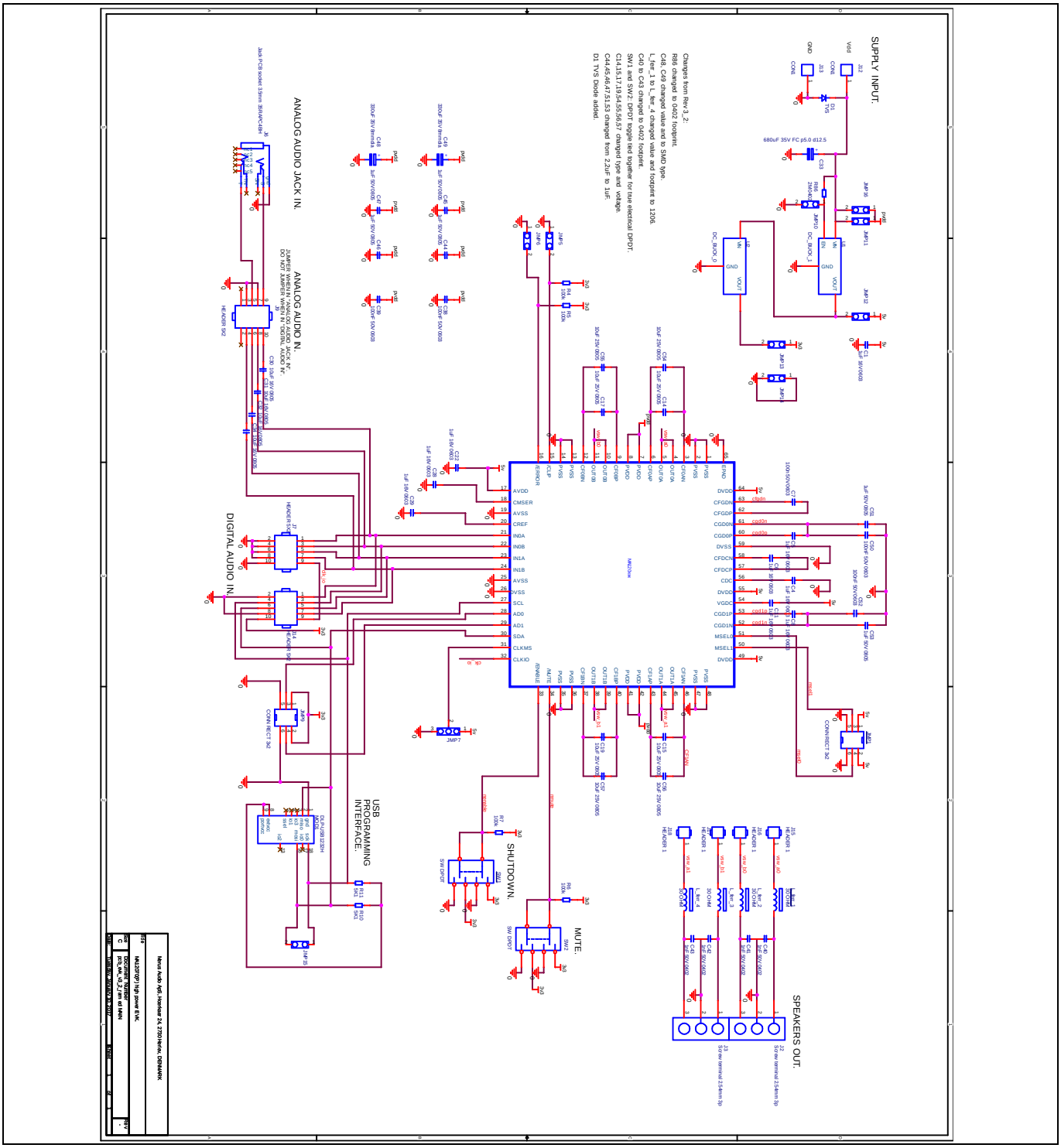


Figure 5 EVK main schematic

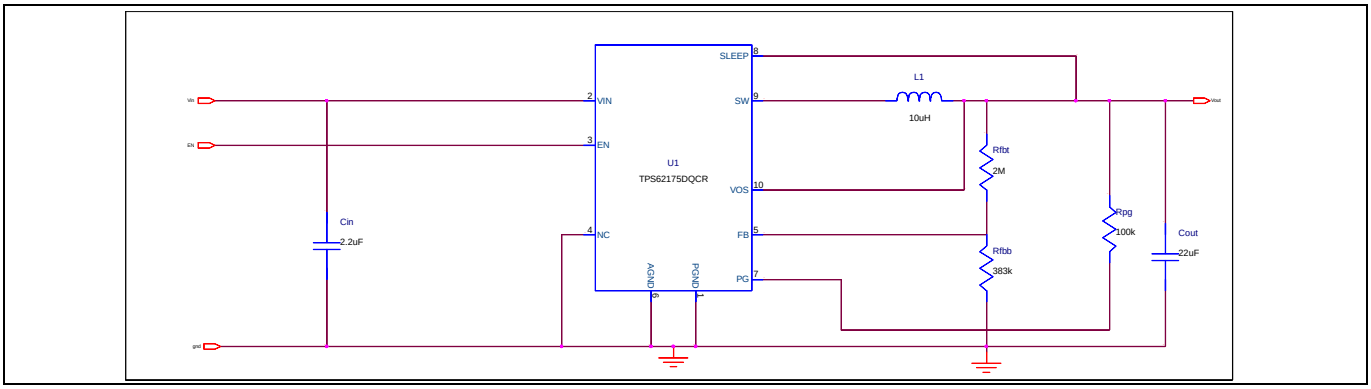


Figure 6 EVK 5 V buck converter schematic

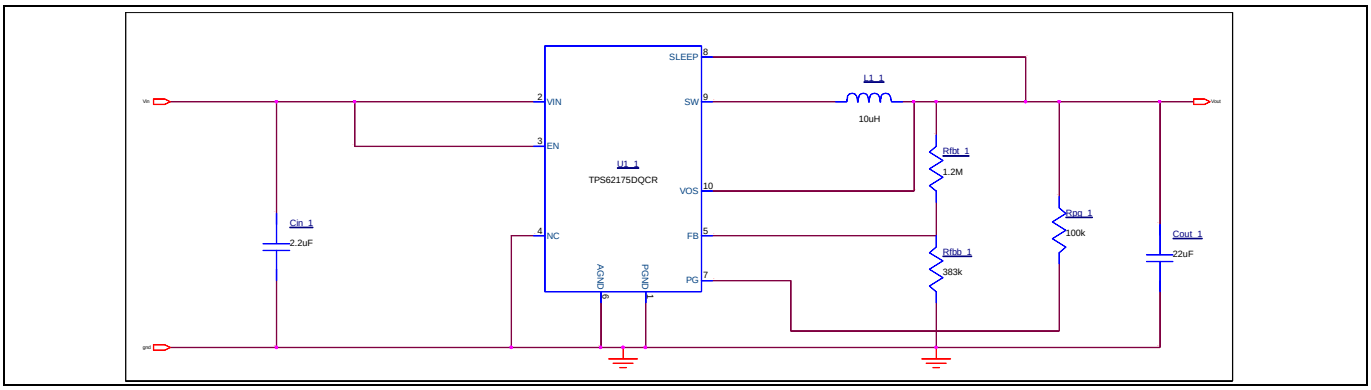


Figure 7 EVK 5 V buck converter schematic

6 Revision history

Document version	Date of release	Description of changes
V 1.0	19-07-2018	Initial release
V 1.1	18-12-2018	Updates in content and layout

Trademarks
All referenced product or service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Edition 2018-12-18

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG

81726 Munich, Germany

© 2020 Infineon Technologies AG. All Rights Reserved.

Do you have a question about this document?

Email: erratum@infineon.com

Document reference
UM_1812_PL88_1901_103910

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The information contained in this application note is given as a hint for the implementation of the product only and shall in no event be regarded as a description or warranty of a certain functionality, condition or quality of the product. Before implementation of the product, the recipient of this application note must verify any function and other technical information given herein in the real application. Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind (including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party) with respect to any and all information given in this application note.

The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer's technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

For further information on the product, technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office (**www.infineon.com**).

WARNINGS

Due to technical requirements products may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office.

Except as otherwise explicitly approved by Infineon Technologies in a written document signed by authorized representatives of Infineon Technologies, Infineon Technologies' products may not be used in any applications where a failure of the product or any consequences of the use thereof can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury.