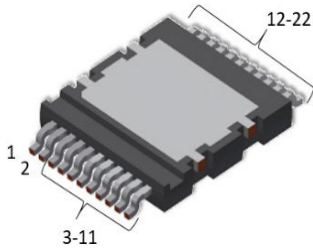


最终数据表

英飞凌CoolSiC™ 汽车 MOSFET 1200 V，采用 HDSOP-22-3 封装

特性

- $T_{vj} = -55...175^{\circ}\text{C}$ 时 $V_{DSS} = 1200\text{ V}$
- $T_c = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 时 $I_{DDC} = 18.6\text{ A}$
- $R_{DS(on)} = 160\text{ m}\Omega$ ($V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}$ 、 $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 时)
- 新的性能优化芯片技术 (Gen1p)，改善了 $R_{DS(on)}$ * A
- 业界领先的开关能量特性，可降低开关损耗并减少冷却需求
- 最低的器件电容值，可实现更高的开关速度和更高的功率密度
- 低 C_{rss}/C_{iss} 电容比值和高 $V_{GS(th)}$ 的组合，可避免寄生导通并实现单极性栅极驱动
- 提高了建议开启电压 ($V_{GS(on)} = 20\text{ V}$) 以降低 $R_{DS(on)}$
- 降低了总栅极电荷 Q_G ，可降低驱动功率和损耗
- .XT 芯片粘接技术，实现业界领先的热性能
- 低封装杂散电感，可实现更快、更干净的开关动作
- 带有开尔文 (Kelvin) 源极引脚，实现更好的栅极控制并降低开关损耗
- 爬电距离 > 4.75 毫米接头 $V_{rms}(\text{最大值}) > 950\text{ V}$ ，基于 IEC60664 材料组 I、污染等级 2
- SMT 封装，便于自动化装配并降低系统成本
- 低等级 $R_{\theta JA}$ 侧冷却封装，可实现最佳热性能和功率密度



潜在应用

- 车载充电器
- 直流/直流转换器

产品验证

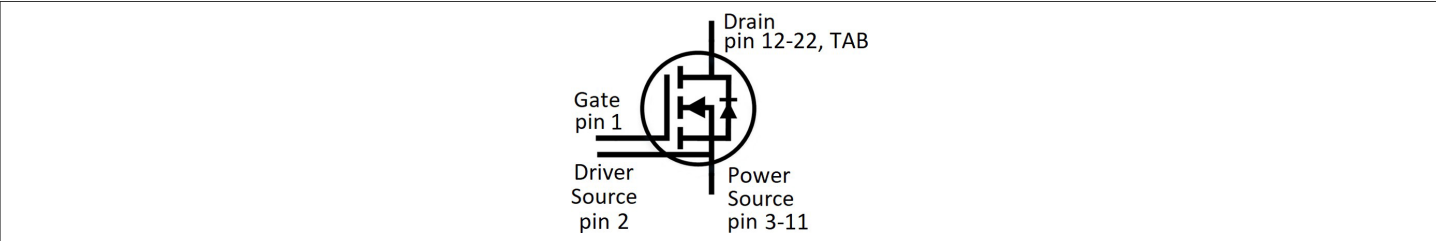
- 适合汽车应用。根据 AEC-Q100/101 进行产品验证

描述

引脚定义：

- Pin 1 - 栅极
- 引脚 2 - 驱动源
- 引脚 3...11 - 乘方 来源
- 引脚 12...22, TAB - 漏极

注意：源极引脚和检测引脚不可互换，互换可能会导致故障



Type	Package	Marking
AIMCQ120R160M1T	PG-HDSOP-22-3	12A160M1

本数据手册的原文使用英文撰写。为方便起见，英飞凌提供了译文；由于翻译过程中可能使用了自动化工具，英飞凌不保证译文的准确性。为确认准确性，请务必访问 infineon.com 参考最新的英文版本（控制文档）。



目录

	说明	1
	特征	1
	潜在应用	1
	产品 验证	1
	目录	2
1	封装	3
2	MOSFET	3
3	体 二极管 (MOSFET)	5
4	特征 图	7
5	封装 外形	13
6	测试条件	14
	修订记录	15
	免责声明	16



1 封装

1 封装

表1 特征值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-55		150	°C
Soldering temperature	T_{sold}				260	°C
MOSFET/body diode thermal resistance, junction-case ¹⁾	$R_{\text{th(j-c)}}$			0.92	1.2	K/W

1) 无需经过生产测试 - 经过设计/特性验证

2 MOSFET

表2 最大额定值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values	Unit
Drain-source voltage ¹⁾	V_{DSS}	$T_{\text{vj}} = -55 \dots 175 \text{ °C}$		1200	V
Continuous DC drain current for $R_{\text{th(j-c,max)}}$, limited by $T_{\text{vj(max)}}$ ²⁾	I_{DDC}	$V_{\text{GS}} = 20 \text{ V}$	$T_{\text{c}} = 25 \text{ °C}$	18.6	A
			$T_{\text{c}} = 100 \text{ °C}$	13	
Peak drain current, t_{p} limited by $T_{\text{vj(max)}}$ ²⁾	I_{DM}	$V_{\text{GS}} = 20 \text{ V}$		47	A
Gate-source voltage, max. transient voltage ³⁾	V_{GS}	$t_{\text{p}} \leq 0.5 \text{ }\mu\text{s}, D < 0.01$		-10/25	V
Gate-source voltage, max. static voltage ³⁾	V_{GS}			-5/23	V
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	$I_{\text{D}} = 3.6 \text{ A}, V_{\text{DD}} = 50 \text{ V}, L = 10 \text{ mH}$		65	mJ
Power dissipation, limited by $T_{\text{vj(max)}}$	P_{tot}		$T_{\text{c}} = 25 \text{ °C}$	125	W
			$T_{\text{c}} = 100 \text{ °C}$	63	

1) 在 $T_{\text{vj}}=25\text{°C}$ 下进行测试，并通过全温度范围内的设计/特性验证
2) 无需经过生产测试 - 经过设计/特性验证
3) **重要注释：**正负栅极源电压的选择会影响器件的长期行为。为了确保器件在计划使用寿命内的正常运行，必须考虑应用说明AN2018-09中描述的设计指南。

表 3 建议值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values	Unit
Recommended turn-on gate voltage	$V_{\text{GS(on)}}$		20	V
Recommended turn-off gate voltage	$V_{\text{GS(off)}}$		0	V

表4 特征值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$I_D = 5\text{ A}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$, $V_{GS(on)} = 20\text{ V}$		160	200	mΩ
			$T_{vj} = 100\text{ °C}$, $V_{GS(on)} = 20\text{ V}$		227		
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$, $V_{GS(on)} = 20\text{ V}$		327		
			$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$, $V_{GS(on)} = 18\text{ V}$		173		
Gate-source threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$I_D = 1.5\text{ mA}$, $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ (tested after 1 ms pulse at $V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}$)	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$	3.7	4.4	5.1	V
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$		3.6		
Zero gate-voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 1200\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$		0.1	4.5	μA
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$		10		
Gate leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	$V_{GS} = 25\text{ V}$			100	nA
			$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$			-100	
Forward transconductance	g_{fs}	$I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}$			3.1		S
Short-circuit withstand time ¹⁾	t_{SC}	$V_{DD} \leq 800\text{ V}$, $V_{DS,peak} < 1200\text{ V}$, $T_{vj(start)} = 25\text{ °C}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$	$V_{GS(on)} = 20\text{ V}$		1.5		μs
			$V_{GS(on)} = 18\text{ V}$		2		
			$V_{GS(on)} = 15\text{ V}$		2.5		
Internal gate resistance	$R_{G,int}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{AC} = 25\text{ mV}$			4.8		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $V_{AC} = 25\text{ mV}$			350		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $V_{AC} = 25\text{ mV}$			20		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $V_{AC} = 25\text{ mV}$			1		pF
C_{oss} stored energy	E_{oss}	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $V_{AC} = 25\text{ mV}$			8.1		μJ
Total gate charge	Q_G	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, turn-on pulse			14		nC
Plateau gate charge	$Q_{GS(pl)}$	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, turn-on pulse			4		nC
Gate-to-drain charge	Q_{GD}	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, turn-on pulse			2		nC
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$, $L_\sigma = 13\text{ nH}$, diode: body diode at $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$		6		ns
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$		5.8		

(表格续下页.....)



Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Rise time	t_r	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$, $L_\sigma = 13\text{ nH}$, diode: body diode at $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	3.5		ns
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	4		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$, $L_\sigma = 13\text{ nH}$, diode: body diode at $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	9.5		ns
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	10.3		
Fall time	t_f	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$, $L_\sigma = 13\text{ nH}$, diode: body diode at $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	20.4		ns
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	22.1		
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$, $L_\sigma = 13\text{ nH}$, diode: body diode at $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	44.3		μJ
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	53		
Turn-off energy	E_{off}	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$, $L_\sigma = 13\text{ nH}$, diode: body diode at $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	22		μJ
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	25		
Total switching energy	E_{tot}	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$, $L_\sigma = 13\text{ nH}$, diode: body diode at $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	66.3		μJ
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	78		
Virtual junction temperature	T_{vj}		-55		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

1) 无需经过生产测试 - 经过设计/特性验证

注释：特征参数在 $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 下测定，除非另有说明。

3 体二极管 (MOSFET)

表5 最大额定值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition	Values	Unit
Drain-source voltage ¹⁾	V_{DSS}	$T_{vj} = -55...175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1200	V
Continuous reverse drain current for $R_{th(j-c,max)}$, limited by $T_{vj(max)}$ ²⁾	I_{SDC}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_c = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	A
			$T_c = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	
Peak reverse drain current, t_p limited by $T_{vj(max)}$ ²⁾	I_{SM}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	10.8	A

1) 在 $T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$ 下进行测试，并通过全温度范围内的设计/特性验证

2) 无需经过生产测试 - 经过设计/特性验证



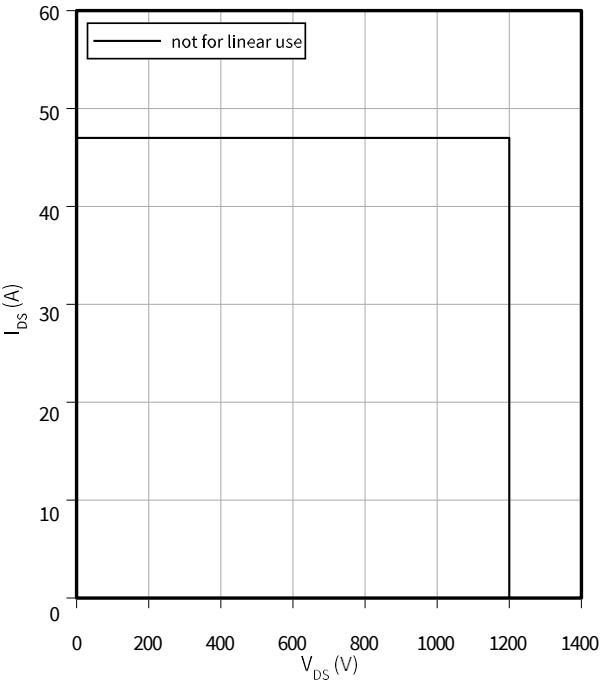
表6 特征值

Parameter	Symbol	Note or test condition		Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Drain-source reverse voltage	V_{SD}	$I_{SD} = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$		3.9	5	V
			$T_{vj} = 100\text{ °C}$		3.8		
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$		3.7		
MOSFET forward recovery charge	Q_{fr}	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_{SD} = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $-di_{SD}/dt = 1000\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$, Q_{fr} includes also Q_c	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$		101		nC
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$		122		
MOSFET peak forward recovery current	I_{frm}	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_{SD} = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $-di_{SD}/dt = 1000\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$, Q_{fr} includes also Q_c	$T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$		6.6		A
			$T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$		9		
Virtual junction temperature	T_{vj}			-55		175	°C

4 特性图

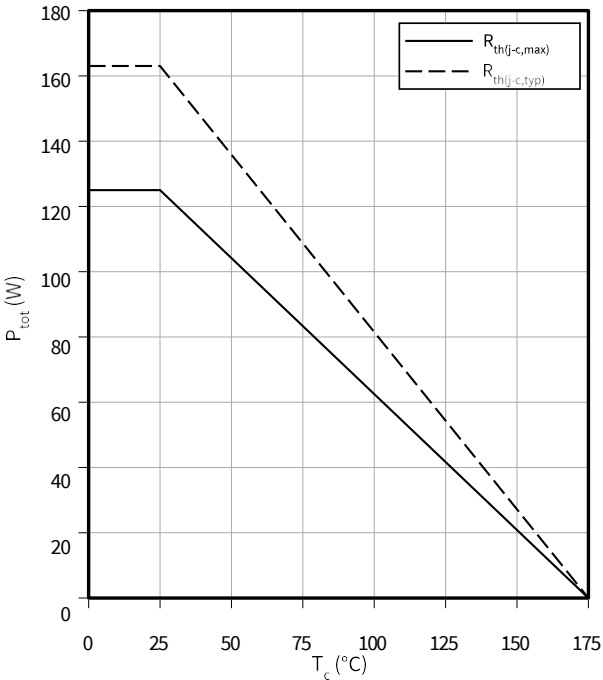
Reverse bias safe operating area (RBSOA)

$I_{DS} = f(V_{DS})$
 $T_{vj} \leq 175\text{ °C}$, $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $T_c = 25\text{ °C}$



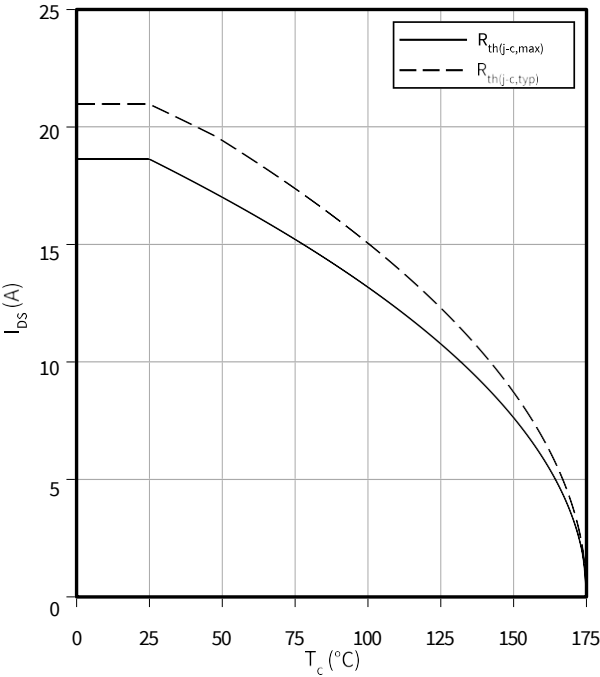
Power dissipation as a function of case temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_c)$
 $T_{vj} \leq 175\text{ °C}$



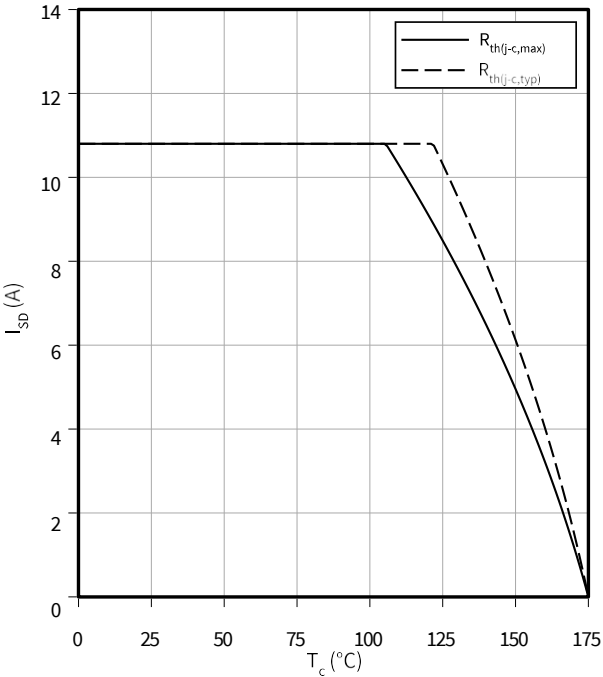
Maximum DC drain to source current as a function of case temperature limited by bond wire

$I_{DS} = f(T_c)$



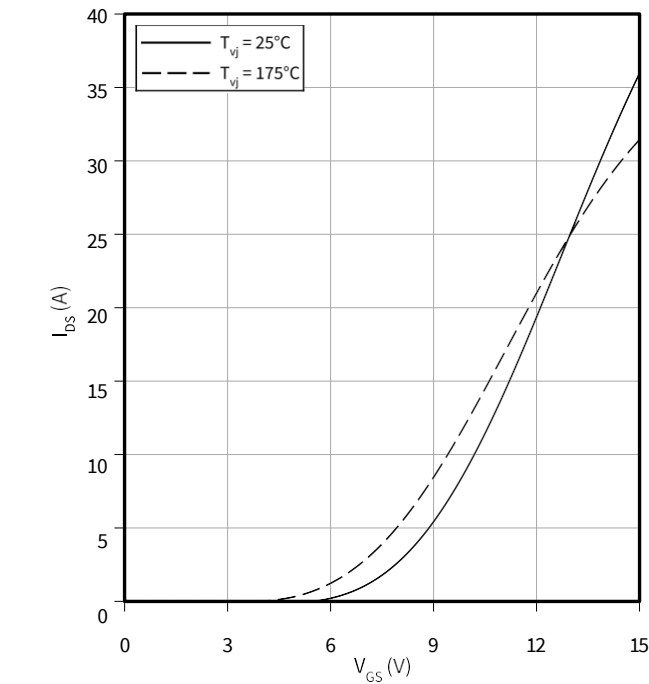
Maximum source to drain current as a function of case temperature

$I_{SD} = f(T_c)$
 $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$



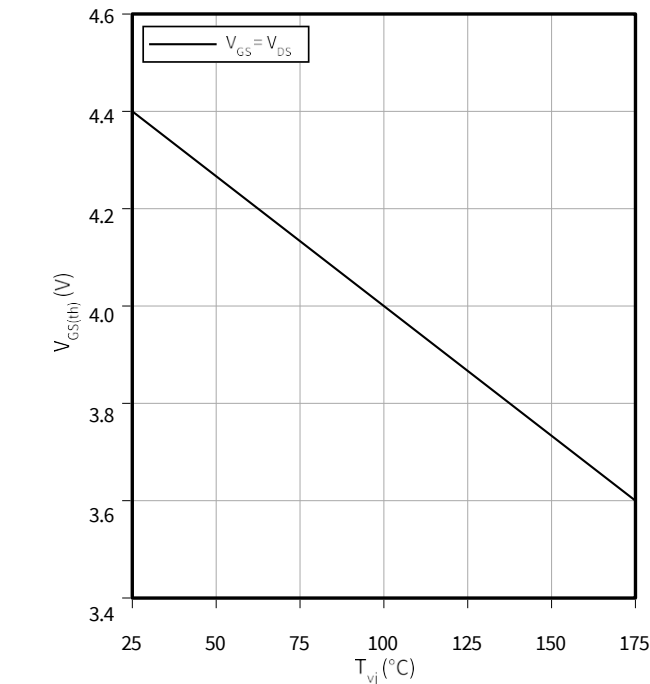
Typical transfer characteristic

$I_{DS} = f(V_{GS})$
 $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}$, $t_p = 20\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



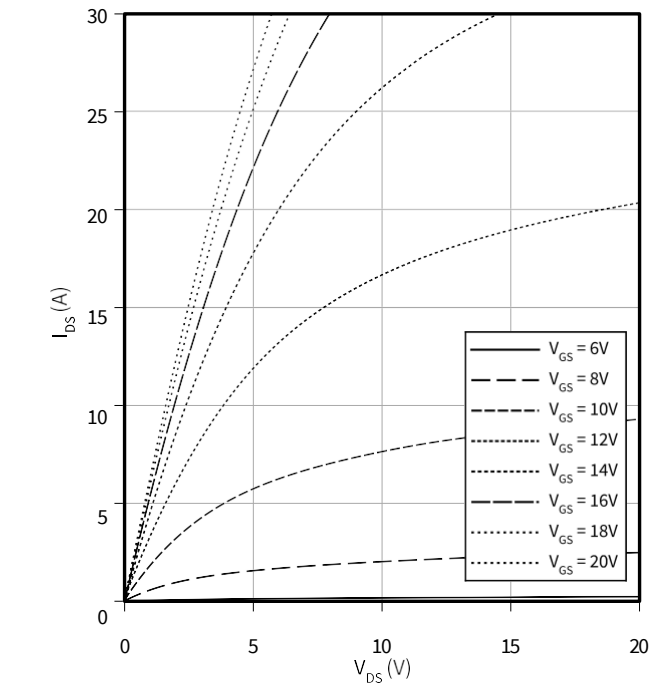
Typical gate-source threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

$V_{GS(th)} = f(T_{vj})$
 $I_D = 1.5\text{ mA}$



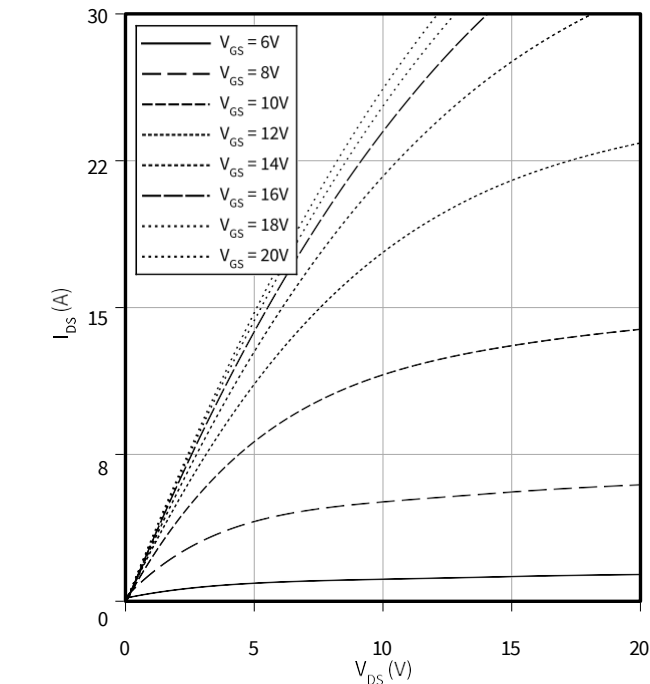
Typical output characteristic, V_{GS} as parameter

$I_{DS} = f(V_{DS})$
 $T_{vj} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $t_p = 20\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



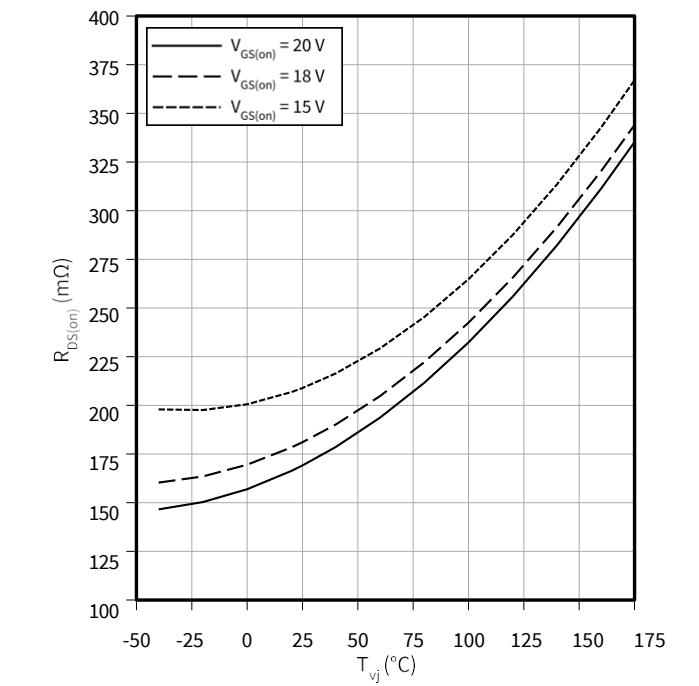
Typical output characteristic, V_{GS} as parameter

$I_{DS} = f(V_{DS})$
 $T_{vj} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $t_p = 20\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



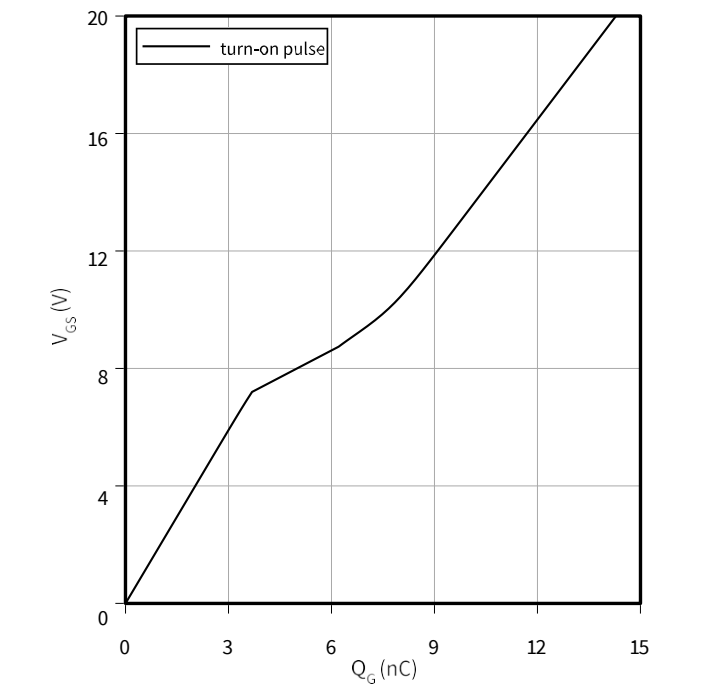
Typical on-state resistance as a function of junction temperature

$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_{vj})$
 $I_D = 5\text{ A}$



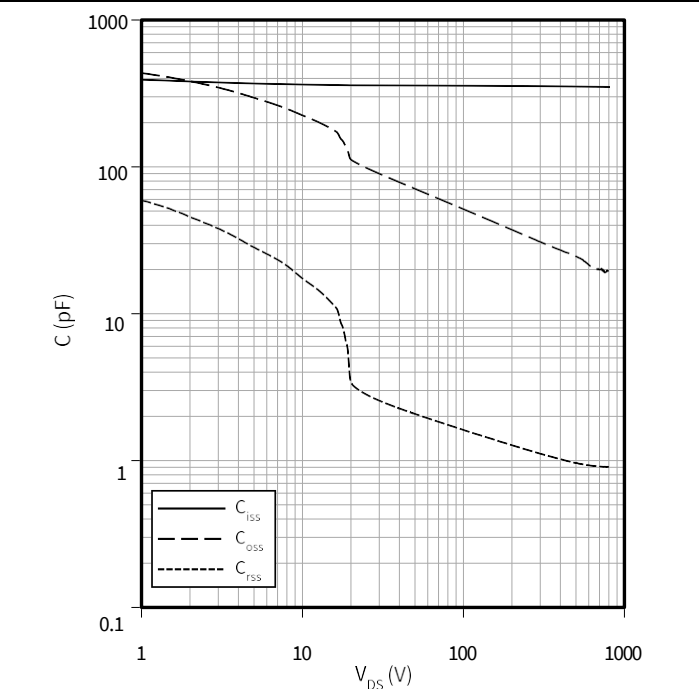
Typical gate charge

$V_{GS} = f(Q_G)$
 $I_D = 5\text{ A}, V_{DS} = 800\text{ V}$



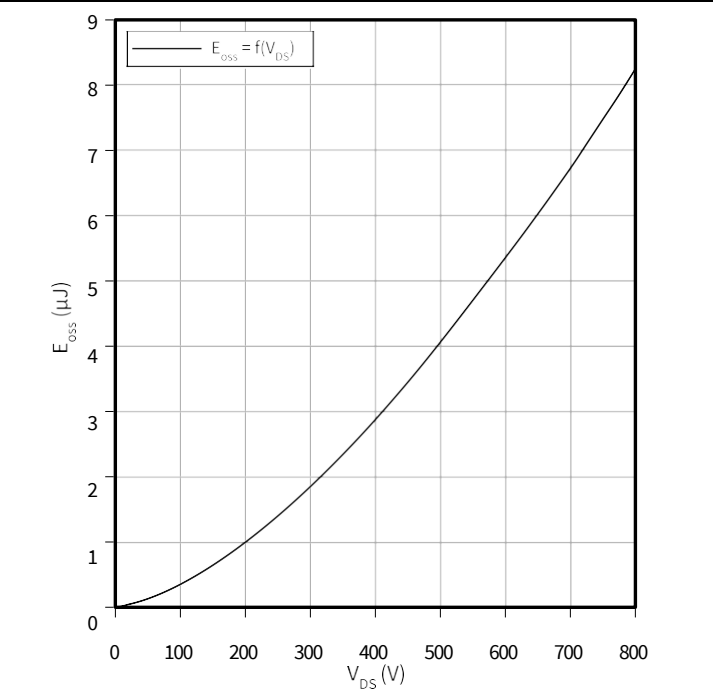
Typical capacitance as a function of drain-source voltage

$C = f(V_{DS})$
 $f = 100\text{ kHz}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$



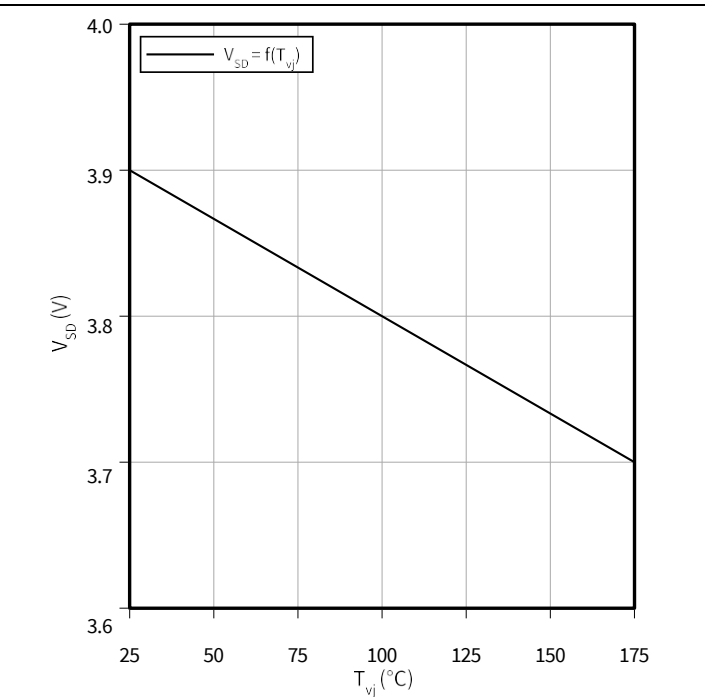
Typical C_{oss} stored energy

$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$
 $f = 100\text{ kHz}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$



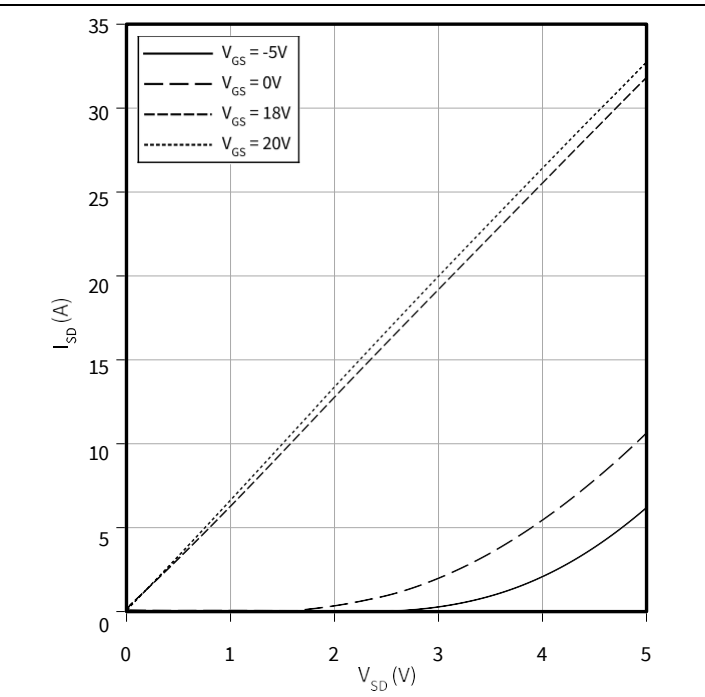
Typical reverse drain voltage as function of junction temperature

$V_{SD} = f(T_{vj})$
 $I_{SD} = 5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$



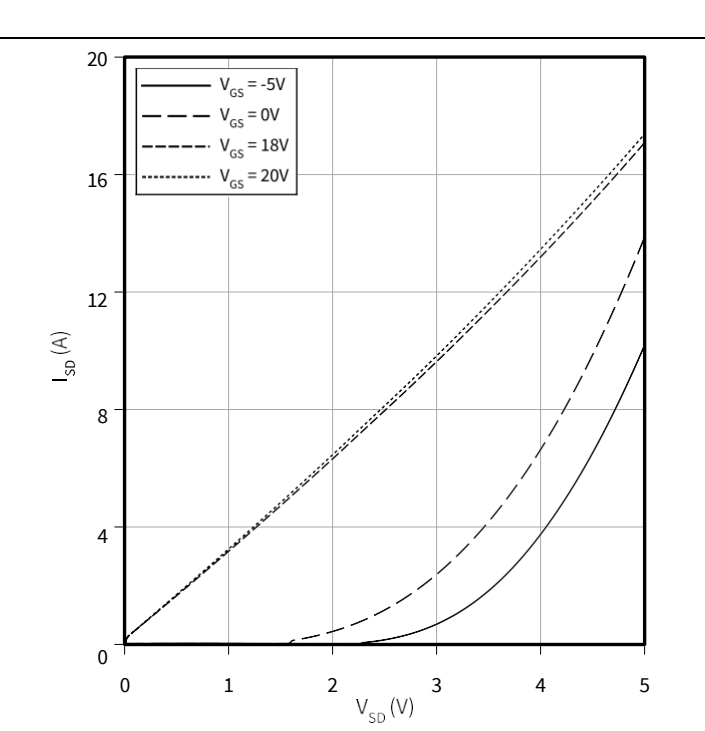
Typical reverse drain current as function of reverse drain voltage, V_{GS} as parameter

$I_{SD} = f(V_{SD})$
 $T_{vj} = 25\text{ °C}$, $t_p = 20\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



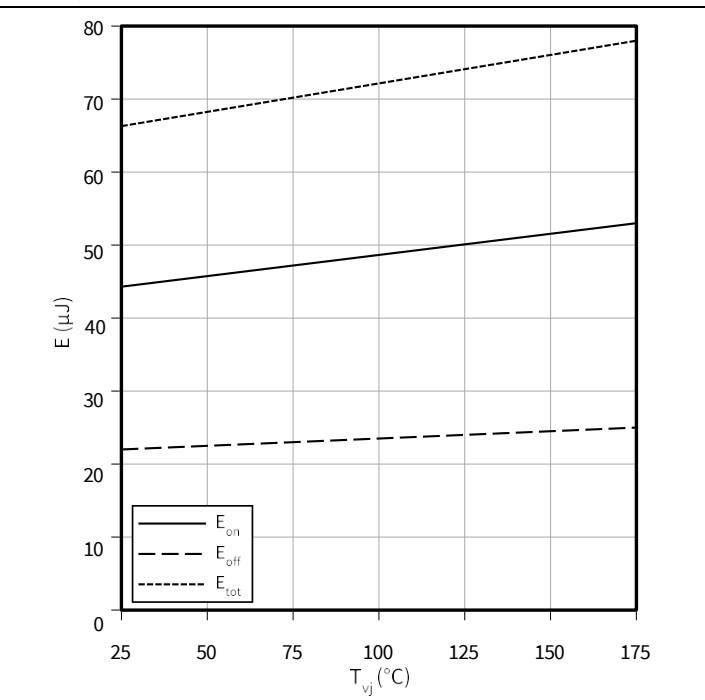
Typical reverse drain current as function of reverse drain voltage, V_{GS} as parameter

$I_{SD} = f(V_{SD})$
 $T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$, $t_p = 20\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



Typical switching energy as a function of junction temperature, test circuit in Fig. F, 2nd device own body diode: $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$

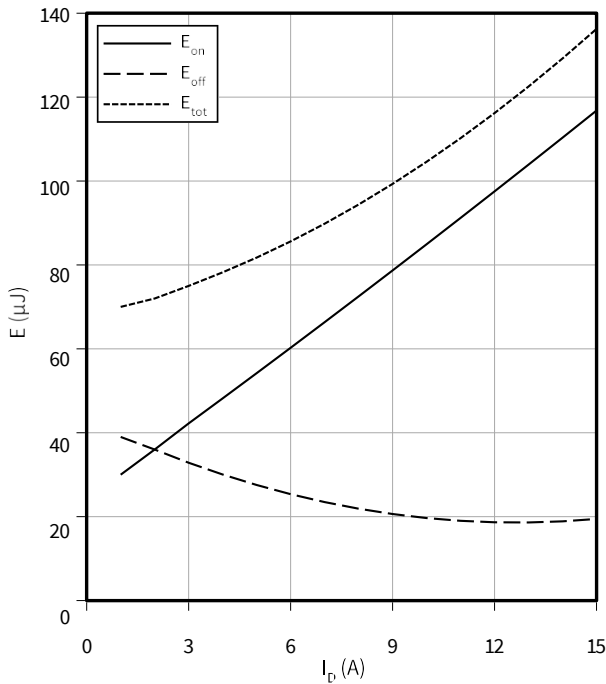
$E = f(T_{vj})$
 $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$, $V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$



Typical switching energy as a function of drain current, test circuit in Fig. F, 2nd device own body diode: $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$

$E = f(I_D)$

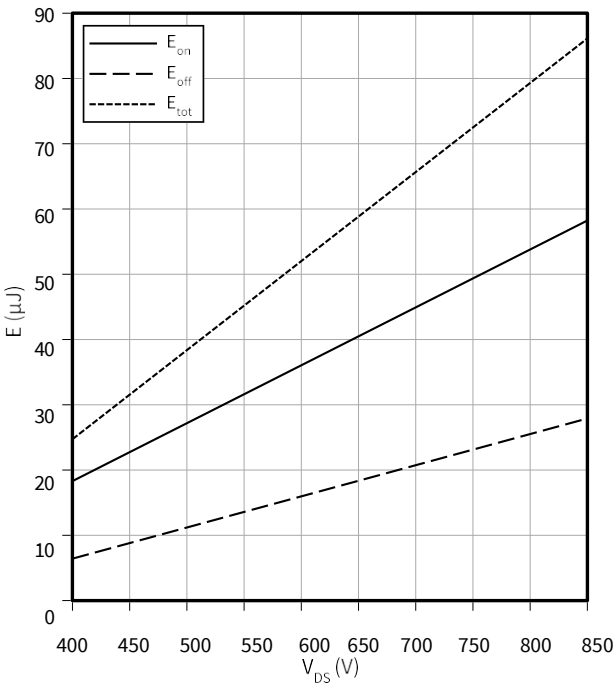
$V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$, $V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$



Typical switching energy as a function of drain voltage, test circuit in Fig. F, 2nd device own body diode: $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$

$E = f(V_{DS})$

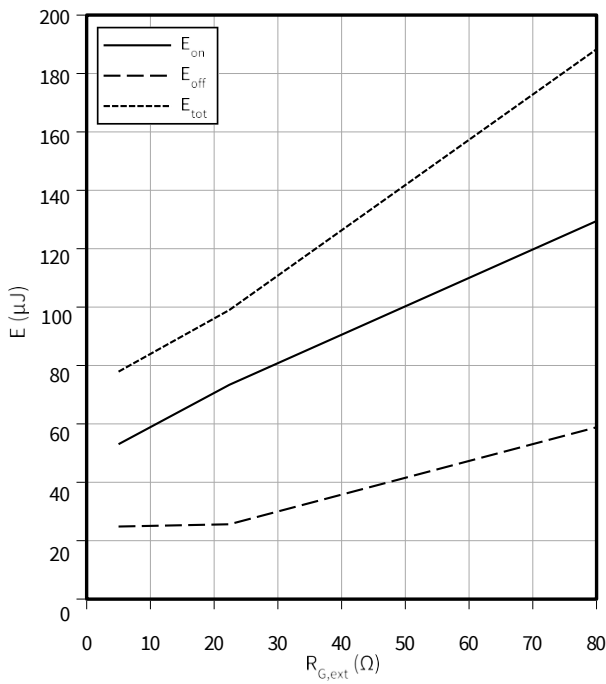
$V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$, $R_{G,ext} = 5\text{ }\Omega$



Typical switching energy as a function of gate resistance, test circuit in Fig. F, 2nd device own body diode: $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$

$E = f(R_{G,ext})$

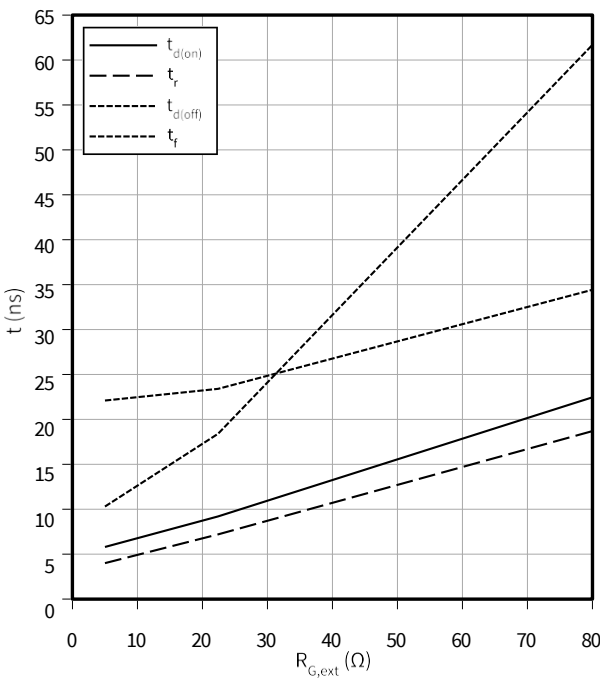
$V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$, $V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$



Typical switching times as a function of gate resistance

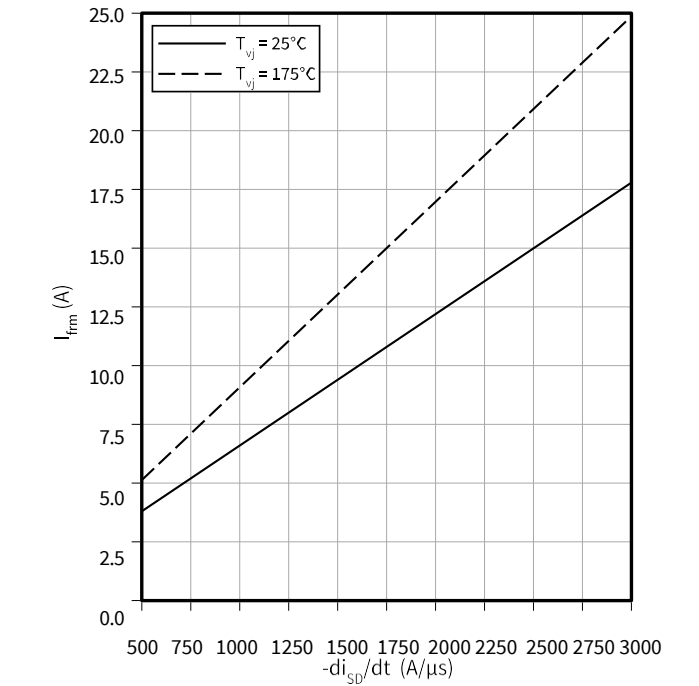
$t = f(R_{G,ext})$

$V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}$, $I_D = 5\text{ A}$, $T_{vj} = 175\text{ °C}$, $V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$



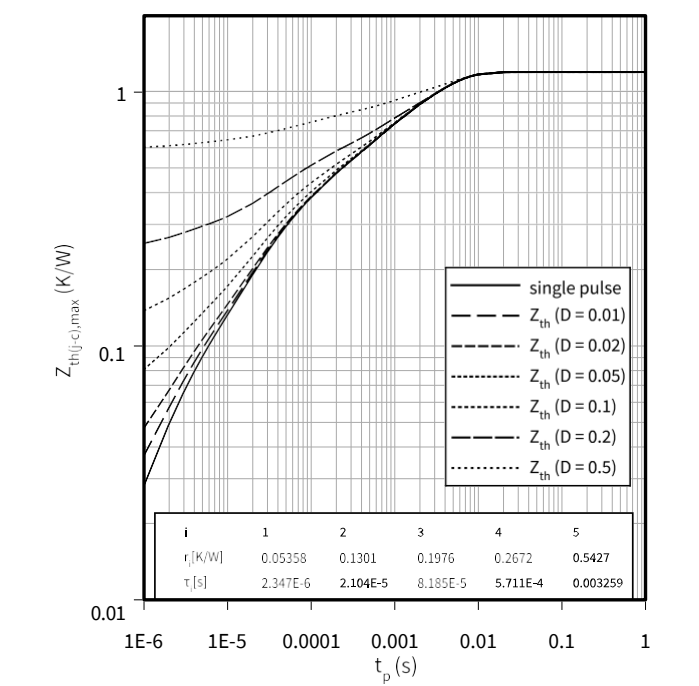
Typical MOSFET peak forward recovery current as a function of reverse drain current slope

$I_{frm} = f(-di_{SD}/dt)$
 $V_{GS} = 0/20\text{ V}, I_{SD} = 5\text{ A}, V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$



Max. transient thermal impedance (MOSFET/diode)

$Z_{th(j-c),max} = f(t_p)$
 $D = t_p/T$



			DIMENSIONS	MILLIMETERS	
				MIN.	MAX.
PACKAGE - GROUP NUMBER: PG-HDSOP-22-U03			E3	0.625	
			E4	0.45	
DIMENSIONS	MILLIMETERS		E5	0.95	
	MIN.	MAX.	E6	2.53	
A	2.25	2.35	E7	2.40	
A1	0.00	0.15	E8	0.90	
A2	0.90		E9	0.75	
A3	0.50		e	1.14	
b	0.50	0.70	e1	11.4	
b1	---	0.15	L	1.30	
c	0.46	0.58	M	0.60	
D	14.90	15.10	N	22	
D1	12.00		O	0°	8°
D2	13.20		P	0.90	
E	20.81	21.11	Q	1.60	
E1	15.30	15.50	R	1.70	
E2	9.83		S	0.631	

DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE
MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION OR
GATE BURRS

6 测试条件

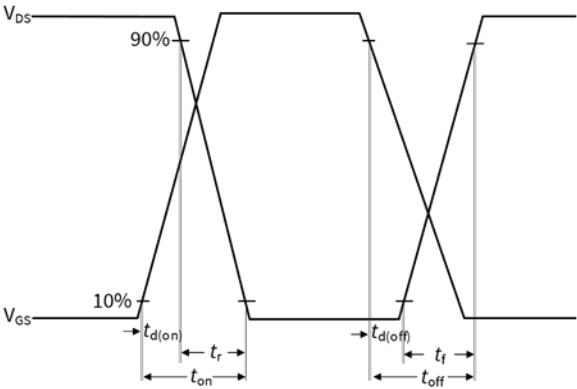


Figure A. Definition of switching times

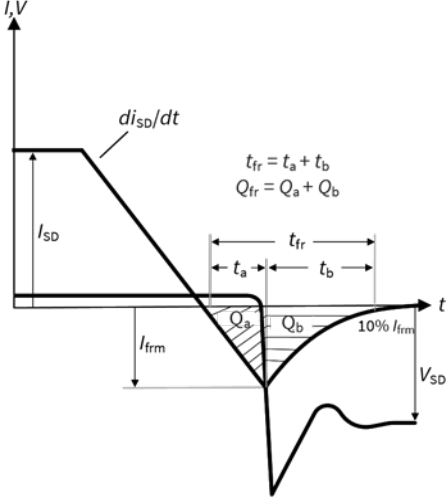


Figure B. Definition of body diode switching characteristics

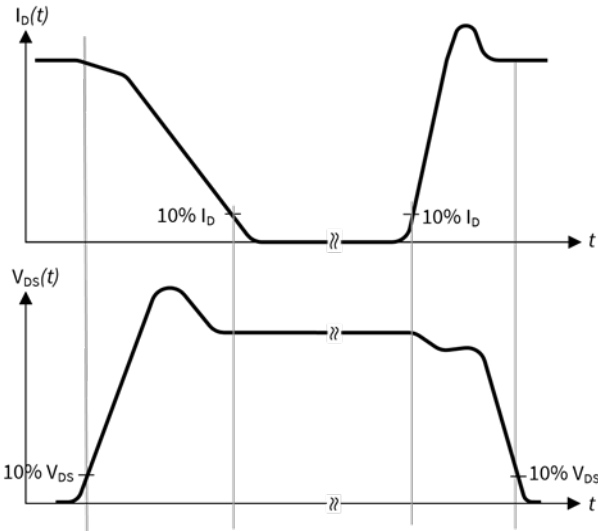


Figure C. Definition of switching losses

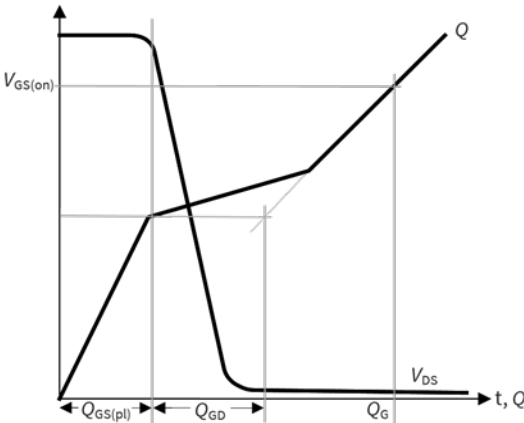


Figure D. Definition of QGD

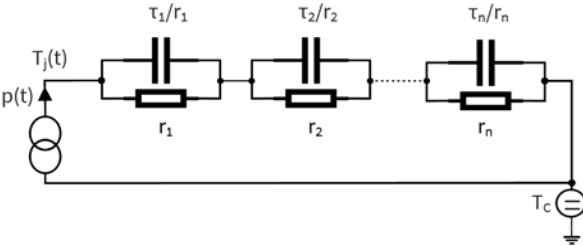


Figure E. Thermal equivalent circuit

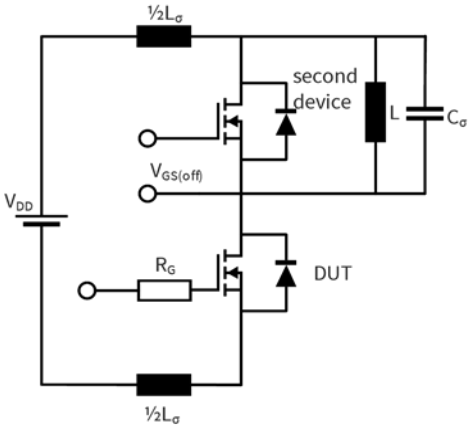


Figure F. Dynamic test circuit

Parasitic inductance L_{σ} ,
Parasitic capacitor C_{σ} ,



修订记录

修订记录

Document revision	Date of release	Description of changes
0.10	2023-01-17	Target datasheet
0.20	2024-07-01	Preliminary datasheet
1.00	2024-07-22	Final datasheet



免责声明

请注意，本文件的原文使用英文撰写，为方便客户浏览英飞凌提供了中文译文。该中文译文仅供参考，并不可作为任何论点之依据。

由于翻译过程中可能使用了自动化程序，以及语言翻译和转换过程中的差异，最后的中文译文与英文版本原文含义可能存在不尽相同之处。

因此，我们同时提供该中文译文版本的英文原文供您阅读，请参见 <http://www.infineon.com>

英文原文和中文译文版本之间若存有任何歧异，以英文版本为准，并且仅认可英文版本为正式文件。

您如果使用本文件，即表示您同意并理解上述说明。英飞凌不对因翻译过程中可能存在的任何不完整或不准确信息而产生的任何直接或间接损失或损害负责。英飞凌不承担中文译文版本的完整性和准确性责任。如果您不同意上述说明，请不要使用本文件。

Trademarks

All referenced product or service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Edition 2025-03-11

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG

81726 Munich, Germany

© 2025 Infineon Technologies AG.

All Rights Reserved.

Do you have a question about this document?

Email:

erratum@infineon.com

重要提示

本文件所提供的任何信息绝不应被视为针对任何条件或者品质而做出的保证（质量保证）。英飞凌对于本文件中所提及的任何事例、提示或者任何特定数值及/或任何关于产品应用方面的信息均在此明确声明其不承担任何保证或者责任，包括但不限于其不侵犯任何第三方知识产权的保证均在此排除。此外，本文件所提供的任何信息均取决于客户履行本文件所载明的义务和客户遵守适用于客户产品以及与客户对于英飞凌产品的应用所相关的任何法律要求、规范和标准。

本文件所含的数据仅供经过专业技术培训的人员使用。客户自身的技术部门有义务对于产品是否适宜于其预期的应用和针对该等应用而言本文件中所提供的信息是否充分自行予以评估。

警告事项

由于技术所需产品可能含有危险物质。如需了解该等物质的类型，请向离您最近的英飞凌科技办公室接洽。

除非由经英飞凌科技授权代表签署的书面文件中做出另行明确批准的情况外，英飞凌科技的产品不应当被用于任何一项一旦产品失效或者产品使用的后果可被合理地预料到可能导致人身伤害的任何应用领域。