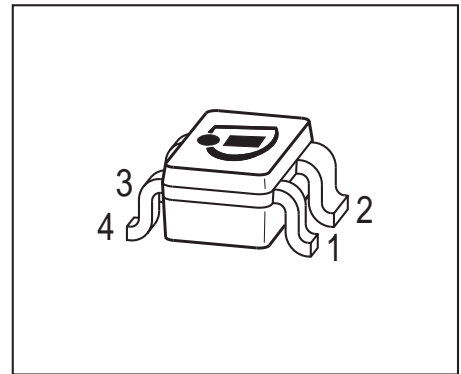


LED Driver

Features

- LED drive current of 10mA
- Output current adjustable up to 60mA with external resistor
- Supply voltage up to 18V
- Easy paralleling of drivers to increase current
- Low voltage overhead of 1.2V
- High current accuracy at supply voltage variation
- No EMI
- Reduced output current at higher temperatures - negative thermal coefficient of $-0.3\% / K$
- RoHS compliant (pb-free) small SOT343 package
- Qualified according AEC Q101



Applications

- Channel letters for advertising, LED strips for decorative lighting
- Aircraft, train, ship illumination
- Retrofits for general lighting, white goods like refrigerator lighting
- Medical lighting

General Description

The BCR401W is a cost efficient LED driver to drive low power LED's. The advantages towards resistor biasing are:

- homogenous light output despite varying forward voltages in different LED strings
- homogenous light output of LED's despite voltage drop across long supply lines
- homogenous light output independent from supply voltage variations
- longer lifetime of the LED's due to reduced output current at higher temperatures (negative thermal coefficient)

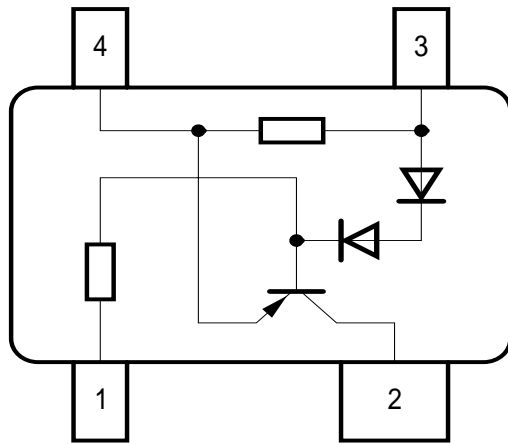
The advantages towards discrete solutions are:

- lower assembly cost
- smaller form factor
- better quality due to less soldering points
- higher output current accuracy due to pretested LED drivers

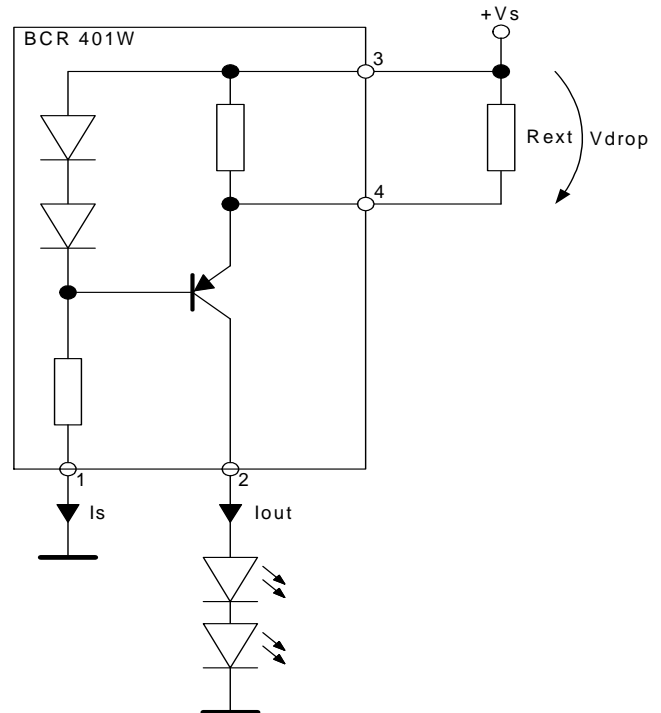
Dimming is possible by using an external digital transistor at the ground pin.

The BCR401W can be operated at higher supply voltages by putting LED's between the power supply +VS and the power supply pin of the LED driver. You can find further details in the application note AN182.

The BCR401W is a perfect fit for numerous low power LED applications by combining small form factor with low cost. These LED drivers offer several advantages to resistors like significantly higher current control at very low voltage drop ensuring high lifetime of LED's.

Pin Configuration


EHA07188

Typical Application


Type	Marking	Pin Configuration				Package
BCR401W	W5s	1 = GND	2 = I_{out}	3 = V_S	4 = R_{ext}	SOT343

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply voltage	V_S	18	V
Output current	I_{out}	60	mA
Output voltage	V_{out}	16	V
Reverse voltage between all terminals	V_R	0.5	
Total power dissipation, $T_S \leq 95\text{ °C}$	P_{tot}	500	mW
Junction temperature	T_j	150	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 ... 150	

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point ¹⁾	R_{thJS}	110	K/W

¹⁾For calculation of R_{thJA} please refer to Application Note Thermal Resistance

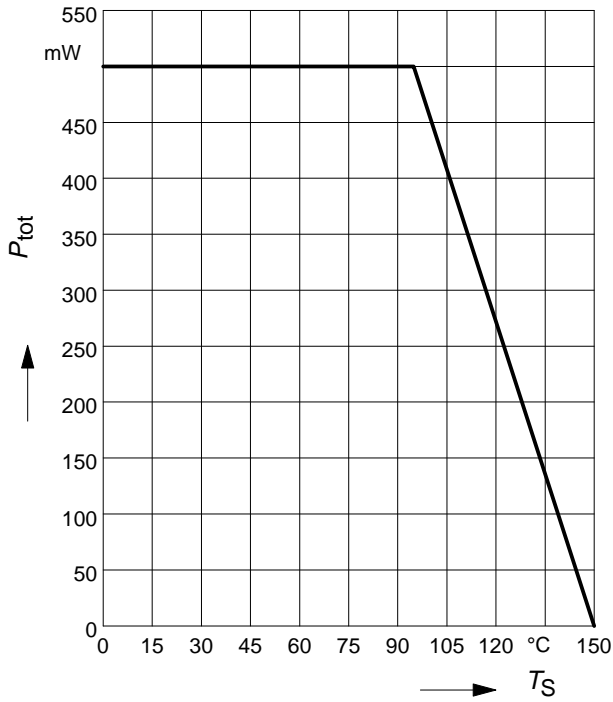
Electrical Characteristics at $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Characteristics					
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$, $I_B = 0$	$V_{BR(CEO)}$	18	-	-	-
Supply current $V_S = 10 \text{ V}$	I_S	350	440	540	μA
DC current gain $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	-	150	-	-
Internal resistor $I_{Rint} = 10 \text{ mA}$	R_{int}	66	79	94	Ω
Output current $V_S = 10 \text{ V}$, $V_{out} = 7.6 \text{ V}$	I_{out}	9	10	11	mA
Voltage drop ($V_S - V_E$) $I_{out} = 20 \text{ mA}$	V_{drop}	-	0.79	-	V

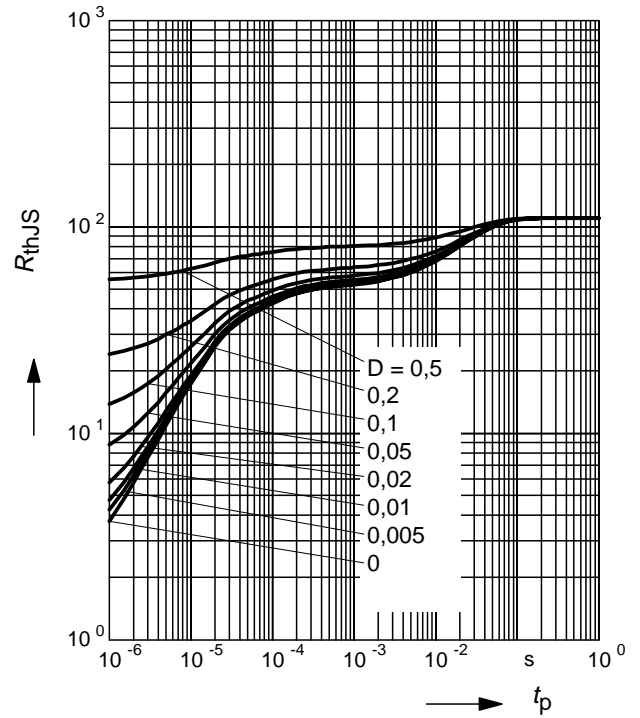
DC Characteristics with stabilized LED load

Lowest sufficient supply voltage overhead $I_{out} > 8\text{mA}$	V_{Smin}	-	1.2	-	V
Output current change versus T_A $V_S = 10 \text{ V}$	$\Delta I_{out}/I_{out}$	-	-0.3	-	$\%/K$
Output current change versus V_S $V_S = 10 \text{ V}$	$\Delta I_{out}/I_{out}$	-	2	-	$\%/V$

Total power dissipation $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$

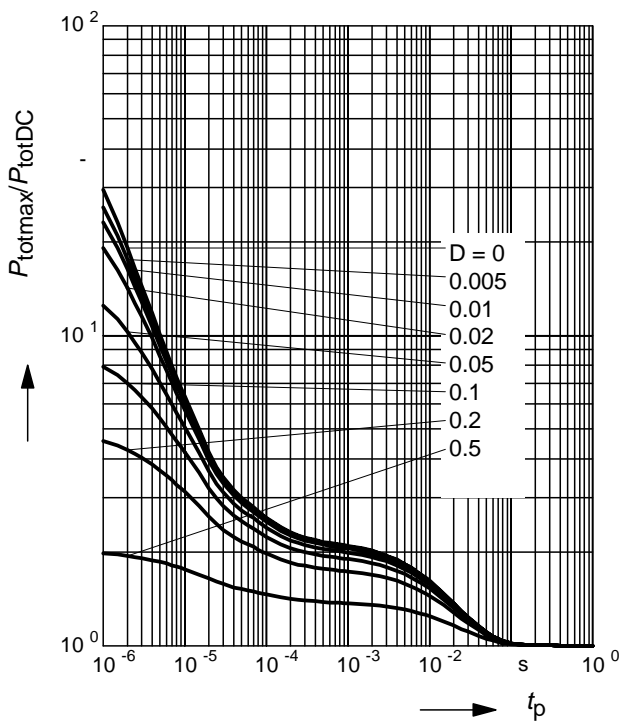


Permissible Pulse Load $R_{thJS} = f(t_p)$



Permissible Pulse Load

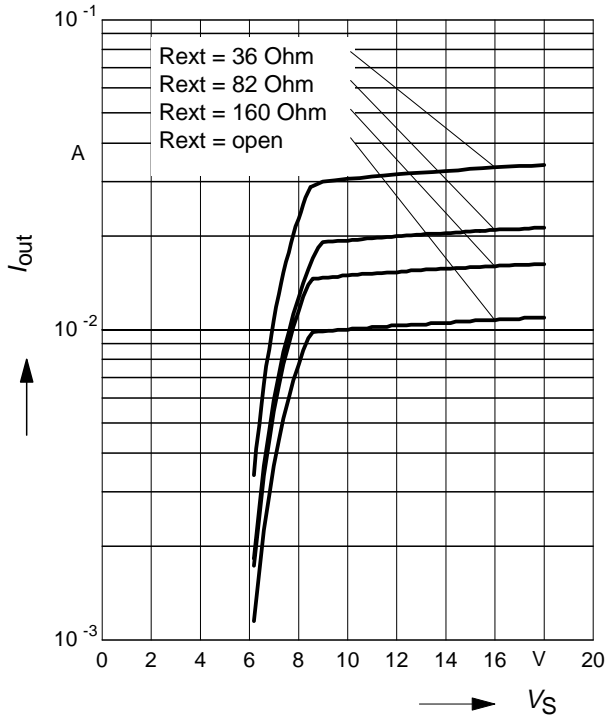
$P_{totmax} / P_{totDC} = f(t_p)$



Output current versus supply voltage

$I_{out} = f(V_S); R_{ext} = \text{Parameter}$

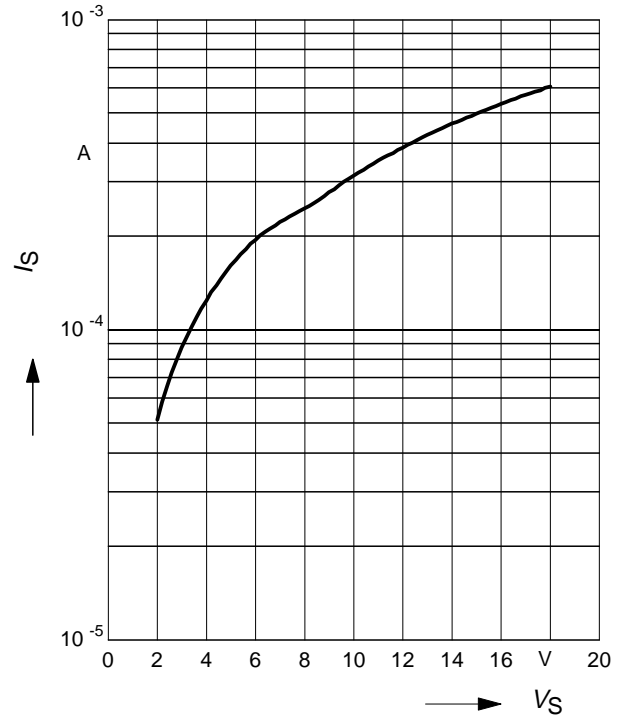
Load: two LEDs with $V_F = 3.8V$ in series



Supply current versus supply voltage

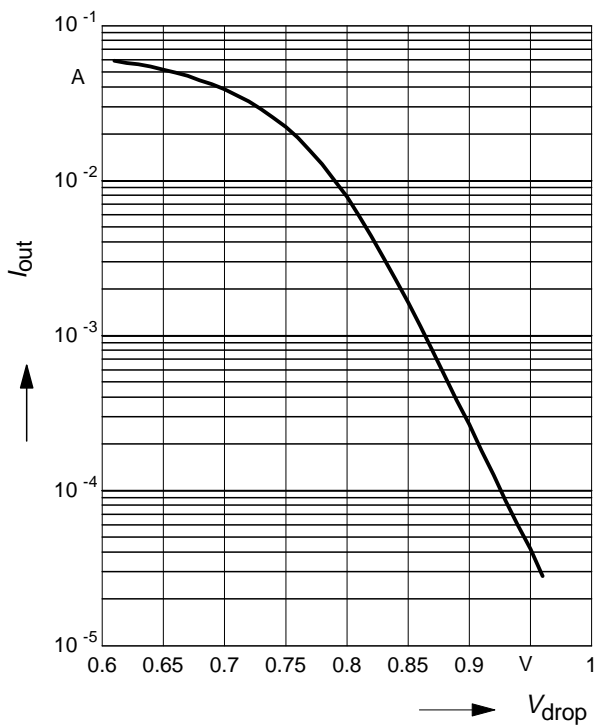
$I_S = f(V_S)$

Load: two LEDs with $V_F = 3.8V$ in series

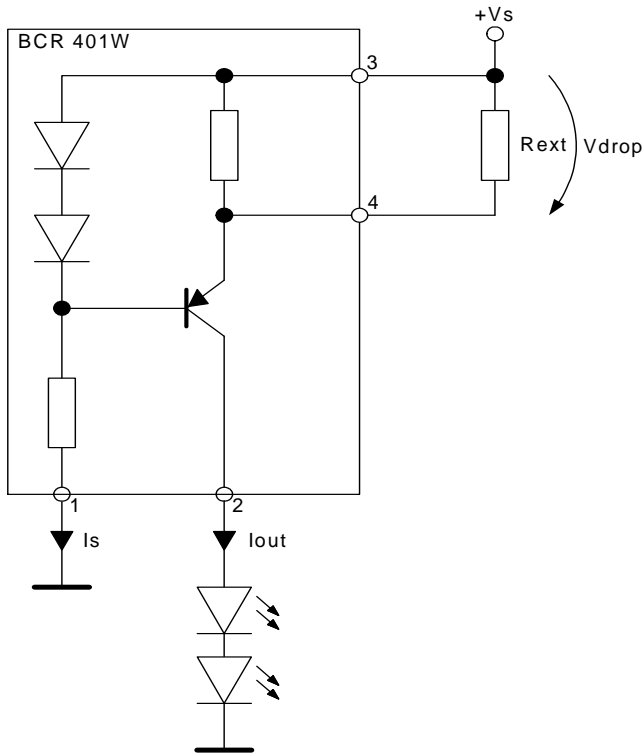


Output current versus reference voltage

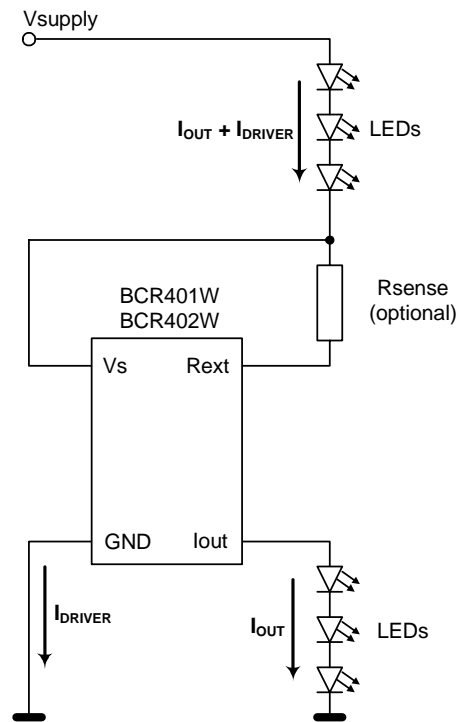
$I_{out} = f(V_{DROP}); V_S = 10V; V_{out} = 7.6V$



Standard Application Circuit:



Application Circuit:
supply voltages >18V



Application hints

BCR401W serves as an easy to use constant current source for LEDs. In stand alone application an external resistor can be connected to adjust the current from 10 mA to 60 mA. Rext can be determined by using the diagram 'Output current versus external resistor', or by referring to diagram 'Output current versus reference voltage'. Look for your desired output current on the y axis and read out the corresponding Vdrop. Calculate Rext:

$$R_{ext} = \frac{V_{drop}}{I_{out} - (V_{drop}/R_{int})}$$

Please take into account that the resulting output currents will be slightly lower due to the self heating of the component and the negative thermal coefficient.

Please visit our web site for application notes: www.infineon.com/lowcostleddriver

- AN077 gives hints to thermal design
- AN182 provides a guideline for replacing resistor biasing with BCR401W / BCR402W constant current sources in 12 & 24V striplight applications

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